



MEETING: PLANNING COMMITTEE

DATE: 15 September 2010

TIME: 6.30 pm

VENUE: Crosby Civic Hall, Crosby Road North, Waterloo, L22 0LQ

| Member                              | Substitute                 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Councillor                          | Councillor                 |
| Cllr Paul Tweed (Chair)             | Cllr Owen Brady            |
| Cllr James Mahon (Vice-Chair)       | Cllr Gordon Friel          |
| Cllr James Byrne                    | Cllr Geoff Howe            |
| Cllr Linda Cluskey                  | Cllr Ms Doreen Kerrigan    |
| Cllr John Dodd                      | Cllr Lord Ronnie Fearn of  |
|                                     | Southport, O.B.E.          |
| Cllr Sean Dorgan                    | Cllr Denise Dutton         |
| Cllr Barry Griffiths (Spokesperson) | Cllr David Pearson         |
| Cllr Ms Carol Gustafson O.B.E.      | Cllr Miss Veronica Webster |
| Cllr Richard Hands                  | Cllr Andrew Tonkiss        |
| Cllr Peter Hough                    | Cllr Simon Shaw            |
| Cllr Anne lbbs                      | Cllr Alf Doran             |
| Cllr Terry Jones                    | Cllr David McIvor          |
| Cllr John Kelly                     | Cllr Robert Brennan        |
| Cllr Carmel Preston (Spokesperson)  | Cllr Andrew Blackburn      |
| Cllr David Sumner                   | Cllr David Rimmer          |

COMMITTEE OFFICER: Olaf Hansen Committee Clerk

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ian.barton@sefton.gov.uk

If you have any special needs that may require arrangements to facilitate your attendance at this meeting, please contact the Committee Officer named above, who will endeavour to assist.

### AGENDA

### 1. Apologies for Absence

### 2. Declarations of Interest

Members and Officers are requested to give notice of any personal or prejudicial interest and the nature of that interest, relating to any item on the agenda in accordance with the relevant Code of Conduct.

| 3. | Minutes of the meeting held on 18 August, 2010  | (Pages 5 - 14)                         |
|----|---|--|
| 4. | Petitioned Applications   | (Pages 15 - 18)                        |
|    | A Application No.S/2010/0350 - Sainsbury's 1-3 Liverpool Road, Crosby   | (Pages 19 - 150)                       |
|    | B Application No.S/2010/0995 - 80 Raven Meols Lane, Formby  | (Pages 151 - 158)                      |
| 5. | Applications for Planning Permission - Approvals  | (Pages 159 - 162)                      |
|    | A Application Nos.S/2010/0855 and 0856 - Land and Premises between Well Lane and Litherland Road adjacent to 25 Well Lane, Bootle | (Pages 163 - 174)                      |
|    | B Application No.S/2010/0926 - 58 Moor Drive, Crosby C Application No.S/2010/0985 - 13 Prestwick Drive, Crosby                    | (Pages 175 - 182)<br>(Pages 183 - 190) |
|    | D Application No.S/2010/1049 - 28 Old Mill Lane,<br>Formby  | (Pages 191 - 198)                      |
|    | E Application No.S/2010/1062 - Ribble Buildings, Lord Street, Southport   | (Pages 199 - 210)                      |
|    | F Application No.S/2010/1074 - Connolly House, 47 Balliol Road, Bootle  | (Pages 211 - 218)                      |
|    | G Application No.S/2010/1144 - 18 Alexandra Road,<br>Waterloo   | (Pages 219 - 224)                      |
| 6. | Further Fordham Research Advice about Housing Matters in Sefton   | (Pages 225 - 242)                      |
|    | Report of the Planning and Economic Development Director  |  |
| 7. | The Green Belt Study  | (Pages 243 - 254)                      |
|    | Report of the Planning and Economic Development Director  |  |
| 8. | Safeguarding Employment Land Supplementary<br>Planning Document - Draft for Public and Stakeholder<br>Consultation                | (Pages 255 - 284)                      |
|    | Report of the Planning and Economic Development Director  |  |

9. Works in Default within Linacre One HMRI Area: 86-90 (Pages 285 - 288) Linacre Road, Litherland

Report of the Planning and Economic Development Director

**10.** Town and Country Planning Act 1990 - Appeals (Pages 289 - 292)

Report of the Planning and Economic Development Director



#### **PLANNING COMMITTEE**

### MEETING HELD AT THE TOWN HALL, BOOTLE ON 18 AUGUST 2010

PRESENT: Councillor Tweed (in the Chair)

Councillor Mahon (Vice-Chair)

Councillors Byrne, L. Cluskey, Dodd, Dorgan, Griffiths, Gustafson, Hands, Hough, Kelly, Pearson,

Preston and Sumner.

Also Present Councillors Barber, McGinnity, Parry and Porter

### 45. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies for absence were received from Councillors Cuthbertson and Doran.

#### 46. COUNCILLOR GLOVER

The Chair referred to the absence of Councillor Glover due to ill health.

#### **RESOLVED:**

That the best wishes of the Committee be extended to Councillor Glover for a speedy recovery.

#### 47. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

The following declarations of interests were received:

| Member                | Item   | Interest   | Action   |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Councillor<br>Preston | Application No.<br>S/2010/1043<br>Ingleside, 9 Sandy<br>Lane, Hightown | Prejudicial –<br>Applicant is a<br>Member of the<br>Liberal<br>Democrats | Left the room,<br>took no part in<br>the discussion<br>and did not<br>vote thereon |
| Councillor<br>Sumner  | Application No.<br>S/2010/1043<br>Ingleside, 9 Sandy<br>Lane, Hightown | Prejudicial –<br>Applicant is a<br>Member of the<br>Liberal<br>Democrats | Left the room,<br>took no part in<br>the discussion<br>and did not<br>vote thereon |
| Councillor<br>Hough   | Application No.<br>S/2010/1043<br>Ingleside, 9 Sandy                   | Prejudicial –<br>Applicant is a<br>Member of the                         | Left the room, took no part in the discussion                                      |

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|                         | Lane, Hightown   | Liberal<br>Democrats  | and did not vote thereon   |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|
| Councillor<br>Hands     | Application No.<br>S/2010/1043<br>Ingleside, 9 Sandy<br>Lane, Hightown                                       | Prejudicial –<br>Applicant is a<br>Member of the<br>Liberal<br>Democrats            | Left the room,<br>took no part in<br>the discussion<br>and did not<br>vote thereon |
| Councillor<br>Dodd      | Application No.<br>S/2010/1043<br>Ingleside, 9 Sandy<br>Lane, Hightown                                       | Prejudicial –<br>Applicant is a<br>Member of the<br>Liberal<br>Democrats            | Left the room,<br>took no part in<br>the discussion<br>and did not<br>vote thereon |
| Councillor<br>Byrne     | Application No.<br>S/2010/1043<br>Ingleside, 9 Sandy<br>Lane, Hightown                                       | Prejudicial –<br>Applicant is a<br>Member of the<br>Liberal<br>Democrats            | Left the room,<br>took no part in<br>the discussion<br>and did not<br>vote thereon |
| Councillor<br>Preston   | Application No.<br>S/2010/0671<br>99 Marshside<br>Road, Southport  | Prejudicial –<br>Knows the<br>applicant   | Left the room,<br>took no part in<br>the discussion<br>and did not<br>vote thereon |
| Councillor<br>Byrne     | Application No.<br>S/2010/0862 –<br>Bartlett House,<br>Parkhaven Trust,<br>Liverpool Road,<br>South, Maghull | Prejudicial – Has<br>previously<br>expressed a<br>view on the<br>application        | Left the room,<br>took no part in<br>the discussion<br>and did not<br>vote thereon |
| Councillor<br>Griffiths | Application No.<br>S/2010/Sainsbury's,<br>1-3 Liverpool Road,<br>Crosby                                      | Personal – Is a<br>Member of<br>Merseytravel<br>Passenger<br>Transport<br>Authority | Stayed in the room, took part in the discussion and voted thereon                  |

### 48. MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 21 JULY 2010

### RESOLVED:

That the Minutes of the meeting held on 21 July 2010 be confirmed as a correct record.

### PLANNING COMMITTEE- WEDNESDAY 18TH AUGUST, 2010

## 49. APPLICATION NO. S/2010/0350 - SAINSBURY'S, 1-3 LIVERPOOL ROAD, CROSBY

The Committee considered the report of the Planning and Economic Development Director recommending that the above application for;

- (1)Redevelopment of land within Crosby district centre comprising the demolition of buildings and erection of retail food store with undercroft parking (Use Class A1) and:
- (2)Full planning permission for erection of 7 small retail units comprising shops (A1); and/or financial and professional services (A2); and/or restaurants and cafes (A3); and/or drinking establishments (A4); and/or takeaway (A5)
- (3) Full planning permission for erection of community use building comprising financial and professional services (A2); and/or business (B1); and/or community uses (D1) with parking to rear.
- (4) Full planning permission for change of use and alteration of existing foodstore to shops (A1); and/or financial and professional services (A2); and/or restaurants and cafes (A3) and/or drinking establishments (A4); and/or takeaway (A5).
- (5) Full planning permission for construction of multi-storey car park to Islington with bus interchange facility and decked car park over existing Allengate car park.
- (6) Full planning permission for new and altered vehicular and pedestrian accesses, including the re-routing of Moor Lane, landscaping of centre, construction of infrastructure and associated facilities together with associated temporary works and structures and associated utilities/services required by the development.

be approved subject to the completion of a Section 106 Agreement detailing provisions for trees, greenspace, public art, highway works and town centre security provision and for the reasons stated in the report and Late Representations.

Prior to consideration of the application, the Chair indicated that two petitions from Ms. Smith and Ms. Aughton had been received after the deadline date and asked all Members of the Committee if they agreed to the two representations being heard.

#### RESOLVED:

The Committee agreed for the two late representations to be heard.

the Committee then recived the following petitions;

1. Ms. Claire Holland (Objecting)

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- 2. Ms. Catherine Caddick (Supporting)
- 3. Mr. Jamie Scott (Objecting)
- 4. Ms. Jacqueline Aughton (Objecting)
- 5. Ms. Janet Smith (Objecting)
- 6. Mr.S. Pitchard (Objecting)

Councillor Papworth, as Ward Councillor, made representations against the proposed development.

A response to all of the petitions of objection was given to the Committee on behalf of the applicant by their agents Mr May and Mr Hargreaves.

#### RESOLVED:

That the application be deferred for one cycle;

- (1) to allow interested parties to further consider all information received within submitted reports, Late Representions, petitions and responses;
- (2) to enable Officers to engage in further talks with the applicant on the aesthetics of the proposed development;
- (3) to enable Officers to engage in further talks with the applicant on safety and highways issues, with particular reference to accessibility to the store for those with mobility difficulties;
- (4) to allow the applicant to reflect on the views expressed by A BetterCrosby.

### 50. APPLICATION NO. S/2010/0801 - 61-63 ALBERT ROAD, SOUTHPORT

The Committee considered the report of the Planning and Economic Development Director recommending that the above application for the erection of a four and a half storey apartment blocks containing 14 dwellings after demolition of the existing detached properties be approved for the reasons stated or referred to in the report and Late Representations.

The Planning and Economic Development Director indicated that due to the change to the Condition 15 detailed within Late Representations 1, both petitions against the application had been withdrawn.

#### **RESOLVED: That**

Subject to the submission and receipt of an acceptable bat and squirrel survey information, the application be approved and the application be granted subject to the conditions and for the reasons stated or referred to in the Report and in Late Representations 1 and subject to the applicant entering into a S106 Agreement as stated in Late Representations 1.

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### 51. APPLICATION NO. S/2010/0907 - PLOT 3, LAND TO REAR OF OAK HEY, LAMBSHEAR LANE, LYDIATE

The Committee considered the report of the Planning and Economic Development Director recommending that the above application for the erection of one detached dormer bungalow together with a detached double garage to the side/rear and access road onto Liverpool Road, Lydiate be approved for the reasons stated or referred to in the report and Late Representations.

Prior to consideration of the application, the Committee received a petition from Mrs.A. Clarke on behalf of the objectors to the application.

Ms.S.Tyldsley indicated that an amended plan and now been received and requested that the application be deferred to allow further consultation.

#### RESOLVED:

That the recommendation be not agreed and the application be refused as the proposed dwelling by reason of its height, design and siting would have an overbearing impact on adjoining dwellings and their associated garden areas and does not respond positively to the character of its surroundings. The proposal is therefore contrary to UDP policies DQ1 and CS3.

### 52. APPLICATION NO. S/2010/0908 - PLOT 2, LAND TO REAR OF OAK HEY, LAMBSHEAR LANE, LYDIATE

The Committee considered the report of the Planning and Economic Development Director recommending that the above application for the erection of one detached dormer bungalow together with a detached double garage to the side/rear and access road onto Liverpool Road, Lydiate be approved for the reasons stated or referred to in the report.

Prior to consideration of the application, the Committee received a petition from Mrs.A. Clarke on behalf of the objectors to the application.

#### **RESOLVED:**

That the recommendation be not agreed and the application be refused as the proposed dwelling by reason of its height, design and siting would have an overbearing impact on adjoining dwellings and their associated garden areas and does not respond positively to the character of its surroundings. The proposal is therefore contrary to UDP policies DQ1 and CS3.

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### 53. APPLICATION NO. S/2010/0707 - 72 SONNING AVENUE, LITHERLAND

The Committee considered the report of the Planning and Economic Development Director recommending that the above application for the change of use from retail (A1) to restaurants and cafes (A3) be approved subject to the conditions and reasons stated or referred to in the report and Late Representations.

#### **RESOLVED:**

That application be approved subject to the amendment of Condition (2) for the premises to close at 17:00 and not 18:00 as stated within the report.

#### 54. APPLICATIONS FOR PLANNING PERMISSION - APPROVALS

#### RESOLVED:

That the following applications be approved, subject to:-

- (1) the conditions (if any) and for the reasons stated or referred to in the Planning and Economic Development Director's report and/or Late Representations 1; and
- (2) the applicants entering into any legal agreements indicated in the report or Late Representations:

Application No. Site

S/2010/0862 Bartlett House, Parkhaven Trust, Liverpool

Road, South, Maghull

S/2010/1043 Ingleside, 9 Sandy Lane, Hightown

### 55. APPLICATION NO. S/2010/0671 - 99 MARSHSIDE ROAD, SOUTHPORT

The Committee considered the report of the Planning and Economic Development Director recommending that the above application for the part retention of a brick perimeter wall with ten wooden infill panels and insertion of two open steel railing panels to the junction of Marshide Road and Knob Hall Lane be refused for the reasons stated within the report.

### **RESOLVED:**

That the recommendation be not agreed and the application be approved as the proposed retention of a brick perimeter wall with ten wooden infill panels and insertion of two open steel railing panels would be in keeping with the fences in the surrounding area.

#### 56. APPLICATIONS FOR PLANNING PERMISSION - REFUSALS

The Committee considered the report of the Planning and Economic Development Director recommending that the following applications be refused for the reasons stated or referred to in the report.

| Application No. | Site                        |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| S/2010/0920     | 15 Galloway Road, Waterloo  |
| S/2010/0921     | 63 Handfield Road, Waterloo |
| S/2010/0922     | 15 Galloway Road, Waterloo  |
| S/2010/0923     | 63 Handfield Road, Waterloo |
| S/2010/0918     | 55-57 Merton Road, Bootle   |

#### RESOLVED:

That the Planning and Economic Development Director be given delegated authority to refuse the above applications for the reasons stated or referred to in the report.

### 57. APPLICATIONS TO BE INSPECTED BY THE VISITING PANEL 16 AUGUST 2010

The Committee considered the report of the Planning and Economic Development Director which advised that the undermentioned sites had been inspected by the Visiting Panel on 16 August, 2010.

| Application No.    | Site  |
|--------------------|---|
| S/2010/0907 & 0908 | Plot 3 & Plot 2 Land to rear of Oak Hey,<br>Lambshear Lane, Lydiate |
| S/2010/0853        | Maryland, 5-7 School Lane, Formby                                   |
| S/2010/0801        | 61-63 Albert Road, Southport  |
| S/2010/0671        | 99 Marshside Road, Southport  |
| S/2010/0707        | 72 Sonning Avenue, Litherland                                       |

#### **RESOLVED:**

That the report on the sites inspected by the Visiting Panel be noted.

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#### 58. TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT - APPEALS

The Committee considered the report of the Planning and Economic Development Director on the result of the undermentioned appeals and progress on appeals lodged with the Planning Inspectorate.

| Appellant           | Proposal/Breach of Planning Control  | Decision              |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Mr & Mrs<br>Staines | 18 York Close, Birkdale S/2009/0804 – appeal against a refusal of the Council to grant approval for a Tree Preservation Order Consent to fell one oak tree at the front of the dwellinghouse.  | Dismissed 21/07/10    |
| Anil Mittal         | 34 Roe Lane, Southport -<br>S/2010/0223 - 2129251 - appeal against a<br>refusal of the Council to grant planning<br>permission for the retrospective application<br>for the erection of a boundary fence to a<br>maximum height of 2.08m | Dismissed 20/07/10    |
| Mr. Leamey          | 40 Matlock Road, Birkdale – S/2010/0374 – 2129982 – appeal against decision to grant permission for the erection of a first floor extension at the rear of the dwellinghouse   | Dismissed<br>10/06/10 |

#### RESOLVED:

That the report on the result of the appeal and progress on appeals lodged with the Planning Inspectorate be noted.

### 59. INFORMED ASSESSMENT OF THE ECONOMIC VIABILITY OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING IN SEFTON

The Committee considered a joint report of the Planning and Economic Development Director and Neighbourhoods and Investment Programmes Director updating on the comments received during consultation on the draft Informed Assessment of the Economic Viability of Affordable Housing; and seeking approval for the final Informed Assessment of the Economic Viability of Affordable Housing as part of the evidence base for the Local Development Framework, taking into account consultation comments.

**RESOLVED: That** 

- (1) the comments received during the consultation process into the draft study and the responses to the comments be noted; and
- (2) the Cabinet be recommended to approve the Final Informed Assessment of the Economic Viability of Affordable Housing to inform the emerging Core Strategy for Sefton.

### 60. THE BUILDING (LOCAL AUTHORITY LAND CHARGES) REGULATIONS 2010

The Committee considered the report of the Planning and Economic Development Director advising of the enactment of the Building (Local Authority Charges) Regulations 2010, the need for the Council to make a new Scheme of Building Regulation Charges and seeking approval to introduce such a scheme from 1 October 2010.

**RESOLVED: That** 

- (1) the proposed Scheme of Charges under the new 2010 Building Regulations for operation from 1 October 2010 be noted; and
- (2) Cabinet be requested to approve the new Scheme of Charges from 1 October 2010.

### 61. REVENUE EXPENDITURE AND PERFORMANCE - 2009/10 PORTFOLIO FINAL ACCOUNTS

The Committee considered the joint report of the Finance and Information Services Director and the Planning and Economic Development Director which identified the final 2009/10 revenue outturn position for the Planning portfolio.

The report identified that the final outturn position for the portfolio, when compared to the revised budget, indicated a net overspend of £0.092m and set out the comments of the Planning and Economic Regeneration Director thereon.

The report concluded by requesting the Committee to give consideration to the submission of comments on the outturn to the Overview and Scrutiny Committee (Regeneration and Environmental Services).

RESOLVED: That

- (1) the revenue outturn position for the Planning portfolio for 2009/10 be noted;
- (2) the Portfolio's actual performance indicators and data for 2009/10 be noted: and

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(3) staff be thanked for maintaining performance targets in difficult circumstances.

#### 62. PHIL HARDWICKE

The Chair referred to Mr Phil Hardwicke, Team Leader, Development Control, forthcoming retirement from the Council. Phil was the Team Leader in Southport from June 2000 having previously been Head of Development Control at Wirral and West Lancs. For the last year he had been the departments lead officer on the Building School for the Future project, Pontins, Thornton-Switch Island road and other projects.

Phil is an outstanding Development Control Officer, his knowledge and professionalism have been a great asset to the department, particularly so in managing the Planning Department's detached office in Southport and providing a focus there for Members and members of the public.

Phil has made a major contribution in bringing forward development into Southport e.g. the Vincent Hotel, Scarisbrick Avenue, the Leaf site and many more ensuring the department achieved excellent performance in dealing with applications and appeals.

#### **RESOLVED:**

That the thanks and appreciation of the Planning Committee be extended to Phil Hardwicke for the work he had undertaken for the Council and Borough of Sefton and best wishes be extended to him for future success in the coming years.

Committee: PLANNING

Date of Meeting: 15 SEPTEMBER 2010

Title of Report: Petitioned Applications

Report of: Andy Wallis

**Planning & Economic Regeneration Director** 

Contact Officer: S Tyldesley (South Area) Tel: 0151 934 3569

| This report contains  | Yes      | No       |
|---|----------|----------|
| Confidential information  |          | <b>✓</b> |
| Exempt information by virtue of paragraph(s) of Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act 1972 |          | <b>✓</b> |
| Is the decision on this report DELEGATED?   | <b>√</b> |          |

### **Purpose of Report**

The items listed in are petitioned applications.

### Recommendation

That the applications for planning permission, approval or consent set out in the following appendices are either APPROVED subject to any conditions specified in the list for the reasons stated therein or REFUSED for the reasons stated.

### **Corporate Objective Monitoring**

| Corporate Objective |   | Impact   |         |          |  |
|---------------------|---|----------|---------|----------|--|
|                     |   | Positive | Neutral | Negative |  |
| 1                   | Regenerating the Borough through Partnership          | ✓        |         |          |  |
| 2                   | Raising the standard of Education & Lifelong Learning |          | ✓       |          |  |
| 3                   | Promoting Safer and More Secure Communities           | ✓        |         |          |  |
| 4                   | Creating a Healthier, Cleaner & Greener Environment   |          |         |          |  |
|                     | through policies for Sustainable Development          | ✓        |         |          |  |
| 5                   | Strengthening Local Democracy through Community       |          |         |          |  |
|                     | Participation   |          | ✓       |          |  |
| 6                   | Promoting Social Inclusion, Equality of Access and    |          |         |          |  |
|                     | Opportunity   |          | ✓       |          |  |
| 7                   | Improving the Quality of Council Services             | ✓        |         |          |  |
| 8                   | Children and Young People                             |          | ✓       |          |  |

### Agenda Item 4

### **Financial Implications**

None

### Departments consulted in the preparation of this Report

See individual items

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

The Background Papers for each item are neighbour representations referred to, history referred to and policy referred to. Any additional background papers will be listed in the item. Background Papers and Standard Conditions referred to in the items in this Appendix are available for public inspection at the Planning Office, Magdalen House, Trinity Road, Bootle, up until midday of the Committee Meeting. Background Papers can be made available at the Southport Office (9-11 Eastbank Street) by prior arrangement with at least 24 hours notice.

A copy of the standard conditions will be available for inspection at the Committee Meeting.

The Sefton Unitary Development Plan (adopted June 2006), the Supplementary Planning Guidance Notes, and the Revised Deposit Draft Unitary Development Plan are material documents for the purpose of considering applications set out in this list.

# Agenda Item 4

### **Petitions Index**

| A | S/2010/0350 | Sainsbury's 1-3 Liverpool Road, Crosby | Manor, Victoria and<br>Blundellsands<br>Wards |
|---|-------------|--|---|
| В | S/2010/0995 | 80 Raven Meols Lane, Formby            | Revenmeols Ward                               |

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Committee: PLANNING

Date of Meeting: 15 September 2010

Title of Report: **\$/2010/0350** 

Sainsbury's 1-3 Liverpool Road, Crosby

(Manor, Victoria and Blundellsands Wards)

Proposal: Redevelopment of land within Crosby district centre comprising

the demolition of buildings and erection of retail food store with

undercroft parking (Use Class A1) and:

i) Full planning permission for erection of 7 small retail units comprising shops (A1); and/or financial and professional services (A2); and/or restaurants and cafes (A3); and/or drinking establishments (A4); and/or takeaway (A5)

- ii) Full planning permission for erection of community use building comprising financial and professional services (A2); and/or business (B1); and/or community uses (D1) with parking to rear.
- iii) Full planning permission for change of use and alteration of existing foodstore to shops (A1); and/or financial and professional services (A2); and/or restaurants and cafes (A3) and/or drinking establishments (A4); and/or takeaway (A5).
- iv) Full planning permission for construction of multi-storey car park to Islington with bus interchange facility and decked car park over existing Allengate car park.
- v) Full planning permission for new and altered vehicular and pedestrian accesses, including the re-routing of Moor Lane, landscaping of centre, construction of infrastructure and associated facilities together with associated temporary works and structures and associated utilities/services required by the development.

Applicant: Sainsbury's Supermarket Limited

### **Executive Summary**

The proposal seeks full planning permission for a major regeneration scheme in Crosby District Centre; including a new foodstore with associated car parking, a new multi-storey car park and public transport interchange, new retail units, conversion of the existing Sainsbury's store into new retail units and erection of a building for community uses. The proposal also involves the rerouting of Moor Lane to accommodate the foodstore.

Members considered a total of six petitions and discussed the proposals at the Planning Committee meeting of 18 August 2010. A full copy of the report and late representations are attached as appendices 1, 2 and 3.

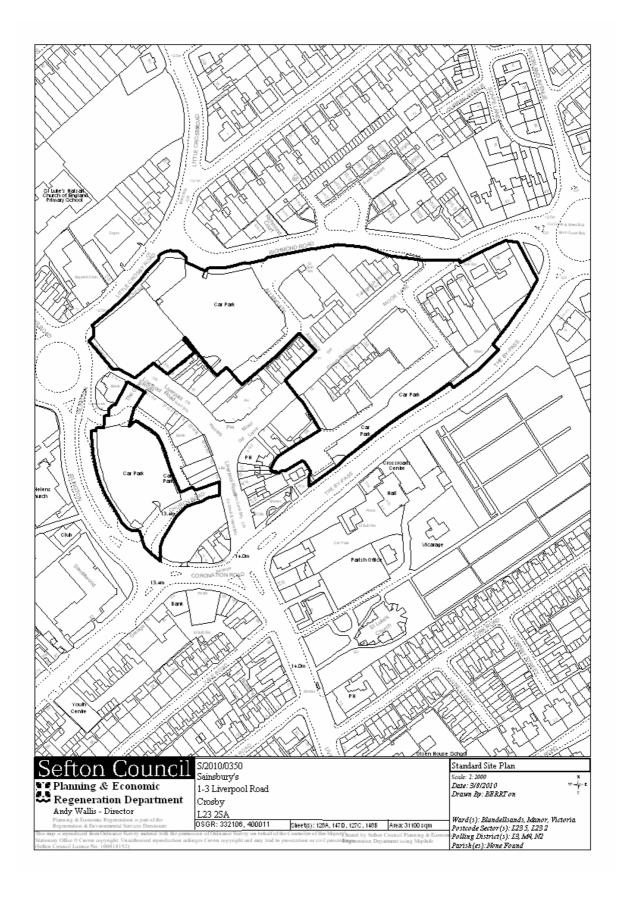
The latest report summarises discussion held since the above meeting by both the applicant and officers and outlines the further discussion to be undertaken which will be reported in full prior to the Committee meeting.

### **Financial Implications**

| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                                | 2006/<br>2007<br>£ | 2007/<br>2008<br>£ | 2008/<br>2009<br>£ | 2009/<br>2010<br>£ |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gross Increase in Capital Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton Capital Resources                           |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Specific Capital Resources                         |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| REVENUE IMPLICATIONS                               |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Gross Increase in Revenue Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton funded Resources                            |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded from External Resources                     |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Does the External Funding have an expiry date? Y/N | When?              |                    |                    |                    |
| How will the service be funded post expiry?        |                    |                    |                    |                    |

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

History referred to Policy referred to



### 1. THE APPLICATION

- 1.1 The application was originally submitted to the Council on 12 March 2010. The period for determination therefore expired on 11 June 2010.
- 1.2 The application was considered at the Planning Committee meeting of 18 August 2010 and following the consideration of several petitions and subsequent debate, Members resolved to defer determination for one cycle for the following reasons:
  - (1) To allow interested parties to further consider all information received within submitted reports, Late Representations, petitions and responses;
  - (2) To enable Officers to engage in further talks with the applicant on the aesthetics of the proposed development;
  - (3) To enable Officers to engage in further talks with the applicant on safety and highways issues, with particular reference to accessibility to the store for those with mobility difficulties;
  - (4) To allow the applicant to reflect on the views expressed by ABetterCrosby.
- 1.3 The original report and subsequent information was very comprehensive in setting out the key issues and appraising all aspects of the scheme. Nevertheless, there have been further developments since the meeting with a view to offering improved and wider explanation of the scheme to various parties, and potentially, added value.
- 1.4 It is recognised that whilst there can be no doubting the volume and extent of public consultation prior to the application, many of those expressing objection clearly felt that the scheme as submitted did not refer back sufficiently to the original exercises undertaken in terms of the timing of submission and inevitably, the volume of information required to be considered.
- 1.5 The applicant has taken these concerns on board. Since the previous meeting, the applicant has embarked on a detailed programme arranging face to face meetings with those lodging petitions and an objector from 3 The By-Pass. These are to be subject to observation by officers. The outcomes and minutes of these meetings, which are to be held on 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> September 2010, will be made available to Members at the Planning Committee meeting.
- 1.6 The applicants have also offered individual briefings with each of the three political groups on these same dates, which are considered to represent an opportunity for ongoing concerns to be raised and if necessary addressed.
- 1.7 A display was placed in Crosby Library on 27 August 2010 containing all of the plans and key application documents. A 'comments book' has been

- provided to allow those with observations on the proposals to record their views. The comments book will be retrieved on 10 September 2010 and all observations reported to Planning Committee.
- 1.8 At the time of writing, 61 comments have been made and there is a 5:1 ratio of objection. Some of those who have added to the book have already commented on the scheme previously. It is expected that comments will continue to be received.
- 1.9 The applicant has written to all of those who have commented on the planning application, and all parties who were originally notified by the Council, to advise of the display, inviting the opportunity for comment. This is considered to be a helpful forum given that the library opens at weekends and in late evenings to accommodate those who would otherwise find it difficult to make their views known.
- 1.10 The applicant has been asked to review the submission in terms of its aesthetics. The Director has suggested a number of possible alterations which would not alter the fundamental nature of the scheme and will meet with the applicant to discuss these.
- 1.11 The applicant is committed to a commuted sum payment of £339,469 to add to the art feature proposed to the side of the new retail units, which would be recommended entirely for use within the town centre, in the undeveloped area. An additional sum of £50,000 would be provided to go towards CCTV repositioning necessitated by the development.
- 1.12 The applicants are also undertaking the production of a composite town centre plan which highlights specifically all proposed pedestrian, cycling and taxi movements and improvements on an easy to follow large scale drawing, which will be placed on display at the Committee meeting.
- 1.13 Discussion at the August meeting and further correspondence received from 'ABetterCrosby' (attached) relates to the size of the store and the potential for reduction. As part of this process, the applicant has been invited to produce their interpretation of the ideas of 'ABetterCrosby' to assist in discussion with their representative.
- 1.14 The Council's retail consultant, White Young Green, advises that a store of the size and scale proposed is needed to achieve a quality shopping experience that competes with other stores elsewhere in the Borough. There also needs to be a strong anchor in place to secure future viability and investment of the scale proposed is also required to deliver significant improvements to store quality in order that such investment is justified. A smaller store would not deliver a comprehensive solution and would require future extension or reconfiguration.
- 1.15 It is also possible that a reduction in size of store will not necessarily bring about substantial reduction in impact given the gross-net ratio of the store and

the need for ramps etc, nor will it offer considerable scope for further environmental improvement. Nevertheless, the applicant is to consider the ideas of 'ABetterCrosby' in more detail, including in particular the implications of a reduced store, and will report their full response to the ideas following the meeting with their representative scheduled for 3 September 2010.

- 1.16 The applicant will also be providing further information relating to accessibility to the store and safety of access in response to concerns raised in the minute above.
- 1.17 The applicant has been asked to resolve the issue arising at the Planning Committee meeting relating to on-line deliveries and the need for the level of car parking proposed. The outcome of these issues will be reported by late representation.
- 1.18 The applicant has swiftly responded to the concerns raised at the previous meeting and it is considered that whilst timescales are tight in respect of reporting to the next agenda, there is a will to follow up the concerns quickly and with a view to engagement across a range of issues.
- 1.19 Members are advised that an application was received by English Heritage on 18 August 2010 to list the Glenn Buildings on Moor Lane. This is currently being considered by English Heritage and whilst the outcome may not be known in advance of the Planning Committee meeting, Members are advised that this should not affect the procedure relating to the determination of the application. In the event of listing, the applicant would need to undertake further measures to secure demolition.
- 1.20 In conclusion, whilst the scheme when presented in its final form will not be materially different from that presented on 18 August 2010, it will be underpinned with the outcomes of further consultation and discussion and it is very much hoped that these discussions will afford added value to the proposals.
- 1.21 In the light of the above, and given the significant further work currently being undertaken, the Director will report on this and provide his recommendation in advance of the meeting on 15 September 2010.
- 1.22 There is a separate report on the proposal for temporary accommodation (S/2010/1008).

Contact Officer: Mrs S Tyldesley Telephone 0151 934 3569

Case Officer: Steve Faulkner Telephone 0151 934 3081

Committee: PLANNING ANNEX 1

Date of Meeting: 18 August 2010

Title of Report: **S/2010/0350** 

Sainsbury's 1-3 Liverpool Road, Crosby

(Victoria Ward)

Proposal: Redevelopment of land within Crosby district centre comprising

the demolition of buildings and erection of retail food store with

undercroft parking (Use Class A1) and:

i) Full planning permission for erection of 7 small retail units comprising shops (A1); and/or financial and professional services (A2); and/or restaurants and cafes (A3); and/or drinking establishments (A4); and/or takeaway (A5)

- ii) Full planning permission for erection of community use building comprising financial and professional services (A2); and/or business (B1); and/or community uses (D1) with parking to rear.
- iii) Full planning permission for change of use and alteration of existing foodstore to shops (A1); and/or financial and professional services (A2); and/or restaurants and cafes (A3) and/or drinking establishments (A4); and/or takeaway (A5).
- iv) Full planning permission for construction of multi-storey car park to Islington with bus interchange facility and decked car park over existing Allengate car park.
- v) Full planning permission for new and altered vehicular and pedestrian accesses, including the re-routing of Moor Lane, landscaping of centre, construction of infrastructure and associated facilities together with associated temporary works and structures and associated utilities/services required by the development.

Applicant: Sainsbury's Supermarket Limited

### Recommendations

S/2010/0350: Approval subject to completion of Section 106 Agreement detailing provisions for trees, greenspace, public art, highway works and town centre security provisions

S/2010/1008: Approval

### **Justification**

The proposals are fully compliant with the development plan and with national planning policy as set out in PPS1 and PPS4. The proposal is consistent with all local plan policies referred to within the report and the development will therefore accord with the aims of national and local planning policy in delivering mixed use development of a sustainable form in the heart of Crosby local centre.

It will provide a much needed injection of investment and a boost to the local employment sector, whilst offering townscape improvements and a high quality visual environment altering but maintaining key routes within the centre and improving links beyond the centre via an improved and safer environment for pedestrians and other road users which in turn will support linked trips.

The scheme will serve as a catalyst for further investment into the Crosby centre whilst making direct financial contributions towards improved tree provision and public realm beyond the area the applicant seeks to develop.

As such and having regard to all other material planning considerations, the granting of planning permission is justified.

#### **Conditions**

All planning conditions are attached at the rear of the report and remain subject to revision in advance of Planning Committee. Any changes will be reported in full where required.

### **Drawing Numbers**

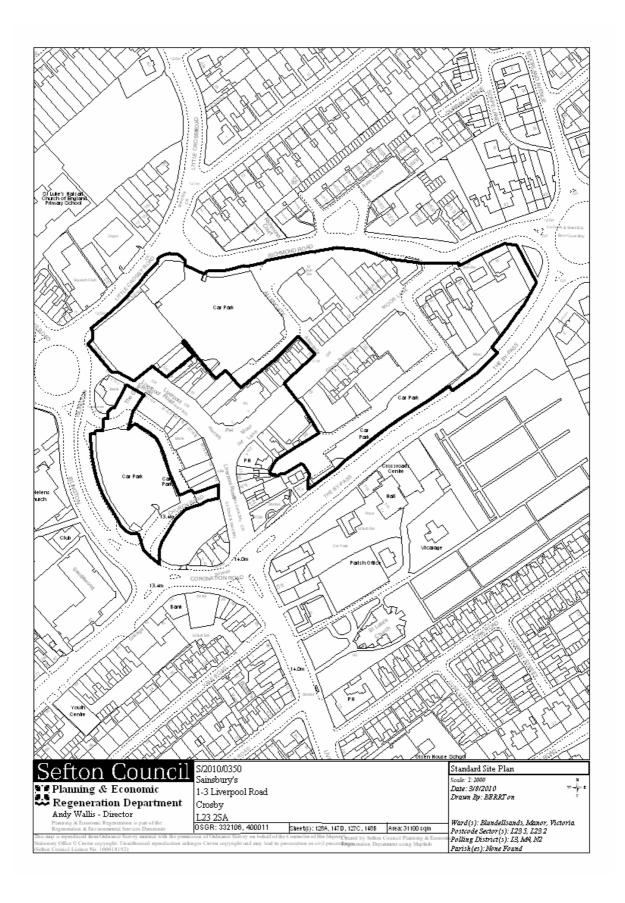
TO BE CONFIRMED IN FULL.

### **Financial Implications**

| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                                | 2006/<br>2007<br>£ | 2007/<br>2008<br>£ | 2008/<br>2009<br>£ | 2009/<br>2010<br>£ |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gross Increase in Capital Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton Capital Resources                           |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Specific Capital Resources                         |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| REVENUE IMPLICATIONS                               |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Gross Increase in Revenue Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton funded Resources                            |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded from External Resources                     |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Does the External Funding have an expiry date? Y/N | When?              |                    |                    |                    |
| How will the service be funded post expiry?        |                    |                    |                    |                    |

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

History referred to Policy referred to



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### 1. Executive Summary

- 1.1 The proposal seeks full planning permission for a major regeneration scheme in Crosby District Centre; including a new foodstore with associated car parking, a new multi-storey car park and public transport interchange, new retail units, conversion of the existing Sainsbury's store into new retail units and erection of a building for community uses. The proposal also involves the rerouting of Moor Lane to accommodate the foodstore.
- 1.2 The scheme has been subject to widespread publicity and discussion between a range of interested parties. It has in various forms being public knowledge for the best part of 18 months that the applicants have been looking to undertake major investment in the centre. The proposals presented are the result of input from a host of parties but are inevitably driven by the applicants aim to increase their retailing offer.
- 1.3 The applicants involvement in Crosby dates back to 1982 and more recently, they have acquired a substantial portfolio of commercial property from another property developer, who sought to promote a comprehensive improvement scheme and began the preparation of a master plan. This was completed by Taylor Young Planning Consultants.
- 1.4 Whilst there were encouraging preliminary discussions, and a degree of local consultation on behalf of the developer, giving rise to discussion at Area Committee level, the draft plan did not advance sufficiently far enough for it to be considered either by Planning Committee Members or Cabinet Member Regeneration.
- 1.5 Improvement of Crosby District Centre and the range and quality of its retail offer is clearly necessary and new and enhanced retail development of an appropriate nature and scale is firmly supported by our retained retail consultants, White Young Green. Trading conditions have been challenging for some while, and vacancy rates are a cause of concern. The need for investment is longstanding as has been the appraisal of how to best tackle the problems.
- 1.6 As such, Crosby as a centre can only be regarded as having been in sharp decline in recent times. Such decline cannot be put down to more difficult recent economic conditions. The lack of recent investment has caused uncertainty and has with little doubt made matters worse.
- 1.7 There have been serious concerns over the vitality and viability of the main pedestrianised parts of Moor Lane and Liverpool Road over a long period and the perception of Crosby may easily be viewed as one of ample open car parking to key frontages and the facility to visit the main anchor food store without any particular diversion or need to visit other stores.

- 1.8 The thrust of PPS4 and local planning policy is fully supportive of retailing in town centres. Significantly, the proposals also put forward opportunities for a range of other complementary uses and with the building of other new units, and an upgrade of the existing store, refresh the retail offer for independent traders whilst framing the centre with vibrant retail hubs at both the west and east end. This brings major openings for ease of movement and linkage between the two, with the new units between directly benefiting from the substantially increased footfall this will generate and promoting an attractive offer from which existing retailers on the pedestrianised Liverpool Road will also benefit.
- 1.9 The applicant has undertaken consultation of the proposals with the CABE-endorsed design group 'PlacesMatter!'; it must be said that the discussions held have not entirely endorsed the proposals but the group have been cognisant of the wider regeneration requirements and the position of Crosby within Sefton's wider retail hierarchy. The discussions have resulted in a series of changes to the original proposals, as the report explains, and the group's serious concerns have been moderated considerably.
- 1.10 A major challenge in assessing these proposals has been to balance the wider long-term needs of the centre with the impacts this could bring on those living adjacent, those within the centre who may be displaced, and the views of those with wider interests.
- 1.11 To this end, the scheme has received a range of responses, some in support, some commenting, and many raising objection. It is impossible to expect that a scheme of this nature can be progressed without such significant levels of public interest. Equally, it is impossible to deliver a proposal of such scale that will satisfy everybody with objection and/or general interest in the future of Crosby as a centre. It is also beyond realism to expect that the scheme will be delivered without disruption or interference with ongoing activity in the centre, but significant resources have been centred on producing a framework that minimises this prospect.
- 1.12 The applicant in conjunction with officers in discussion of the scheme both prior to and during the application process have undertaken significant liaison extending to attendance at public meetings and reports to both Scrutiny and Overview Committee, and Area Committee. These meetings and discussions have furthered the opportunity for reflection and comment on the proposals submitted, and offer little credence to theories that the wider public have had no voice, which is picked up further in Section 8 of this report.
- 1.13 The scheme cannot be said to tick every conceivable box. Much has been made over the scale and massing of buildings, parking implications, and the changes in townscape that will result. However, I consider that however Crosby is developed, these criticisms are likely to remain relevant in some way, shape or form, and where one disadvantage is overcome, there remains real likelihood of other offsetting concerns resulting.

- 1.14 There has been much public discussion of a range of alternative options for investment in the centre. Realistically, the regeneration of the town centre cannot in itself be achieved merely through a repackaging of existing retail offer, or through the good will and ability of those committed and valued existing traders.
- 1.15 The proposals do pay regard to the historic core of the centre and leave this untouched with minor rerouting of an existing pedestrianised route. It is fully anticipated that the investment described will contribute to enhancing vitality and viability across the centre and there is a strong emphasis on delivering vibrant, lively public routes and improved linkages beyond the town centre for those who currently feel isolated by the predominance of traffic and highly visible parking provisions.
- 1.16 The proposals represent a rare opportunity for investment which I consider should be embraced without hesitation and I fully endorse this report recommending approval. The report sets out in full detail the various components of the scheme and comments on the individual planning issues that when combined provide ample policy reason to support these proposals with other material considerations fully reviewed and given appropriate weight.
- 1.17 The proposed development whilst bringing major change to Crosby would represent a major investment in the centre's future. It would bring significant employment benefits and lead to the regeneration of the centre. The scheme has been discussed in detail with the applicants who in turn have consulted widely with other interest groups.
- 1.18 All efforts have been made to ensure that existing businesses would have an opportunity to remain in Crosby. Taken as a whole, the Planning and Economic Development Director feels that the development would be a much needed positive regeneration for Crosby.

### 2. Site Description/Analysis

- 2.1 The application site is approximately 2.5 hectares in size and comprises properties on Liverpool Road, Moor Lane, Islington and The By-pass. The Application site itself comprises two principal parcels of land with Crosby District Centre. The first of these is the eastern part, which is bound by Richmond Road to the north, Moor Lane to the west and by the Bypass (A565) to the east and south. This area of the application site represents the eastern end of the primary retail frontage. The second parcel is the car park fronting Islington to the western side of the centre.
- 2.2 There are part two/part three storey retail units on the Moor Lane frontage are occupied by a range of retail and other town centre uses.
- 2.3 The existing foodstore is a two storey pitched roof building situated at the junction of Little Crosby Road and Islington and also forms part of the eastern portion of the site. The existing service yard lies on Little Crosby Road to the immediate north of the store building. Also within the site are five vacant residential properties on Richmond Road and two council operated public car parks. The site also includes the current open car park at Islington.
- 2.4 Residential properties are located directly to the north including Avon Court and a mix of detached and semi-detached residential properties. There are also residential properties located beyond the Richmond Road / Bypass (A565) roundabout which abuts the eastern boundary of the site. To the west is St Helens Church and a variety of residential properties including the Sandalwood apartment building.
- 2.5 Beyond the Bypass (A565) to the south of the application site lies Crosby Methodist Church, the Crossroads Centre and the grounds of St Luke's Church.

### 3. Proposal

- 3.1 S/2010/0350 Redevelopment of land within Crosby district centre comprising the demolition of buildings and erection of retail food store with undercroft parking (Use Class A1) and:
  - i) Full planning permission for erection of 7 small retail units comprising shops (A1); and/or financial and professional services (A2); and/or restaurants and cafes (A3); and/or drinking establishments (A4); and/or takeaway (A5)
  - ii) Full planning permission for erection of community use building comprising financial and professional services (A2); and/or business (B1); and/or community uses (D1) with parking to rear.
  - iii) Full planning permission for change of use and alteration of existing foodstore to shops (A1); and/or financial and professional services (A2); and/or restaurants and cafes (A3) and/or drinking establishments (A4); and/or takeaway (A5).
  - iv) Full planning permission for construction of multi-storey car park to Islington with bus interchange facility and decked car park over existing Allengate car park.
  - v) Full planning permission for new and altered vehicular and pedestrian accesses, including the re-routing of Moor Lane, landscaping of centre, construction of infrastructure and associated facilities together with associated temporary works and structures and associated utilities/services required by the development.
- 3.2 S/2010/1008 Use of the land for the siting of 7 temporary shop units with use classes A1 to A5 and associated temporary ground works at Central Buildings Site, Church Road.

### 4. History

- 4.1 There have been scores of applications over the years relating to new shop fronts, advertisements, and other minor proposals, for example, trolley shelters. The main significant applications are as follows:
- 4.2 S/2004/0762 Erection of a new four storey building comprising retail and car park at ground floor with three stories of office accommodation above withdrawn 28 October 2004.
- 4.3 S/1991/0129 Demolition of 6 houses and the erection of 4 new retail units, together with the refurbishment and alteration of the existing shop units to Moor Lane, with associated car parking and servicing refused 18 July 1991.
- 4.4 S/23345 Extensions and alterations to shop premises for use as an off-licence approved 26 September 1984.
- 4.5 S/10660 Erection of a two-storey retail trading store with ancillary storage, preparation and staff facilities, together with the provision of facilities for the loading and unloading of service vehicles approved 23 May 1980.
- 4.6 The following application is also of relevance:
  - S/2005/0821 Proposed four storey building comprising retail space, offices and residential apartments after demolition of existing buildings approved 16 February 2006.

#### 5. Consultations

#### 5.1 HIGHWAYS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL

#### 5.2 Existing Vehicle Access

- 5.3 The site currently has a number of existing vehicular access points.
- 5.4 The Allengate car park currently accessed from Richmond Road with separate ingress and egress points. The necessary alterations regarding vehicular access into the Allengate car park are mentioned in the Accessibility section of this report.
- 5.5 Telegraph House can be currently accessed by two separated controlled access junctions, which are also situated along Richmond Road. The first access is located 45 metres east of the Allengate car park ingress and the secondary access is situated approximately 20 further north.
- 5.6 The 'Cookslands' car park is accessed from Moor Lane, which also provides an area for the servicing to a number of existing small retail units that are outside of the application site.
- 5.7 There is also a three-arm, priority-controlled junction formed between Moor Lane and Richmond Road. Moor Lane forms two arms of the junction, with lane markings designating the southwestern section of Moor Lane as the minor arm, which gives way to traffic travelling between Richmond Road and the north –eastern section of Moor Lane.
- 5.8 Potentially the most significant junction in the vicinity of the site is the Islington/Cooks Road/Alexander Road/Little Crosby Road/ The Green roundabout. The ingress to the multi-storey car park is proposed to be from The Green, while egress is proposed onto Church Road.
- 5.9 Traffic Generation and Impact
- 5.10 As the location of the site is within Crosby Town Centre, links to the local and strategic highway network are within close proximity and are accessible.
- 5.11 Traffic Surveys were carried out at the following junctions:
  - Islington/Coronation Road/Church Road mini roundabouts
  - Islington/ Alexandra Road/Cooks Road/Little Crosby Road/ The Green Roundabout.
  - Little Crosby Road/Richmond Road junction,
  - Richmond Road/Moorland Road Avenue/Moor Lane/The Northern Road/The By-Pass roundabout and

- Liverpool Road/Coronation Road/The By-Pass signal junction
- 5.12 The applicant also studied the A565 corridor and concluded that it is currently experiencing no material traffic growth trends and that the 2009 year flows should be taken as being indicative of 2011 opening year traffic conditions. The traffic impact assessment has demonstrated that the redevelopment proposals would not 'materially' alter the operation of any of the junctions within the study period.
- 5.13 The proposed development in its entirety will have an impact on the surrounding highway network and as a result a contribution will be required by the applicant towards the A565 corridor improvement strategy.
- 5.14 As the proposed development incorporates land currently occupied by the Cookslands car park, it is the intention of the applicant to increase the intensity of car parking at The Green in order to replace the existing number of car park spaces that will be lost due to the eradication of the Cookslands car park. Traffic surveys identified the arrivals and departures at the Cookslands car park and these levels of trips have been re-assigned to the MSCP.
- 5.15 Moor Lane also currently provides access for vehicles that service a number of the existing commercial and retail units within the town centre. Although a proportion of these units will be removed due to the relocation of the foodstore, the applicant has made provision for the remaining units to be serviced from the By-Pass through the creation of a new priority controlled access, which will provide access to the existing service yard situated to the rear of these units. Traffic surveys also identified the number of service vehicles that accessed the service yard and the re-distribution of these trips has been taken into account in relation to the re-assignment of this traffic from the existing Richmond Road/Moor Lane junction to the proposed service access.
- 5.16 The traffic surveys identified the existing split in traffic at the Richmond Road/Moor Lane junction to the proposed service access along the By-Pass as well as the reassignment of this traffic from the existing Richmond Road/Moor Lane junction to the MSCP.
- 5.17 The re-assignment of traffic due to the closure of the Allengate car park and its associated access points has also been taken into consideration and despite the alteration in traffic flows this will create, it will not have a detrimental impact on the existing highway network.
- 5.18 It is important to highlight that research indicates that traffic generation associated with the expansion of established supermarket sites, does not increase in direct proportion to the increase in floorspace. None the less there will be an overall increase in vehicular traffic to the surrounding highway

network that justifies a contribution by the applicant towards the A565 corridor improvement strategy.

### 5.19 Servicing

- 5.20 As mentioned previously the service arrangements within Crosby town centre require amendments, with exception to the commercial and retail units to the west of Liverpool Road which are accessed from Islington.
- 5.21 A new priority controlled junction access junction is to be created along the By-pass, which will provide direct access to the existing service yard, for the units located south of Moor Lane.
- 5.22 The store is to be serviced through the introduction of a priority-controlled junction on the By-pass. There are concerns regarding service vehicles turning right into this ramp access, due to the existing traffic flows that have been surveyed heading north along the By-pass and the potential of services vehicles restricting the flow of traffic heading south along the By-pass as they attempt to enter the site.
- 5.23 However, taking into account the respective low frequency of deliveries that the applicant indicates the store will generate, there are no alterations to the service arrangements required at this access. However, as the vehicular access is significantly wide, a designated pedestrian route will need to be demarcated across the vehicular access, to reinforce that there is still a pedestrian route along the north side of the By-Pass.
- 5.24 A new service access is proposed on Little Crosby Road for the commercial and retail units located to the north of the site. According to the proposed site plan, there is however a pedestrian route designated through the service area. This is far from ideal and may be particularly hazardous for pedestrians using this route. As a result the entire service area should be constructed as a shared surface. This is in order to improve pedestrian safety, as there is the potential for conflict between service vehicles and pedestrians.
- 5.25 It is for this reason that the applicant also needs to illustrate through the use of auto-track that there is sufficient space within each of these areas to enable vehicle to enter, manoeuvre, turn around and exit the site safely. Details are also required as to how these areas are to be controlled/managed.

### 5.26 Parking

- 5.27 Residents Only Parking Scheme
- 5.28 A Residents Privileged Parking scheme will be necessary to safeguard against any exacerbation of the on street parking which takes place in the surrounding residential area. The extent of the area is yet to be determined, but consideration should be given to all roads within the 800m isochrones as detailed on SBA drawing no. N81418/06. This will most likely be introduced in

2 phases.

- 5.29 The first phase will include surrounding residential roads, which have been identified as roads that potentially will be immediately affected by the proposed development. The second phase will be identified around 12 months after the store is opened and will deal with any further displaced parking problems.
- 5.30 The applicant will be required to fund the implementation of this scheme through a Section 106 Agreement (including legal procedures, advertising, traffic signs and carriageway markings.) Enforcement for at least 10 years should be covered through the s106 agreement.

### 5.31 On-site Parking

- 5.32 The proposed foodstore will afford a car parking provision of 419 customer car parking spaces. The applicant proposes to divided the customer car parking spaces, with 298 car parking spaces on the ground level underneath the foodstore and 121 car park spaces situated on a deck to the west of the store building. This allocation of parking is appropriate and in accordance with Sefton Borough Councils SPD 'Ensuring Choice of Travel.'
- 5.33 The number of proposed small commercial units total 6, with a combined floorspace of 1,115 sq metres. A new community facility is also proposed with a floorspace of 636 sq metres to the east of the site.
- 5.34 The '(MSCP) site' is to provide 209 car park spaces in order to provide replacement parking for car park spaces that would be lost as a result of the removal of the existing car park. As a result the maximum total of car parking spaces that the applicant proposes for within Crosby town centre is 628 which is also in accordance with Sefton Borough Councils SPD 'Ensuring Choice of Travel.'
- 5.35 A systematic approach will be required through the entire development site in relation to on site car parking. A car park management plan will be required setting out charging, enforcement and a demand management regime, to be agreed in writing and can not be varied without the agreement of the LPA.

#### 5.36 Accessibility

- 5.37 In accordance with the submitted drawing No. N81418-SK18, a new traffic signal controlled junction at Islington/Coronation Road/Church Road (exit only)/Bus interchange (exit only), will be required to replace the existing double mini roundabout.
- 5.38 The proposed layout will need to incorporate full controlled (green man) pedestrian facilities across all arms of the junction and across the middle of the junction as these would be the recognised pedestrian desire lines. Advanced Stop Lines (ASL's) will need to be included and where possible

feeder approach lanes for cyclists.

- 5.39 The junction should also be configured to give priority to buses exiting from the interchange to reduce delay and help ensure more reliable journey times. This new signalised junction will need to be linked to the nearby Liverpool Road/Coronation Road/The By-Pass signal junction through the highway signal system Scoot, in order to improve the flow of traffic through the surrounding highway network.
- 5.40 Although not shown on the proposed drawings, a new signalised junction with pedestrian facilities, will be required at the proposed vehicular access to the proposed car park off Richmond Road. The anticipated demand of vehicles accessing and exiting the site at this access requires a traffic signal control junction to control and limit the rate of egress onto the highway network and thereby minimise congestion and delay.
- 5.41 A scheme of works will be required for this signalised junction to be introduced, as Richmond Road will need to be altered, realigned and widened to allow the introduction of a designated right turn lane into the proposed vehicular access.
- 5.42 These pedestrian routes adjoining the blocks of houses are considered to be public highway. If these areas are to be permanently closed off, the applicant will need to make an application for a 'Stopping up' Order to the Highway Authority and give an undertaking to pay all costs involved.
- 5.43 In addition as the applicant has proposed an uncontrolled vehicular egress onto the By-Pass, in order to control the impact that vehicles exiting the site from this vehicular access point may have on the surrounding highway network. The introduction of crash bollards under the control of the UTC will be required.

#### 5.44 Accessibility for Non-Car Modes of Travel

#### 5.45 <u>Pedestrian Access</u>

- 5.46 The development site requires a scheme of highway improvements in the form of pedestrian facilities (i.e. flush kerbs and tactile paving) up to a maximum of 200 metres from the development site, to ensure safe pedestrian access is achievable from all the pedestrian links.
- 5.47 These links in question would be: Richmond Road, Islington, Coronation Road, The Bypass, Liverpool Road North, Moor Lane, The Northern Road, Moorland Avenue, Cooks Road and Alexandra Road.
- 5.48 As part of this scheme of highway improvements, the introduction of tactile paving will be required at all arms of the roundabout junction of the Bypass/Richmond Road/Moorland Avenue/The Northern Road/Moor lane.

- 5.49 All new and existing vehicular accesses within the development site will also require flush kerbs and tactile paving to ensure safe pedestrian access within the site, while the redundant vehicular access into the existing Allengate car park is closed off and footway is reinstated.
- 5.50 As part of this scheme the construction of pedestrian crossing facilities and improvements to the pedestrian refuge at the junction of Richmond Road and Little Crosby Road will be required.
- 5.51 A traffic signal controlled pedestrian crossing (Puffin) will also need to be introduced north of the existing service vehicular access on The By-pass. This pedestrian crossing would be situated adjacent to a pedestrian link within the site that would extend to a new proposed pedestrian square at the centre of the development site. The introduction of this link does improve accessibility between the site and the residential areas to the east of Crosby.
- 5.52 As the foodstore is to be constructed on stilts, access to the store is to be achieved either by travelator or lifts located at the front of the store. This is recognised as a sufficient level of accessibility for pedestrians and is DDA compliant.
- 5.53 The proposed pedestrian facilities at the new traffic signal controlled junction of Islington/Coronation Road/Church Road (exit only)/Bus interchange (exit only) and the proposed vehicular access off Richmond Road will enhance the accessibility for pedestrians to the site further, highlighting the importance of their introduction.
- 5.54 The proposed development will also require some of the existing pedestrian links which are public highway, such as sections of the Allengate car park, the access road to The Green car park as well as The Green car park itself and sections of Moor Lane to be permanently closed off. The applicant will need to make an application for a 'Stopping up' Order to the Highway Authority and give an undertaking to pay all costs involved. In this regard, the applicant should be advised to contact the Highways Development Control Team on 0151 934 4175.

#### 5.55 Public Transport (Bus)

- 5.56 It is acknowledged by the applicant that the existing bus stop facilities within the vicinity of the site will require significant improvements. These improvements include the introduction of two layover spaces along Islington, adjacent to the three existing bus stops. The introduction of these layovers will result in buses no longer having to wait along Richmond Road as is the current situation. In order to accommodate bus lay-bys either side, the bus interchange will need to be widened to allow buses to pass each other.
- 5.57 The improvements also include the introduction of two new bus stops on the A565 By-pass carriageway within close proximity to the principal walking routes to Crosby Town Centre. The bus stop on the southern side of the

- carriageway would be linked to the town centre via a Puffin crossing as mentioned earlier.
- 5.58 The submitted drawing (No. N81418-SK21) illustrates that the proposed bus lay-by on the northern side of the by-pass will partially be positioned off the existing by-pass, in order to reduce the possible restriction of the flow of traffic travelling north along the By-Pass. These measures will also be required for the proposed bus stop on the southern side of the By-Pass.
- 5.59 All of these improvements should include the provision of shelters, access kerbs and enhanced carriageway markings.
- 5.60 The new traffic signal controlled junction of Islington/Coronation Road/Church Road (exit only)/Bus interchange (exit only) will also improve the ability of buses to exit the site more efficiently and join the surrounding highway network with greater ease.
- 5.61 Cycling
- 5.62 The TA suggests there is good cycle access to the site based upon a number of "suggested cycle routes within the area on the Sefton Cycle Map. These are only shown as without them there would be no routes to Crosby Village or permeability across the area and do not imply good cycle access. They merely show the only routes that can be used to access the village.
- 5.63 The proposals as shown fail to provide any improvement to this. As a minimum they should provide safe access to Moor Lane, The Northern Road, Coronation Road, Manor Road, Little Crosby Road so the those people living in the surrounding area can have safe access to the site. To do this will require improved crossing facilities together with the shared use or segregated path's linking to these routes serving the wider area.
- 5.64 All the cycle parking provision appears to be in one location, with no obvious access by cyclists and there is no reference to separate more secure parking for employees. The new controlled crossing facilities to be provided appear to link directly to the main pedestrian accesses to the site and do not provide access for cyclists and do not link to the cycle parking.
- 5.65 In order to encourage cycling to the development, there is a need to provide direct linkages between the town centre and surrounding side roads, which do not require cyclists to cycle round the ring road surrounding the town centre. The most appropriate way to improve cycle access to the new development would be to allow cycling within the existing pedestrianised area. This would allow cyclists approaching from the North, West & South to access the development without travelling round the ring road.
- 5.66 To provide access to the pedestrianised area the following should be implemented.

- 5.67 Improved crossing facilities and links between Cooks Road and Alexandra Road and the pedestrianised Liverpool Road. A Contra flow cycle facility on Alexandra Road should also be considered.
- 5.68 Crossing facilities at the junctions of Coronation Road/ Islington/ Church road, possibly included within a new signal controlled junction, linking Coronation Road to Church Road, with contra flow cycle facility linking along Church Road, towards the pedestrianised area.
- 5.69 Provision to access/egress the pedestrianised portion of Liverpool Road directly from its junction with Coronation Road/The Bypass.
- 5.70 Provision of shared use cycle route along the development side of The Bypass from the A565 Moor Lane Roundabout from the roundabout to at least the new controlled pedestrian crossing on the bypass and preferably linking to the pedestrianised area of Liverpool Road.
- 5.71 Additional Cycle Parking should be provided adjacent to the pedestrian entrance off Richmond Road, together with the provision of more secure cycle parking for staff.
- 5.72 <u>Taxi</u>
- 5.73 Proper provision for taxis needs to be made across the whole of the site. A token 'Taxi/Drop-off' lay-by for two or three taxis is shown on the south side of Richmond Road, which is insufficient. A dedicated 'Taxi Rank' for at least 8-10 hackney carriages should be provided on or near Richmond Road as well as a similar sized facility on the upper storey of the decked car park, close to the store entrance. Separate provision for 'Private Hire Vehicle' to pick-up and drop-off also needs to be accommodated at convenient locations.
- 5.74 Traffic Regulation Orders (TRO's)
- 5.75 With the introduction of a residents parking only scheme (as mentioned above), all relevant traffic signs and carriageway markings will need to be installed before the development is occupied.
- 5.76 The introduction of 'No Right-Turn' TRO will also be required on the By-Pass between the traffic signal junction and the existing roundabout junction, in order to prohibit motorists who have exited the undercroft car park from making such a manoeuvre.
- 5.77 <u>Traffic Accident History</u>
- 5.78 Over a 5 year period 24 accidents have occurred on the highway network surrounding the development site. 7 of the accidents occurred at the Little Crosby Road/The Green/Alexandra Road/ Cooks Road roundabout.
- 5.79 The analysis of the information would suggest that all of the accidents that

occurred on the local highway network are as a result of human error and the proposed development is unlikely to increase the level of accidents within the surrounding highway network.

#### 5.80 <u>Travel Plan</u>

- 5.81 The travel plan will need to encompass other users within the Crosby town centre as well as the applicant in order to ensure a robust and efficient Travel Plan.
- 5.82 Further comments will be provided on receipt from the Strategic Transportation Team.

#### 5.83 Conclusion and Conditions

In view of the above, there are no objections to the proposal subject to a comprehensive scheme of off-site highway improvements being funded by the developer. The improvements will be secured by conditions and a Section 106 Agreement to secure the following:

- A car park management plan through a Section 106 Agreement, which will require setting out charging, enforcement and a demand management regime, to be agreed in writing and can not be varied without the agreement of the LPA.
- The applicant will also be required to fund a contribution towards the A565 corridor improvement strategy through a Section 106 Agreement.
- A Residents Privileged Parking scheme will be necessary to safeguard against any exacerbation of the on-street parking which takes place in the surrounding residential area. The extent of the area should correspond with designated roads within the 800m isochrones as detailed on SBA drawing no. N81418/06. The applicant will be required to fund the implementation of both phases of this scheme through a Section 106 Agreement (including legal procedures, advertising, traffic signs and carriageway markings). Enforcement for at least 10 years should be covered through the S106 agreement.

#### 5.84 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIRECTOR

- 5.85 Noise and General Matters
- 5.86 Condition required for suppressing noise and dust during construction.
- 5.87 Condition required restricting demolition to certain times; 0800-1800 Monday to Friday, 0800-1300 on Saturday, no time on Sundays/Bank Holidays.

- 5.88 Construction management plan to be submitted for consideration.
- 5.89 On the basis that the effective height of the building will be 15.8 metres, the proposed flue should be no less than 1.8 metres above the building ridge height. This has since been submitted and subject to a minimum 1.8 clearance above store roof will be acceptable in avoiding unwanted emissions.
- 5.90 All luminaries shall be cowled to avoid overspill onto residential dwellings.
- 5.91 All ancillary plant, equipment and servicing to be acoustically treated to avoid impacts on residential property; at a noise level of 5dB below the existing 'Background Noise Level'.
- 5.92 Schemes of noise and odour control required.
- 5.93 Concern over impacts of A4 (drinking establishments) in units 1-7. Prior to occupation for such purposes, full PPG24 Noise Assessments to be submitted.
- 5.94 Management strategy required for service yard operation.
- 5.95 Gap in acoustic screen originally identified but screen now been extended to prevent noise breakout from service delivery vehicles.
- 5.96 Conditions suggested restricting opening hours on A3, A4 and A5 uses (A3 to a lesser extent).
- 5.97 It would be prudent for applicant's opening hours to be restricted.

#### 5.98. Air Quality

5.99 Confirms that the proposals will have no adverse impacts on air quality, in terms of PM10 and NO2 calculations, however, conditions suggested to provide for range of air quality improvements and testing of biomass boiler. These would contribute towards the lowering of emissions.

### 5.100 Contamination

5.101 The site is understood to have had previously potentially contaminative land users and the applicants have themselves recommended that a Phase II site investigation be carried out. This will need to be submitted to the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of ground investigation works and it is considered appropriate that this be conditioned.

#### 5.102 Recycling

5.103 Proposals should give rise to no net loss of recycling facilities within centre. Suggestion to remove and relocate facility outside centre unacceptable. Revised plan since produced to clarify location.

#### 5.104 MERSEYSIDE FIRE SERVICE

5.105 No objection to the proposals.

### 5.106 MERSEYSIDE ENVIRONMENTAL ADVISORY SERVICE

- 5.107 Risks not quantified in respect of Flood Risk and suggest views of Environment Agency sought.
- 5.108 Scheme for SUDS welcomed and suggested that porous paving/soakaways, or swales and ponds be used to enhance biodiversity.
- 5.109 Bat survey report required. Following receipt of report, bat survey acceptable and correctly quantifies minimal potential for bat roosting.
- 5.110 Ecology Report acceptably addresses impacts on breeding birds.
- 5.111 Site within Red Squirrel buffer zone; suggests planting species of small seeding to encourage red squirrels and dissuade greys.
- 5.112 Positive comment on aspirations of applicant to achieve a BREAAM standard.
- 5.113 Biomass boiler capable of achieving minimum 10% requirement; likely that approaching 20% of store's requirements would be achieved but further information of the boiler performance should be sought by condition.
- 5.114 Site Waste Management Plan adequate in content; condition not required to ensure submission of further detail.

#### **5.115 ENVIRONMENT AGENCY**

No objection following submission of revised Flood Risk Assessment. Condition required on surface water drainage.

#### **5.116 UNITED UTILITIES**

- 5.117 No objection to the proposal provided that the following conditions are met:
  - 1) Surface water should not be allowed to discharge to the foul/combined sewer. This prevents foul flooding and pollution of the environment. The site must be drained on a separate system, with only foul drainage connected into the foul sewer. Surface water should discharge to the soakaway/water course/surface water sewer and may require the consent of the Environment Agency.

2) Land drainage or subsoil drainage water must not be connected into the public sewer system directly or by way of private drainage pipes. It is the developer's responsibility to provide adequate land drainage without recourse to the use of the public sewer system.

#### 5.118 POLICE ARCHITECTURAL LIAISON OFFICER

- 5.119 A full Designing Out Crime Advice Note has been produced. In summary, the following points should be addressed:
  - Suitable perimeter treatments to the electricity sub-stations,
  - Securing of perimeter of under store and adjoining decked car parks (including vehicular/pedestrian exits) outside operational hours,
  - Redesign of the pedestrian link/service route between the rear of the George Public House/Bank/existing retail and decked car park,
  - The undercroft car park should be of enhanced structure to withstand a 100kg explosive device, and
  - Physical security measures including doors, windows, curtain walling, glazing, roller shutters, gates, bollards, lighting, CCTV and intruder alarms to the appropriate standards.

#### **5.120 SP ENERGY**

5.121 No comments.

### 5.122 TECHNICAL SERVICES (LIGHTING)

5.123 No objections to the proposal following review of External Lighting Assessment.

#### 5.124 SEFTON EQUALITIES PARTNERSHIP

5.125 The consultation has taken the form of two presentations at the Sefton Access Forum, held every month. The views of the forum and responses from the applicant are presented in the section entitled "Accessibility and Inclusive Design".

#### **5.126 MERSEYTRAVEL**

- 5.127 Request that Sefton Council ensure that sufficient provision is made within the development for the necessary level of parking.
- 5.128 Note and welcome significant new bus infrastructure will be achieved, including:
  - 1) The provision of a new dedicated bus facility between the Islington carriageway and proposed new multi-storey car park,
  - 2) A new bus stop at Richmond Road, and
  - 3) The provision of two new bus stops on the Crosby by-pass.

- 5.129 Welcomes the provision within the scheme for a framework Draft Travel Plan for the main foodstore.
- 5.130 Would request that Sefton Council ensure appropriate provision for Merseylink Dial-a-Ride facilities to gain close access to all building entrance/exits within the development.

# 5.131 SOUTH SEFTON HACKNEY DRIVERS ASC/NORTH SEFTON HACKNEY CARRIAGE ASSOCIATION

OBJECT on grounds of no/insufficient provision for formal ranks. Rank facilities required at all entrances and exits. Access required to each licensed premises. Scheme unattractive and lacking in amenity. Service entrance to main store inappropriate as it has egress onto major road.

### 6. Representations/Petitions

6.1 A total of 696 individual properties were notified of the application.

Last date for replies: 6 May 2010 (expiry of Press Notice).

Representations received from the following addresses (number of property stated in each case, Crosby unless otherwise stated). Some have commented on multiple occasions.

Abbotsford Avenue: 3a; Alexandra Road: 16 Pinfold Court, 70, 108; Ashbourne Avenue: 14; Boundary Drive: 30; Broad Lane, Thornton: 2 Orchard House; College Road North: 31; Coronation Road: 51, 68; Crosby Road South, Waterloo: 23; De Villiers Avenue: 13, 17, 24, 44; Dewlands Road, Seaforth: 25; Durban Avenue: 5; Ennismore Road, 2; Eshe Road North, Blundellsands: 2; Ince Avenue: 36; Kingswood Drive: 17; Little Crosby Road: Brookside Cottage, 17b, 17c; Manor Avenue: 22; Manor Road: 10, 13, 35, 49; Marine Terrace, Waterloo: 2; Mayfair Avenue: 6; Moor Close: 8; Moor Lane: 34a, 41; Moorland Avenue: 1, 9; Oaklands Avenue: 55; Princes Avenue: 33; Richmond Road: 16, 45 Avon Court; Rossett Road: 22, 52; Rothesay Drive: 1; Second Avenue: 10; Sefton Road, Litherland: 60; Selsdon Road, Brighton-le-Sands: 28; Southview Court, Waterloo: 10; The By-Pass: 3, 5; The Northern Road: 2, 12; Vermont Avenue: 27; Victoria Avenue: 11; Vogan Avenue: 2; Walmer Road, Waterloo: 24; Windmill Avenue: 1; York Road: 6; York Avenue: 26.

6.2 The above letters break down broadly as follows:

Objections/concern: 48
Support: 11
Both object/support: 7
General comment: 8
Clarification/suggestion: 4

- Representations continue to be received at the time of writing but the above list is correct up to and including July 25 2010.
- 6.4 A **petition** has been received from the residents of 'Sandalwood', Coronation Road that is endorsed by Councillor Peter Papworth. This raises concern over the presence of the multi-storey car park to Islington and increased traffic and difficulty of crossing the road.
- 6.5 It is known that a further petition containing in the order of 6,000 signatures is being circulated throughout the Crosby area but at the time of writing, it is unconfirmed as to whether this will be put forward as a petition to address the Planning Committee.
- 6.6 All representations received as explained above express a range of

comments, objection and support. These are summarised as follows:

#### 6.7 MATTERS RELATING TO CENTRE OVERALL

- Concern over need for and future occupation of the Community Facility.
- Development for commercial ends at the expense of the village.
- Marginalising of existing village traders and concern over reprovision.
- Reference on plans to non-food retail for some new units reducing range of potential users
- Insufficient infrastructure and village too small to support scheme of this size and scale.
- No need for further superstore of this size in South Sefton.
- No reference made to jobs being reserved for locals.
- Community centre wrongly positioned.
- Lack of community engagement and residents' opinions ignored.
- Concern over disruption during building period.
- \* Would like to see Petrol Station provided.
- \* Area Action Plan should be initiated working with commercial partners for long term future for village.
- \* Reference made in representations to online Facebook Group 'Save Crosby Village from Sainsburys'
- \* Centre should be located in docklands.
- + Additional employment to be welcomed.
- Will modernise tired, messy look of village.
- + Development should potentially benefit all parties...an example to other small, traditional centres of commerce facing similar problems.
- + Will attract further local investment.
- + Will create sustainable future for area.
- + Recycling facility served from by-pass would be big improvement.

#### 6.8 PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES

- Lack of crossing provisions for residents on opposite sides to the scheme.
- \* Need for integration between new square and existing pedestrian areas.

#### 6.9 DESIGN

- Building looks like a distribution warehouse.
- Unsympathetic choice of materials.
- Size and scale out of proportion with existing.
- Multi-storey car park too high.
- Scheme disconnects from Liverpool Road/Cooks Road in design terms.
- Location of store at first floor level decreases accessibility.
- \* Store could be repositioned to preserve historic routes.
- \* Rooftop parking could have been used to save space.
- \* Partial underground accommodation of multi-storey car park would have

- reduced impact.
- \* Former store would become a backwater and should be remodelled to open up and connect to existing townscape.

#### **6.10 AMENITY**

- Concerns over routing, timing and noise from deliveries.
- No further bars or drinking establishments.
- Important trees will be lost.

#### 6.11 CRIME/DISORDER

- Rerouting of Moor Lane may be quiet and unsafe at night, going nowhere.
- Issue of security for cycle parking in undercroft.
- Concern over anti-social behaviour to rear of George Public House.
- Building on stilts may be subject to terrorist attack.
- ? What security/management will be in place for the car park?

#### 6.12 TRAFFIC/HIGHWAY CONCERNS

- Additional multi-storey will encourage unwanted car use.
- Further problems of parking in residential areas outside immediate centre.
- Traffic congestion all around Crosby and too much priority for cars over pedestrians
- Shoppers vehicular exit to by pass a cause of concern.
- Servicing should not take place onto major road.
- Insufficient provision for taxi facilities.
- ? Will provision be made for staff parking?
- ? Will provision be made for residents permit parking?
- ? Will slip road be available for servicing once multi-storey car park built?
- \* Suggested that parking refunds might be provided in store.
- \* Parking refund should be available for other traders to offer.
- 6.13 The comments received inevitably focus on the future of the centre as a result of the proposals, and the perception that the applicant is concentrating on their own requirements as opposed to those of the centre as a whole. A response is offered to many of the points put forward, and many concerns are answered in fuller detail throughout the report.

#### 6.14 DEVELOPMENT FOR COMMERCIAL ENDS OF APPLICANT

It is clearly obvious that the applicant will gain considerably from any permission but the report champions the proposals for the correct planning reasons and fully evaluates the benefits that will also be realised by others. The applicant is making a considerable investment that should entitle them to the commercial gain appropriate to their business.

#### 6.15 EXISTING TRADERS MARGINALISED

This is a clear concern and one which the proposals accommodate as far as can legitimately be expected. The proposals have generally been welcomed by existing traders who believe the applicant will deliver benefits that will filter down to the level of independent retailers.

# 6.16 REFERENCE TO NON-FOOD RETAIL REDUCES RANGE OF POTENTIAL USERS

This is generally a matter for the applicant in their negotiations. The planning conditions will afford maximum flexibility for any form of retail to be accommodated in new units.

# 6.17 <u>INSUFFICIENT INFRASTRUCTURE AND VILLAGE TOO SMALL TO</u> SUPPORT SCHEME

The infrastructure is available and no utility provider has raised concerns over greater needs. The existing store is known overtrades significantly and though the store is clearly bigger, the scale will resolve the overtrading concern and appropriate parking and pedestrian requirements are clearly met.

#### 6.18 NO NEED FOR ADDITIONAL RETAIL

Though previous retail assessments may have drawn the conclusion of there being no need for further retail provision, there is no requirement for town centre or any form of retail development to demonstrate such need, as was set out via the most recent edition of PPS6 and is continued in the revised PPS4. The need cannot be questioned and the increased offer should be viewed as beneficial.

#### 6.19 NEED FOR COMMUNITY FACILITY

Public consultation generally was in favour of this and highlighted a certain need for it. Opinion over this is divided to a degree but it is proposed nevertheless and it is for the applicant to ensure that it is built and in their interests to secure appropriate occupation. The building is flexibly designed and the scope of the planning recommendation sufficiently broad to allow for office use.

#### 6.20 COMMUNITY BUILDING IN WRONG PLACE

There are no other realistic locations available in the centre that would avoid compromising parking or other town centre requirements. The location of a building in this corner is important in townscape terms. The absence of one will open considerably views of the acoustic wall and service ramp to the foodstore which would represent a poor perception for visitors to the centre on the A565 southbound.

# 6.21 <u>LACK OF COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT AND RESIDENTS OPINIONS IGNORED</u>

As described it is impossible to accommodate all concerns. The report demonstrates overwhelmingly conscientious efforts by the applicant to involve

local groups and the Council's own procedures have seen nearly 700 letters of notification sent. Of those sent, around a 10% response rate has resulted.

#### 6.22 <u>DISRUPTION DURING BUILDING PERIOD</u>

The applicants have secured the use of the Central Buildings site to accommodate traders who wish to be relocated during the period, and there is a specific mechanism to be employed by condition that will facilitate this process. There are also many conditions relating to construction management, hours of operation, etc. A proposal of such magnitude cannot be expected to be delivered without a degree of disruption.

#### 6.23 WOULD LIKE TO SEE PETROL STATION INCLUDED

This cannot be achieved as its originally intended location would have given rise to a poor visual solution adjacent to the by-pass and southbound approaches. Additionally, it would have introduced a requirement for much more significant vehicular movement and new accesses and egresses close to the roundabout.

#### 6.24 AREA ACTION PLAN SHOULD BE PROVIDED

There is no requirement for one and the Council is obliged to consider the planning merits of the scheme presented. The scheme for consideration results from considerable working together between the applicant and officers and has made considerable provision for external input. The regulatory process followed clearly shows that the proposal can be delivered without this requirement.

#### 6.25 CENTRE SHOULD BE LOCATED IN DOCKLANDS

Such a proposal would be subject to the requirement for significant sequential testing and would require a far more rigorous series of policy tests to be passed that the current proposal. Moreover, further retail outside the centre of such scale could only be seen as of detriment to existing and already struggling centres, whilst failing to provide for a sustainable form of development and reduced opening for linked trips.

#### 6.26 SUSTAINABILITY APPRAISAL SHOULD BE CARRIED OUT

The scheme makes provision for sustainable building and use of renewable energy and there is no requirement for the scheme to undergo a Sustainability Appraisal. Additionally the scheme makes provision for pedestrian/cycle improvements to increase means of travel choice. It is sufficient and entirely appropriate to condition these elements.

#### 6.27 LACK OF CROSSING PROVISIONS

This has been critical and the applicants will be undertaking schemes of tactile paving and dropped kerbs at all points within 200 metres of the site and dedicated new pedestrian crossing facilities including the redesign of the double mini-roundabout to Islington for improved crossing. Overall links to the centre will improve markedly.

#### 6.28 NEED TO INTEGRATE NEW SQUARE AND EXISTING PEDESTRIAN

#### **AREAS**

Agreed; the applicant therefore will make provision for a significant contribution to new public realm which can reasonably be expected to offer scope for improvements to townscape not directly within the application site.

#### 6.29 DESIGN CONCERNS

These are explained in full throughout the report but in short there are many varied potential design solutions that would vary in both character and merit. The chosen solution goes for a lighter contemporary approach which reflects a new chapter in Crosby's evolution. Preferences for brick, tile, slate materials etc could seriously add impact to a building of the size and scale proposed. It is not unreasonable that the design chosen properly reflects the building's function, and this is a key component of PPS1.

#### 6.30 MULTI-STOREY CAR PARK TOO HIGH

It is unclear as to what height may be regarded as appropriate, but the building is to an extent of its own nature and uniqueness and fulfils a critical purpose in providing the parking necessary for the town centre to function as a whole.

# 6.31 FIRST FLOOR LOCATION OF STORE REDUCES ACCESSIBILITY/ROOFTOP PARKING COULD SAVE SPACE

It is accepted and understood that the ground floor positioning of the store would in many ways be desirable. However, the effects of this would likely drive the building's height further up as ramps and other infrastructure become necessary. It would also significantly expose servicing arrangements to greater public view, or make their screening all too prominent. Equally, underground parking generally is excessively costly, with reduced surveillance and would not resolve the criticism that many customers are still not being parked at store level. The submitted scheme does much to reduce the feel of Crosby being three car parks on an island.

The applicants propose travelators and lifts to carry many people at a time and the store is also level with and links direct to the decked car park across Moor Lane. There has been significant consultation with the Sefton Access Forum on this issue. It is not in the applicants interests to build a store that is either inaccessible or excludes certain groups.

#### 6.32 STORE COULD BE REPOSITIONED TO PRESERVE HISTORIC ROUTES

The historic routes are barely altered; there is however a rerouting of an existing pedestrianised part of Moor Lane. The overall character of movement was arguably altered more significantly by the original pedestrianisation of Moor Lane/Liverpool Road in the 1990s, just as the building of the original store in the early 1980s will have changed patterns of movement. The applicants have carried out numerous alternatives which do not work and one of these involved closing the route altogether which was of significant concern to the Council.

#### 6.33 FORMER STORE SHOULD BE REMODELLED TO RECONNECT COOKS

#### ROAD

Suggestions relating to partial demolition of the existing store to open up the routes to Cooks Road are not without merit, but cannot be accommodated as part of this application and the failure to do so is not a reason to reject the proposals. The opening of the blank elevations to the existing store will achieve the desired effect albeit in a different form and allied to pedestrian improvements improving connectivity at this point will enable traders in that part of Crosby to feed off the increased footfall in pedestrianised areas. Such works would also reduce the available retail offer and thereby opportunity for existing traders.

#### 6.34 ROUTING AND TIMING OF DELIVERIES

There is no gate to the service access which will allow deliveries to enter and exit without restriction and prevent unwanted waiting on the public highway. Significant acoustic walling is proposed and has been extended on the Council's request. All noise within the service yard is attenuated and there is will be management of the yard to prohibit a series of activities overnight. There is no reason to restrict hours of servicing. The existing route is the A565 and servicing vehicles will run in conjunction with other larger vehicles that need to use this route on a regular basis.

#### 6.35 NO FURTHER BARS/DRINKING ESTABLISHMENTS

There is appropriate control to ensure that any new establishments operate to hours consistent with those permitted elsewhere and any such use would be subject to a full noise assessment to determine its acceptability. There is an existing establishment which would be displaced and it would be unreasonable not to allow certain re-provision on a point of principle particularly within a town centre environment.

#### 6.36 IMPORTANT TREES WILL BE LOST

There are trees viewed from Richmond Road which would be lost but the wider reshaping of the landscape and trees designed not to outgrow their town centre location, together with the landscaping of key frontages, will off set this impact. There is no sufficient merit in the trees to be removed that justifies specific Tree Preservation Order (TPO).

#### 6.37 RE-ROUTING OF MOOR LANE MAY BE QUIET AND UNSAFE AT NIGHT

There is no evidence that the existing route causes unmanageable problems. There is ample surveillance of the area and this is improved further by the repositioning of one retail unit to Moor Lane opening up views in particular to the rear of the public house backing onto the current Allengate car park.

### 6.38 <u>SECURITY OF CYCLE PARKING IN UNDERCROFT</u>

This will be a matter for the applicant to manage in line with their overall security regime.

# 6.39 <u>ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR TO THE REAR OF THE GEORGE PUBLIC</u> HOUSE

This is commented on in detail in that section of the report relating to crime and anti-social behaviour.

#### 6.40 BUILDING MAY BE SUBJECT TO TERRORIST ATTACK

The applicant has been given clear advice to consider the use of bomb-proof stilts in the construction of the building but this is not a matter which is considered appropriate to cover by condition. It is open to the applicant to follow this advice all the same.

#### 6.41 SECURITY AND MANAGEMENT OF CAR PARK

This is a matter covered by planning condition.

#### 6.42 UNWANTED CAR USE AS A RESULT OF MULTI-STOREY

The scheme provides a level of parking that is compliant with planning policy. The proposals will also bring improved opportunities for bus use, taxi provision, cycling and pedestrians. The lack of a multi-storey, which has been subject to significant design improvement, will place severe pressure on the ability of the remaining spaces to accommodate the centre's realistic needs.

#### 6.43 PARKING IN RESIDENTIAL AREAS OUTSIDE CENTRE

This has been a key issue for discussion. Measures are proposed requiring the applicant to undertake investigation of surrounding roads and where deemed appropriate and necessary following discussion with the Council extend residents parking provision. This would be reviewed after 12 months and if necessary revised to suit.

#### 6.44 TOO MUCH PRIORITY FOR CARS OVER PEDESTRIANS

The scheme must balance the realistic requirements of all movement and for reasons stated above and within the report does exactly that.

#### 6.45 VEHICULAR EXIT TO BY-PASS A CONCERN

This will be moderated by an approach involving bollarding which will prohibit egress from this route at the busiest of times.

#### 6.46 <u>INSUFFICIENT PROVISION FOR TAXI FACILITIES</u>

This is noted and is an important provision. The scheme will provide measures for both in-store and out of store taxi provision.

#### 6.47 STAFF PARKING ON SITE?

The applicant will be required to produce a fully working and enforceable Green Travel Plan that sets out measures for reducing car dependence throughout the development, with staff parking requirements key to this and complementing the residents provisions described above.

# 6.48 WILL SLIP ROAD BE AVAILABLE FOR SERVICING ONCE MULTI STOREY BUILT?

Yes. This is a key requirement for traders on the Liverpool Road frontage and is retained.

#### 6.49 PARKING REFUNDS INSTORE/OTHER TRADERS?

The applicant intends to refund parking provision for those spending an as yet to be confirmed in-store minimum and it is open to them to consider expanding that offer to other traders but will not be a specific planning requirement.

The above comments respond in full to the range of comments and observations received. As indicated at the beginning of this report, it is impossible to accommodate, resolve or agree every concern.

Objections are continuing to be received at the time of writing at the approximate rate of 2 to 3 per day, and are each of very similar tone expressing opposition to the size and scale of the proposals.

These submissions are considered with the same weight as those who have objected throughout, but it is nevertheless unusual for more vehement objection to manifest itself at such a late stage in the planning process, and at a time when the main components of the proposal are to a large extent in place and unlikely to change.

Moreover, the proposals are not of substantially greater scale than was first envisaged some 18 months previous, nor has there been any obvious attempt to suggest otherwise.

#### 7. Relevant Policies

7.1 The application site is situated in an area allocated as District Centre on the Council's Adopted Unitary Development Plan.

#### **PLANNING POLICY STATEMENTS**

- 1 Delivering Sustainable Development (2005)
- 4 Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth (2009)
- 22 Renewable Energy (2004)
- 23 Planning and Pollution Control (2004)
- 25 Development and Flood Risk (2006)

#### **REGIONAL SPATIAL STRATEGY**

DP4 Making the Best Use Of Existing Resources

DP5 Manage Travel Demand; Reducing The Need To Travel, and

Increasing Accessibility

DP7 Promote Environmental Quality

EM17 Renewable Energy

EM18 Decentralised Energy Supply

RDF1 Spatial Priorities W5 Retail Development

#### SEFTON UNITARY DEVELOPMENT PLAN

| AD1 | Location of Development          |
|-----|----------------------------------|
| AD2 | <b>Ensuring Choice of Travel</b> |
| AD3 | Transport Assessments            |
| AD4 | Green Travel Plans               |

AD5 Access onto the Primary Route Network

CS1 Development and Regeneration

CS3 Development Principles

DQ1 Design

DQ2 Renewable Energy in Development

DQ3 Trees and Development

DQ4 Public Greenspace and Development

DQ5 Sustainable Drainage Systems

EDT18 Retention of Local Employment Opportunities

EMW9 Recycling Facilities

EP1 Managing Environmental Risk

EP2 Pollution

EP3 Development of Contaminated Land

EP6 Noise and Vibration EP7 Light Nuisance EP8 Flood Risk

R1 Retail Development Strategy

R6 Development in District and Local Centres

T1 Transport Network Priorities

UP1 Development in Urban Priority Areas

#### SUPPLEMENTARY PLANNING DOCUMENTS

Ensuring Choice of Travel Trees and Public Greenspace

### 8. Background and Key Issues

- 8.1 The application site is an established district centre retail location and is within the district centre boundary of Crosby.
- 8.2 Given the scale of the proposed store, which is to be 4,645 sq m in net sales area, and 8,802sq m gross, just over three times the size of the existing, the Council's retained retail consultants have been asked to appraise the proposals and a copy of their letter is attached for the benefit of members, setting out that Crosby is capable of accommodating this additional retail provision. The floor area is 3,252 sq m for food sales, and 1,393 for non-food. The principle of retail use and associated town centres uses on the site is, therefore, established.
- 8.3 The proposals as described bring considerable change to the townscape of Crosby; in particular, widely visible surface car parks and dated retail units will be removed. Opportunities are being explored for significant public realm improvement. The scheme will also make for a significant investment in Crosby creating a large number of new jobs.
- 8.4 The streetscape will change, as will anticipated footfall, and the scheme ought to encourage a more active centre environment that currently resulting from the store's existing position at the western end of the village.
- 8.5 Crosby as a centre has a local identity as a village but is in reality a District Centre. The facilities and environment it provides have suffered from a lack of investment in recent years and the applicants' existing store, which is the only store in the centre of significant size, overtrades significantly.
- 8.6 The opportunity has arisen for a major investment into the centre, bringing a larger supermarket and smaller retail units, with potential for a community use building, improved car parking and other facilities. There is no doubt that such a large investment would provide a major change to Crosby, and the applicant has faced the challenge of trying to incorporate this in a way which promotes investment whilst retaining the character of the centre.
- 8.7 The scheme has been subject to significant public consultation, taking the form of public exhibitions and leafleting, in two stages. The first stage to obtain general views; the second to seek comment in more detailed form.
- 8.8 700 stakeholders were identified, and contact points established. The applicants have also documented attendance at a Crosby Village Action Group attended by around 450 people in February 2009, and a Crosby Village Steering Group the following month. A website was set up the month after that alongside a freephone consultation hotline, and text messaging update service.
- 8.9 Following these provisions, all stakeholders were invited to attend a mobile exhibition in May 2009, covering 15 hours over two days, and on a Friday and

Saturday to cover individual working patterns. There were press releases to the Crosby Herald and Liverpool Echo. 229 questionnaires were received in response to this exhibition, with the most important factors seemingly the management of public realm and a clear identity for Crosby Village.

- 8.10 A second exhibition was held providing more detailed design in November 2009, attended over two days by an estimated 1,000 people. Of 129 feedback forms, 79 were in favour, 35 against and 12 not sure. The main points of concern related to the relocation of key facilities, car parking charges, and maintaining community facilities. There was also comment on the scale of the store not being in keeping with surrounding shops.
- 8.11 Following the second exhibition an information leaflet was circulated to 10,000 local households.
- 8.12 The nature of the scheme is such that it demands a high level of liaison with the local community and all with a keen interest in the future of Crosby. In my opinion, the applicant has been rigorous in seeking the views of interested parties and any criticisms of failure to discuss the proposals with the local community are entirely unfounded, given the extent and level of publicity that the scheme has received. Additionally, I consider that the applicant has responded as reasonably and fairly as possible to the concerns raised and it must be emphasised that it is not possible for the applicant to address every concern, in particular relating to size and scale.
- 8.13 In short, the consultation exercise undertaken is regarded as appropriate and proportionate to the magnitude of the proposals and I consider that the applicant has given considerable weight to the responses received.
- 8.14 The scheme has also been put to the North West Design Review Panel 'Places Matter!", who following consideration of a series of options, have offered broad support to the scheme on the basis of their understanding that the scheme has a range of wider objectives that go beyond the sheer scale of the proposals in their own right. The original plans presented to this panel raised a number of concerns which the applicant has now responded to:
  - The plans make provision for rerouting as opposed to closure of Moor Lane,
  - The plans better respond to identified key routes through centre,
  - Increased scale of new retail units fronting Moor Lane,
  - The foodstore relates far better to Richmond Road elevation,
  - The petrol filling station has been removed,
  - Closer analysis has been undertaken of other fabric to be demolished,
  - There is much greater respect of existing street hierarchy,
  - New retail units addressing Moor Lane street scene.
  - Alternative treatments to the Richmond Road elevation,
  - Screening treatment to the ground floor elevation along Richmond Road.
  - Improvements to servicing route from Little Crosby Road, and

- Colour cladding to he Multi-Storey car park.
- 8.15 In short they are accepting that Crosby is in need of significant change in order to sustain its status as a centre bringing vitality, viability and vibrancy.
- 8.16 The Panel have expressed strong views over the design merits of the scheme. However, their final conclusion of the possible alternative has served to expose the physical difficulty faced by the centre in accommodating development of the scale proposed (and in principle justified). Their eventual concluding suggestion was to propose the use of Islington car park as the basis for the proposals.
- 8.17 The Islington car park is around half the size that would be required, but even if big enough, would have most likely resulted in a scenario with the following limitations:
  - limited parking availability for the scheme and poor proximity to the store,
  - substantial impacts on the residents of property at 'Sandalwood',
  - predominance of non-active uses on key frontages due to functional requirements of servicing and storage,
  - a positioning of store which would further fragment existing retailers on Moor Lane limiting footfall along established routes,
  - difficulty in distinguishing between customer and service access, and
  - a requirement for a new bus routing and interchange.
- 8.18 Certain reservations of the design put forward by PlacesMatter! are not without justification, but they must nevertheless be regarded as a component of the wider planning process which must also carefully review the implications in terms of pedestrian and vehicular movement, and the wider benefits the proposals must bring to the town centre.
- 8.19 Other options have been considered but none have been found to work effectively in reducing the impact and scale of development. Alternatives have involved assessing the continued use of the pedestrianised part of Moor Lane as a through route, and increases in height that would potentially result from the combination of ground floor parking requirements or ramping arrangements to provide additional parking decks.
- 8.20 An ideal solution is far from easy to achieve, as it is proposing a large food store within a town centre location that must respond to and recognise the needs of a wide range of surrounding occupiers and other centre users.
- 8.21 There will be significant impacts both following and during construction, but equally, there is little likelihood that a scheme for the successful regeneration of the centre could be delivered that brings much needed investment and also adopts an approach of minimal intervention.
- 8.22 The scale of the proposal is bold and ambitious, and represents a once in a generation opportunity for regeneration if controlled and managed correctly.

8.23 This report examines the four key planning issues, followed by a description and assessment of each component of the proposal in respect of these. Other matters relating to impacts on the town centre both as existing and reconstructed are then analysed.

#### 8.24 **DESIGN**:

- The need for the proposals to contribute to a safe, secure environment for users at all times, with security, safety and passive surveillance at the heart of the scheme, and the need for the scheme to sit comfortably alongside other neighbouring uses with a view to minimalising instances of anti-social behaviour.
- The presentation of the various aspects of built form and their impacts from a considerable range of vantage points,
- The commitment to a design approach that maximises potential for ease of access and movement, provision for a full range of potential users, and the maximising and maintenance of opportunity for linked trips,
- The potential for significant public realm enhancement, public art and high quality landscaping,

#### 8.25 TRAFFIC ISSUES AND HIGHWAY SAFETY:

 The overall traffic impacts of the development, parking levels and future management, and the opportunities the development brings for a range of alternatives to the car,

#### 8.26 RESIDENTIAL AMENITY:

- Impacts on residential amenity, in terms of the physical impacts of built form, servicing, the new retail units and potential changes to traffic patterns, and the positioning of taxi provision,

#### 8.27 ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES:

- The effect of increased traffic and renewable energy requirements on air quality, and the extent to which measures may be put in place to both mitigate the impacts whilst offering enhancement, and
- The need to give no net loss of existing recycling facilities.
- The need to assess the proposal in respect of impacts on habitat and to ensure that potential for flood risk is assessed and mitigated where necessary.
- 8.28 The application has been screened for the purposes of Environmental Impact

Assessment and it has been concluded that no assessment is required.

- 8.29 With regard to the suggestions on the need for referral, the Town and Country Planning (Consultation) (England) Direction 2009 and Circular 02/09 (Departures) set out criteria against which planning application for town centre uses should be referred:
  - Any application for the development of a town centre use outside of a town centre (includes edge-of-centre, out-of-centre and out-of-town locations) where 5,000 sq m or more gross external floorspace is proposed and which is not in accordance with one or more provisions of the development plan in force:
  - Any application for the development of a town centre use outside of a town centre where 2,500 sq m or more gross external floorspace is proposed, which is not in accordance with one or more provisions of the development plan in force, and which when aggregated with existing floorspace of the same type of use situated within a 1 km radius of the proposed development would exceed 5,000 sq m.
  - Existing floorspace comprises floor space already provided, floor space which has been substantially completed within the period of 5 years preceding the date of the application, proposed floor space in respect of any application which has not been determined on the date of the application to which the Direction relates, or proposed floorspace in respect of any application for which planning permission has been granted within the period of 5 years preceding the date of the application to which the Direction relates.

Having reviewed the above in relation to the applicant's proposals for Crosby, it is not considered that there is a requirement to refer the application to Government Office North West (GONW).

### 9. Individual Scheme Components

# 9.1. Demolition of buildings and erection of retail food store with undercroft parking

- 9.2 This is the principal component of the scheme. The existing store would relocate to a new, purpose built location which is derived in part from the demolition of some existing properties on Moor Lane including the Glenn Buildings, and some residential properties at Richmond Road, whilst making partial use of the existing car park adjacent to the current store and the Cookslands car park to the rear of the Glenn Buildings accessed from Moor Lane.
- 9.3 The store would be at the eastern most part of the application site and will have a range of visible frontages, from Moor Lane, the by-pass and Richmond Road. The footprint proposed necessitates the re-routing of the existing pedestrianised area and this is described further at (6) below.
- 9.4 The store would be of around 15.5 metres in height and is a modern, contemporary design which will involve the sales floorspace being provided at first floor level. This is accessible from both the main pedestrian area of Moor Lane, and the adjacent decked car park discussed at (5) below. Travelators are proposed in addition to two customer lifts capable of accommodating 38 people at any one time.
- 9.5 In addition to food store sales, the scheme will also have a bakery, back up area and staff areas visible to Moor Lane but with a customer restaurant and toilet facilities at first floor level, the latter of which affords views of Richmond Road.
- 9.6 Servicing would occur directly from the by-pass and is an all movements junction. Vehicles would utilise a service ramp and undertake servicing at first floor level.
- 9.7 All parking is accessed via Richmond Road but an exit for customers is also proposed to the by-pass.
- 9.8 The store proposes to open during the hours of 0700-2300 Monday to Saturday, and 0900-1900 on Sundays (for six hours only within the provisions of the Sunday Trading Act).

#### Analysis/Appraisal

- 9.9 The building when viewed in plan form is undoubtedly of substantial footprint, but is broken in its elevational form to provide a range of acceptable impacts from ground level vantage points. From Richmond Road, the chief component is cladding of grey and white colour, but the glazed features and use of terracotta break this up and for its height give the building a lighter feel.
- 9.10 The building to the newly re-routed Moor Lane is expected to be of lively, active appearance, with full glazing for the majority of the elevation to a point close to roof level, and a glazed entrance visible from the west end of Moor Lane.

- 9.11 The by-pass elevation also represents a key public face to the building, but this generally reflects the functional requirements of the store in terms of servicing, delivery and back up. The elevations are broken at this point such that unduly obtrusive elevations are avoided, due largely to the constraints presented by the positioning of the by-pass. There is also a requirement for a sprinkler tank and pump house adjacent.
- 9.12 In amenity terms, the building will undoubtedly change the outlooks for residents on Richmond Road. In particular, many residents of Avon Court on the opposite side of the road currently see the back and side elevations of Telegraph House, and wider views are of this building and the open Allengate car park.
- 9.13 Albeit the orientation is unfavourable, the northern elevation of this building at the height proposed will not give rise to adverse impacts in respect of overshadowing of windows, being around 30 metres from the offset elevations of Avon Court, and the first floor will not impact on the privacy of residents whose windows are largely off set from the building itself. There are no other residents directly affected in respect of the built form though indirect views of the building will clearly be obtainable.
- 9.14 The nature of the operation is such that servicing will take place on a 24 hour basis. The applicant estimates 12 deliveries a day, equating to one every two hours. However, for the store to function, overnight and early morning deliveries are required. The impact of these is mitigated in two ways. One is that there will be no gate at the service access itself.
- 9.15 A common complaint of service vehicles is that the vehicle has to wait on the highway for a gate to open and the re-starting of its engine is often a cause of disturbance. The absence of the gate enables the vehicle to enter with due care but also with no waiting requirement. In addition, noise from reversing bleepers is entirely contained.
- 9.16 In addition, a key component of the building is a high acoustic wall, which will absorb all noise connected to servicing once the vehicle is within the raised service area. This will resolve all concerns relating to impacts from servicing and means there is no need to condition servicing access hours. The Environmental Protection Director has raised no objection on this point.
- 9.17 Unlike some other similar stores, the applicants' opening hours' arrangements are not centred on a 24 hour operation. I recognise that nearby residents would not welcome later hours of opening and therefore a condition is attached to ensure no opening outside the hours of 0700-2300 Monday to Saturday, and 0900-1900 on Sundays. At present the 1994 Sunday Trading Act precludes retailing for more than 6 hours on a Sunday, but there is a need for this to be adapted flexibly depending on local trade patterns. This is considered sufficient to ensure that there is no harm resulting from store activity.
- 9.18 The store itself is considered to be of acceptable design quality and of the form that may realistically be expected for a development of this scale. It is considered that the servicing and retailing restrictions will preserve the amenity of residents whilst the scale of the built form itself will not cause harm to outlook or result in loss of light.

- 9.19 The store will achieve a minimum of 10% of its energy requirements from renewable sources. Though it is considered that some assumptions contained in the report are generous, it remains the case that the likely energy generated would be closer to 20%. A planning condition is attached to require a range of in-built measures to provide for a sustainable construction.
- 9.20 Having established that the redevelopment of the centre involving buildings for retail purposes is acceptable, it is considered that is element of the scheme is acceptable and complies with policies CS3, R1, R6, AD1, AD2, DQ1, DQ2, DQ5. EP2 and EP6 of the Sefton UDP.
- 9.21. Full planning permission for erection of 7 small retail units comprising shops (A1); and/or financial and professional services (A2); and/or restaurants and cafes (A3); and/or drinking establishments (A4); and/or takeaway (A5)
- 9.22 In addition to the food store, and following the demolition of the existing retail units from Allengate onwards in a north easterly direction, it is proposed to reprovide smaller single storey units adjacent to the foodstore. Two of these are proposed on the southern side of the store at ground level, and four would be positioned on the opposite side of the entrance to the foodstore on the rerouted Moor Lane. The latter four would be sited under the decked car park to Moor Lane, but they directly address the street scene and the applicant is not seeking approval for a bar/drinking establishment in any of these.
- 9.23 In total, these six units will provide for 1,204 square metres of new gross retail floor space.
- 9.24 The seventh unit in the strictest sense is not a new construction, but would be a further independent retail unit within what is currently the applicant's off licence directly in line with the existing entrance to the main store. This has a gross external area of 456 square metres.
- 9.25 If planning permission is granted, it would be on a flexible basis such that any use could occur during the first ten years of occupation, with the ongoing lawful use reverting to that as it exists ten years from the date of first occupation.
- 9.26 The applicant has commissioned an independent appraisal of existing built fabric within the town centre including those units it is proposed to demolish.

#### Analysis/Appraisal

- 9.27 In view of the scale of the new main food store, it is essential that the centre also provides a range of units which are flexible in terms of both size and use. The design of the six units will reflect the more contemporary approach to the main store itself and will benefit substantially from the considerable footfall expected to be achieved on Moor Lane.
- 9.28 The reprovision of new retail units is entirely consistent with aims and objectives for a vibrant and viable centre, and in particular will complement the new food store attracting people to the centre for the purpose of linked trips within an newly formed and attractive environment.

- 9.29 The units will in themselves not compensate entirely for the loss of the current retail space, however, this is more than covered by the conversion of the remainder of the existing store at (4) below. Additionally, though numerically the number of units is seven, the floorspace is readily divisible in various ways to suit the needs of smaller retailers if necessary, or to accommodate those with more extensive requirements.
- 9.30 The appraisal document clearly sets out the history and development of the centre; the cluster of commercial properties around the turn of the 20<sup>th</sup> century (now addressing the pedestrianised former roundabout at Moor Lane was centred on Liverpool Road, Crosby Road and Cooks Road. The Art Deco buildings proposed to be demolished are of slightly later era, dating back to 1936 and there are also some residential properties remaining from a group demolished to enable the construction of Richmond Road.
- 9.31 The residential properties are considered to require a level of investment too great to justify their retention and previous attempts at repair work have been of rather poor quality.
- 9.32 It is noted that the more historic parts of Crosby will remain; these being the corner buildings identified above. They are considered to be of considerable character, and the Victorian buildings moving east the same albeit there have been some more significant alterations to these.
- 9.33 The Art Deco buildings also exhibit a distinctive character and it is considered that though not worthy of listing, they are rare in type and any replacement must achieve quality subject to improvement of the area's character and appearance. The post war buildings at the far east end which include Telegraph House are seen to be of no interest and not worthy of keeping.
- 9.34 The loss of this fabric in the centre is not without regret. However, it is not considered that such loss offers a sufficient argument for the withholding of planning permission when balanced against the other wider planning and regeneration objectives explained elsewhere in the report.
- 9.35 This component of the scheme accords entirely with planning policy at all levels, including PPS4: Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth, and the range of uses enabled are entirely consistent with what would be expected in a local centre and therefore complies with policies CS3, R1, R6 and DQ1 within the Sefton UDP.
- 9.36. Full planning permission for erection of community use building comprising financial and professional services (A2); and/or business (B1); and/or community uses (D1) with parking to rear.

- 9.37 The third component is the proposed community use building to be provided adjacent to the Moor Lane roundabout. This seeks permission for use as offices, business or community uses.
- 9.38 The building is of two storey brick construction with white render, and would total 636 square metres in area.
- 9.39 Parking is provided to the rear via a separate access off Richmond Road.
- 9.40 If planning permission is granted, it would be on a flexible basis such that any use permitted could occur during the first ten years of occupation, with the ongoing lawful use reverting to that as it exists within the building ten years from the date of first occupation.

#### Analysis/appraisal

- 9.41 Discussion of this component evolved over time following initial concern relating to the use of this part of the site as a Petrol Filling Station (PFS). The site is recognised to be an important gateway to Crosby for those visiting the centre from the north, who will tend to take the Moor Lane approach.
- 9.42 If this part of the site is not developed, it would open the far less attractive acoustic walling and blank ends of the main foodstore with landscaping the only buffer. It is considered that the built form proposed will assist in offering a different perspective on arrival.
- 9.43 The design is of low key nature but is intended to offer a response to other buildings nearby of more domestic scale, including residential property addressing or adjacent to the roundabout. It is not of outstanding quality but equally is not considered harmful in street scene terms and represents an acceptable response in terms of its built form, reflecting the scale and materials common in this area.
- 9.44 The issue of end user is a concern. It is known that the applicant has approached a range of community-based end users, but is yet to find an occupier. Most notably, there has been discussion with Sefton Primary Care Trust, but these are now to be abolished and in any event, it was felt unlikely that the building proposed would be big enough for their requirements.

- 9.45 In addition, Sefton CVS have commented that the use of the building for community purposes could have the reverse effect of impacting on the facilities made available by existing community uses.
- 9.46 In planning terms, it is not possible to specify the end user of the building within the use classes applied for, however, it is open to the local planning authority, given the identification of the site as a community building, to require that discussion has occurred with all available potential community uses to at the very least establish their interest before the units are made available to office or other business occupation.
- 9.47 The proposed demolition within the centre will involve the loss of 1,200 square metres of mostly first floor office space (though not all of it occupied). As such, the alternative is to reprovide office space within the building in the event that a community user cannot be found, as it is in the interests of the centre as a whole to see the building occupied.
- 9.48 The applicant intends to own and manage the building for a five-year period following completion of development and clearly it is also in their interests to establish a return. The Council would clearly not wish to become directly involved in management or ownership following this five year period and it would then become a matter between the owner/tenant at that given juncture.
- 9.49 The building is seen as an appropriate form of development for the corner and will add to the range and mix of uses within the centre. It is compliant with Policies DQ1 and R6 of the Sefton UDP.
- 9.50. Full planning permission for change of use and alteration of existing foodstore to shops (A1); and/or financial and professional services (A2); and/or restaurants and cafes (A3) and/or drinking establishments (A4); and/or takeaway (A5).
- 9.51 The existing store will continue to trade until such time as the new food store is ready to open. At this point, the existing will be converted into new retail units, one of which has been described at (2) above as that currently opposite the existing store which serves as the off licence, and with four provided in the main building itself. Three of the units would be accommodated over two storeys, and the fourth one would be a single level unit fronting Little Crosby Road.
- 9.52 The current brick building would be opened up further to provide retail frontage to both Liverpool Road and Little Crosby Road and servicing would be off a new road serving the latter and is shared by all occupiers.

#### Analysis/appraisal

- 9.53 As per the new units described at (2), the converted store will provide flexible and more sizeable opportunity for retail provision to the centre. The new foodstore may be seen to anchor the east of the centre with the subdivided units presenting a complementary retail offer to the west. This arrangement should give rise to a vibrant centre and increased profile for existing occupiers who do not need to relocate as a result of the proposals.
- 9.54 The building being opened up will see the removal of large, deadening areas of blank frontage and introduces new retail frontage visible from the pedestrianised areas of Liverpool Road, from opposite the bank and also on approaches from Cooks Road and Islington. There is a clear positive street scene impact and this opening will help the feel of the centre extending further to break the isolation of premises on Cooks Road.
- 9.55 Though less flexible than the new units described at (2), the largest unit of around 1,800 sq metres could still be disaggregated in practical fashion by making use of the part of the building facing the new decked car park. Units 1 and 2 could also be divided.
- 9.56 The conversion of the existing store excluding the off licence will offer around 3,000 square metres of useable retail space. This when added to the new units compensates for the loss of the existing retail floorspace, albeit reproviding in a different form. As with (2), hours conditions are attached to control opening in the event of any A3, A4 or A5 use being proposed.
- 9.57 As with (2), this component of the scheme accords entirely with planning policy and the range of uses enabled are entirely consistent with what would be expected in a local centre. A flexible range of uses is sought for these. Therefore this part of the proposal complies with policies CS3, R1, R6 and DQ1 within the Sefton UDP.
- 9.58. Full planning permission for construction of multi-storey car park to Islington with bus interchange facility and decked car park over existing Allengate car park.
- 9.59 A three tier multi storey car park is proposed on the site of that existing at Islington. This would provide for a total of 208 parking spaces, with 10 at ground level provided for disabled users. This element also comprises the provision of shared surfacing to The Green and Church Road at the northern

and southern ends respectively.

- 9.60 A glazed escape staircase with coloured cladding is proposed at either end and the base would take the form of a brick plinth.
- 9.61 The main part of the structure would be built from a vertical cladding system of aluminium colour coated specification. A curved, covered waiting area will be provided for bus passengers. The proposals will also increase the available space for buses to wait.
- 9.62 Access points to this are as existing, and the proposal will retain existing lime trees to the Islington frontage.
- 9.63 The existing car park at Allengate would be subject to an additional deck, with cars able to park in the existing space via the new main access point to the foodstore, with vehicles afforded movement over the new pedestrian route and a ramp running parallel to the existing store on its eastern side allowing for access to the deck above, which in turn allows customers direct on foot access over the bridge across the new route into the store itself. This supplements the parking available underneath the store.

### Analysis/appraisal

- 9.64 The multi-storey car park is positioned very prominently and presents a significant design challenge. Given the scale of development elsewhere it is felt appropriate that this reads as a building in its own right as opposed to being a continuation of the design elsewhere in the centre.
- 9.65 Following discussion with the applicant, a multi-coloured system of vertical cladding is proposed, which will minimise the impact of vehicle parking above ground level and present a structure of interesting and distinctive appearance. The staircases and glazed elements at either end add further interest.
- 9.66 The proposed shared surfacing will make for a satisfactory access to existing pedestrian areas.
- 9.67 The scale of development necessitates the levels of parking proposed via a multi-storey and the full implications in relation to highway safety and parking for the both this area and the centre as a whole are discussed elsewhere in the report.

- 9.68 The other key issue is that of the impact of the multi-storey on surrounding property. The building will undoubtedly alter the outlooks for nearby properties, most notably those at Sandalwood, on the opposite side of Islington turning the corner with Coronation Road.
- 9.69 The existing outlook is currently one of the bus stops and bus lanes on the opposite side to Islington, with ground based car parking behind the line of existing lime trees, which are to be retained within the scheme. This arrangement gives rise at busier times to a lively, bustling environment, but by no means visually appealing one.
- 9.70 The multi-storey cladding would be 7.6 metres in height from ground level, the towers either end are 8.6 metres in height, and overall the building is positioned over 40 metres from the windows of dwellings at Sandalwood. This will not cause loss of light or privacy for those residents.
- 9.71 It is noted that the Central Buildings Site directly to the south has permision for mixed retail and residential use, which could still be implemented, and the residential dwellings in this location would be much closer, but still at sufficient distance of at least 15 metres from the south elevation and again, no adverse impacts are expected.
- 9.72 There are no main windows to residential property elsewhere and the cladding is lower to the rear and partway around the sides at the entrance/exit points. This is sufficient to ensure no adverse impacts from the multi-storey car park.
- 9.73 With regard to the decked car park fronting Richmond Road, this is to be constructed from white metal clad panels and with dark grey rendered towers at either end when viewed from Richmond Road.
- 9.74 Following discussion, the applicant has agreed to provide landscaping to the front of this car park in the form of stainless steel "green walling", which accommodates planting to ground level, and overhang planting from the cladding itself, which will do much to soften the visual impact.
- 9.75 Planting will also be provided within the decked area at first floor level and there will also be ground based planting and tree cover to the Islington frontage, continuing across the front of the main food store. In my view this will improve the visual feel of Richmond Road and afford more pleasant outlooks for those residents nearest at Avon Court.

- 9.76 Both car parks will be fully secured and this issue will be discussed later in the report under the sections 'Designing Out Crime' and 'Parking/Highway Safety'.
- 9.77 Proposals involving built car parking can often give a notably hostile and unfriendly impression of an area, with swathes of concrete and minimal opening. However, on this occasion, the respective built forms offer an attractive and colourful solution bringing identity to Islington and a softer approach to Richmond Road, which make for a visual impact as good as can reasonably be achieved, given what these parts of the scheme entail.
- 9.78 It is considered that the built parking areas will offer acceptable levels of visual amenity without compromising or harming the living conditions of residents nearby. The scheme complies with Policies DQ1, H10 and AD2 of the Sefton UDP.
- 9.79. Full planning permission for new and altered vehicular and pedestrian accesses, including the re-routing of Moor Lane, landscaping of centre, construction of infrastructure and associated facilities together with associated temporary works and structures and associated utilities/services required by the development.
- 9.80 The following summarises the changes in access/egress in and around the centre.
  - a) Re-routing of the pedestrianised part of Moor Lane. This re-routing is necessary to make available the development footprint for the food store and new retail units to be provided whilst maintaining pedestrian flow through the centre. This will give rise to a new pedestrian route onto Richmond Road some 70 metres west of that already existing and will require closure of the pedestrian route currently in place.
  - b) New vehicular access from by-pass for servicing of existing retained retail premises to Moor Lane. This would also afford access for recycling, which will be discussed later in the report.
  - c) Widening of pedestrian route from new central square on Moor Lane linking to by pass.
  - d) New all-movements vehicular access from by-pass for servicing of main food store. This would replace the existing arrangement which sees the store serviced from Little Crosby Road in close proximity to the junction with Richmond Road.

- e) New bollarded vehicular egress from undercroft car park onto by-pass with left turn only facility.
- f) New vehicular access/egress via Richmond Road to serve the community use building.
- g) New traffic signal controlled vehicular access/egress via Richmond Road to serve the undercroft and decked car parking adjacent to the store.
- h) Extension of route from Little Crosby Road where servicing takes place to afford servicing of converted foodstore and other existing premises to the rear of Moor Lane.
- 9.81 A plan is attached to the report to explain these more clearly.
- 9.82 The applicant has as mentioned previously also applied for planning permission to revert the use of the cleared site at Central Buildings for the provision of temporary retail facilities both during the construction period and whilst the existing store is being converted.

### Appraisal/Analysis

- 9.83 The proposals described at 8.82 are likely to bring significant change in respect of general pedestrian flow around the centre, and a range of traffic impacts. However, the proposals for all their scale and proportion are not considered to deflect key routes unreasonably, with the change to the pedestrian route of Moor Lane the key component, and will through the range of uses proposed encourage movement and footfall across the centre as a whole.
- 9.84 There will also be a need for stopping up orders and other highway works to facilitate the development but these and the other linkages above are discussed in further detail under the heading of 'Parking and Highway Safety'.
- 9.85 Many of the issues relating to movement and access are reviewed under the heading 'Parking/Highway Safety'. Overall the measures are in compliance with Sefton UDP Policy AD2.

### 10. Other Planning Considerations

### 10.1 Designing Out Crime

- 10.2 The main concerns in discussion with the Police Architectural Liaison Officer relate to car park security, boundary treatments and general opportunity for surveillance. Additionally, there are currently known issues on Allengate car park late in the evening relating to crime and anti-social activity.
- 10.3 The plans have been amended to address and resolve a number of the above concerns.
- 10.4 The decked car park and undercroft parking will be secured via the use of gates and railings. This will apply around the entire boundary of the car park, with gates provided to open during store hours into various parts of the town centre. To prevent pedestrians entering the car park at the vehicular access points whilst the store is closed, roller shutters will be provided.
- 10.5 The securing of the decked car park will alleviate concerns relating to antisocial activity to the rear of properties on Allengate. As such, there is a need to ensure pleasant and well considered routes that do not serve as areas for congregation. To that end, there has been amendment to the service road serving Richmond Road, with additional tree planting provided, and one of the small units fronting Moor Lane has been recessed, to allow views for those at the end of the same service road to move unobstructed back to the main pedestrianised part of Moor Lane opposite the food store.
- 10.6 Discussion is taking place with the Council's Community Safety team with a view to establishing the possibility of improved Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) facilities and an in kind contribution from the applicant to enable its provision across the centre.
- 10.7 The proposal minimises areas of open gathering for crime and anti-social activity and as a consequence, there is no sustainable basis for objecting on this ground. The scheme complies with PPS1 (Delivering Sustainable Development) and Sefton UDP Policy DQ1.

### Parking/Highway Safety

- 10.8 The comments of the Council's Highways Development Control team are reported in full within Section 5, however, the following key points are reemphasised and will be covered either by revised plan, condition or Section 106/278 Agreement. The current total parking provision for the centre is 349 spaces within the three car parks.
- 10.9 The proposed development in its entirety will have an impact on the

- surrounding highway network and as a result a contribution will be required by the applicant towards the A565 corridor improvement strategy via Section 106.
- 10.10 Given that the vehicular access to the service yard is of significant width, a designated pedestrian route will need to be demarcated across the vehicular access, to reinforce that there is still a pedestrian route along the north side of the By-Pass. This will also need to include a rumble strip at the bottom of the slope gradient to prevent skateboarders and other unwanted uses of the ramp at the lowest point.
- 10.11 The entire service area from Little Crosby Road will need to be constructed as a shared surface. This is in order to improve pedestrian safety as there is the potential for conflict between service vehicles and pedestrians. A plan will be required by condition to show areas for parking, turning and manoeuvring.
- 10.12 The applicant will be required to fund the implementation of a residents parking scheme, with provision for further review following store opening, through a Section 106 Agreement (including legal procedures, advertising, traffic signs and carriageway markings.) This will also cover enforcement for at least 10 years through the Agreement. It should be emphasised that the agreement will not be required to cover the 800 metres surrounding the isochrones in full, these areas will be assessed and provision made within the 800 metres as appropriate.
- 10.13 The 628 total parking spaces for the centre accords with Sefton Borough Councils SPD 'Ensuring Choice of Travel.' Additionally, the Section 106 Agreement will make provision for a car park management plan will be required setting out charging, enforcement and a demand management regime, to be agreed in writing and can not be varied without the agreement of the Council.
- 10.14 Revised plans make provision for a new traffic signal controlled junction at Islington/Coronation Road/Church Road (exit only)/Bus interchange (exit only), will be required to replace the existing double mini roundabout. This will provide important pedestrian crossing facilities and improved priorities for bus users and can be covered by Section 278 Agreement.
- 10.15 In addition to this, provision will also be made for dropped kerbs and tactile paving at all points necessary within 200 metres of the application site, and a puffin crossing to the by-pass. This will improve further facilities for pedestrians and can also be covered by Section 278 Agreement.
- 10.16 The new provisions of bus stops and associated infrastructure, including a widening of the existing interchange via cutting back into the existing car park, and stops at Richmond Road and the by-pass (the latter partly to be recessed into the footways to maintain traffic flow) is considered acceptable.
- 10.17 Highways Development Control have also specified much needed

- improvements for cyclists including a contra-flow cycling lane via Church Road to link cyclists to pedestrianised areas of the town centre and minimise requirements to circuit the ring road.
- 10.18 Amended plans will be required for additional taxi parking provision both within the store and outside. It is not considered appropriate that the latter be provided to Richmond Road given the sensitivities associated with residential dwellings opposite. The applicant will be asked to give further consideration to provision closer to the multi-storey car park.
- 10.19 Requirements for a Travel Plan are covered by condition, and there will be a need for a full suite of Traffic Regulation Orders to cover the entire centre to sit alongside requirements for stopping up orders.
- 10.20 Subject to the necessary amendments and completion of agreements, it is considered that the scheme will not materially harm conditions for vehicle users, and bring positive enhancement for pedestrians and cyclists. This is compliant with Policies AD1, AD2, AD3, AD4, DQ1 and CS3 of the Sefton UDP.

### 10.21 Air Quality

- 10.22 The main issues on air quality relate to emissions from the proposed biomass boiler (designed to deliver renewable forms of energy to the proposal), and the potential effects that extra traffic will bring. Of particular importance is the fact that the site is within 2 kilometres of an identified Air Quality Management Area (AQMA).
- 10.23 The proposed flue for the main foodstore would be at a height of 17.6 metres. It has been confirmed by the Environmental Protection Director that this is sufficient for the purpose of dispersal of emissions in line with the Clean Air Act 1993, and also in conjunction with Air Quality issues of PM10 and No2 emissions.
- 10.24 The levels of traffic using the centre are set alongside the number of vehicles that travel through Crosby on a daily basis and in this context, it is not considered that the level of traffic increase described above will give rise to unacceptable Air Quality impacts.
- 10.25 The recommendation also includes a specific condition that will require the applicant to commit to a series of measures towards reduced emissions within a five year period following the opening of the store. This chiefly relates to service vehicles, electric charging points and suppression of stored material for the biomass boiler. This is of particular importance in the light of the site's relation to the AQMA and ties in with the Council's Low Emission Strategy.
- 10.26 It is considered that there is sufficient evidence available to conclude that no harm will result to air quality as a result of these measures, and will also provide meaningful contributions towards improved air quality such that that

the scheme complies with Sefton UDP Policy EP2.

### 10.27 Landscaping and Public Realm/Public Art

- 10.28 Under Policies DQ3 and DQ4 of the UDP, major development is required to contribute to tree provision and urban greenspace either on site or via a commuted sum payment for its provision elsewhere.
- 10.29 The tree requirement is based on one tree per 50 sq metres of main store floorspace, with two required for each one removed.
- 10.30 This equates to a total of 397 trees based on floorspace. There will also be 66 trees removed as a result of the proposal, and as two are required for each to be replaced, this equates to 132, which adds up to 529 in total.
- 10.31 As 107 are proposed to be planted, the off site requirement for trees is 422. The cost of this provision is based around £464.50 per tree at 2010/11 rates, giving rise to a required commuted sum payment of £196,019.
- 10.32 The greenspace requirement is based on the gross floorspace one unit of £1,734.50 per unit of 100 square metres for the part of the scheme comprising major commercial development. This equates to 100 units in total which gives rise to a total commuted sum payment of £173,450 being provided on site.
- 10.33 The applicant has submitted a series of cost breakdowns as follows to explain why this sum is not believed to be necessary:
  - Fencing/pedestrian gates/roller shutters: £179,500
  - Pedestrian paving around retail units: £153,700
  - Trucking route/pedestrian link: £44,500
  - Town Square Feature: £23,000
  - Trucking routes: £44,500
  - Street Furniture: £35,000
  - Planting: £20,000
  - Feature Lighting £80,000
  - Signage £15,000
  - Total £550,700
- 10.34 The above is regarded as an undertaking by the applicant to carry out specific infrastructure required in conjunction with their scheme and in particular, much of the costs above stem from their own requirements for a store of the footprint and position proposed. The provision of pedestrian paving around retail units is nothing other than what should be occurring in view of the existing Moor Lane route being stopped, and items such as trucking routes are not to be regarded as benefits that offset required greenspace provision.
- 10.35 The town square feature is a series of steps and benches and the works will be required to be carried out by a Sefton approved contractor. Rerouting an access is not seen as a discernable offsetting benefit of the scheme. Lighting and signage should also be seen as a standard and necessary component of

- any centre, as opposed to being a significant concession on the part of the applicant.
- 10.36 The only offsetting of the required sum relates to the applicant's agreement to the provision of a mosaic to the side elevation of retail unit 5 on the pedestrian route from Moor Lane to the by-pass. This is estimated to cost in the order of £30,000 and it is agreed that this will be offset against the total greenspace contribution. The chosen design will be finalized via a competition amongst local schools and the Section 106 Agreement will set out the mechanism for the final decision. This gives rise to a total greenspace requirement, at 2010/11 rates, of £143,450.
- 10.37 The total commuted sum requirement is £339,469 and will be contained in draft heads of terms to be agreed prior to the granting of planning permission.
- 10.38 Subject to the total required being provided, the scheme will meet the requirements of Policies DQ3 and DQ4 of the Sefton UDP.

### 10.39 Accessibility and Inclusive Design

- 10.40 The scheme has been presented to Sefton Access Forum both prior to and during the planning application process. A number of concerns relating to access have been raised by them and discussed to the applicants.
- 10.41 As the store is at first floor level, travelators are positioned inside the entrance core measuring 25 metres in length. These will allow access on a shallow gradient for trolley and disabled users and is a known and proven form of access in the applicant's other stores around the country. There will be audible warnings for customers as they approach the end of the travelator.
- 10.42 Additionally, two customer lifts are to be provided each of which will accommodate 21 people at a time, therefore giving a further option to those wishing to use the first floor. These will afford substantial turning space for wheelchair users and are expected to include sound alerts for the blind to inform of their location.
- 10.43 Disabled parking is provided both in convenient locations to the entrance at both store level and within the undercrofts; and it is considered that the choice available is sufficient to allow parking for those wishing to be protected from external elements on their visit to the store, whilst there should be no difficulty given the arrangements above for first floor access for those using undercroft disabled spaces.

- 10.44 The applicant will apply a management assistance regime for those who would have difficulty evacuating the store in the event of emergency. This takes the form of specialised chairs and colleague assistance, with refuge spaces designed into evacuation staircases.
- 10.45 The WC's within the proposed store will be constructed in accordance with the technical parts of the Building Regulations. The floor area of the toilets is over 100 square metres, and will be located at first floor level adjacent to the customer café, which itself would be around 300 square metres in floor area with outlook over Richmond Road.
- 10.46 The applicant has confirmed that all tables and chairs within the café area will not be fixed
- 10.47 The proposals also comply with Merseytravel's requirements for Merseylink vehicles to get customers in and out of the store with ease.
- 10.48 It is considered that the above measures ensure appropriate provision for all users in line with the requirements of Policy DQ1 of the Sefton UDP.

### 10.49 Flood Risk

- 10.50 Revised information on drainage and discharge rates was sent to the Environment Agency on 30 July 2010 and has been sent to the Environment Agency and United Utilities with a view to resolving current concerns. The latter have advised that all surface water must be drained to a separate system and not into the foul/combined sewer.
- 10.51 Subject to revised comments from the statutory undertakers on these points, there should be no issue with regard to flood risk and the requirements of PPS25 (Flood Risk) and Sefton UDP Policy EP8 would be met.

### 10.52 Contaminated Land

10.53 The site is understood to have had previously potentially contaminative land users and the applicants have themselves recommended that a Phase II site investigation be carried out. This will need to be submitted to the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of ground investigation works and it is considered appropriate that this be conditioned. The full remediation of the land would accord with the requirements of PPS23 (Contaminated Land) and Sefton UDP Policy EP3.

### 10.54 Ecological Appraisal

- 10.55 The original report entitled "Ecological Assessment and Bat Surveys: Sainsbury's Development, Crosby, Merseyside", Landscape Science Consultancy was updated in June 2010 to include the results of internal inspections of buildings undertaken in January 2010 and bat activity surveys undertaken in June 2010.
- 10.56 MEAS have confirmed that the survey found no evidence to suggest that bats were roosting on the application site and minimal bat activity was recorded in the area.
- 10.57 The proposed development is therefore considered unlikely to have any measurable effects on bats and it is not necessary for the Council to assess the proposals against the three tests in the Habitats Regulations. However, the report includes measures designed to ensure that the project will comply with relevant legislation in the unlikely event of bats being present. An appropriate condition is to be used to secure this.
- 10.58 The original report also assessed the potential for breeding birds and the condition will cover this point too.
- 10.59 There are no other interests of acknowledged nature conservation importance and with there being no requirement for Appropriate Assessment, and the necessary surveys being completed and found to be acceptable prior to the granting of planning permission, the scheme complies with Policies NC1, NC2 and NC3 of the Sefton UDP and advice contained in PPS9 (Biodiversity and Geological Conservation).

### 10.60 Recycling

- 10.61 The applicant has following discussion agreed to recycling provision at a point accessed and egressed via the by-pass. A range of other options have been discounted. The site adjacent to the substation off Little Crosby Road would give rise to residential amenity issues through the dropping of cans and bottles, and inside one of the car parks was felt prohibitive as it removes the facility to recycle for free.
- 10.62 A scheme maintaining the visual amenity of the area where recycling takes place will be required by condition. The scheme is considered on this basis to comply with Sefton UDP Policy EMW9.

### 10.63 External Lighting

10.64 The proposed lighting to the car parks is seen as acceptable by the Council's Technical Services (Lighting) department. The equipment to be used will give rise to "little or no light pollution". There should be no light spillage into areas that would not require or welcome it.

10.65 The scheme does not therefore conflict with the requirements of Sefton UDP Policy EP7.

### 10.66 Local Labour

10.67 A condition is attached requiring the applicant to enter into a scheme that will require them to maximise the potential for local labour during both during construction and once the store opens, to comply with Sefton UDP Policy EDT18.

### 10.68 OTHER MATTERS/WIDER CONSIDERATIONS

- 10.69 The draft heads of terms, which will in part refer to the tree and greenspace obligations above, are still the subject of discussion at the time of writing with the Council's property management advisors.
- 10.70 The Council has a role as landowner, which is completely separate from the role of the Council as Local Planning Authority. It is nevertheless important to advise members that these discussions relate to the Council's valuation of its land interests, and also the potential future liabilities to the Council.
- 10.71 Of particular concern in this respect is the multi-storey car park to Islington. The current scenario is that the applicant would fund the construction of the car park, and hand this over to the Council on completion. However, the Council's position is currently that it would not wish to assume the liabilities connected to future management and maintenance.
- 10.72 Discussion is therefore taking place to agree a single strategy for the management of all car parking across the town centre. The multi-storey makes a significant contribution to the level of car parking seen as necessary to service the centre on completion of development.
- 10.73 This being said, the application remains for the multi-storey car park and the whole scheme could not proceed in any form until the management regime is in place and agreeable both to the Council and the applicant. Nevertheless, the question of who manages and maintains the car parks is not strictly a planning issue and does not prevent the granting of planning permission; in the same manner that the need for the applicant reach agreement with other third parties does not prevent permission being granted. It is therefore the case that whilst agreement is desirable, it is essential that the absence of specific agreement is not used as a tool to withhold the development proposal.
- 10.74 The discussion relating to parking management regimes across the centre ties in directly with this issue and the applicants propose to refund to customers spending a minimum amount in their store if they park adjacent to the store. The finalised arrangement will need to ensure the best balance of car users to ensure that in particular, the multi-storey is used to its proper

potential.

- 10.75 Should agreement arise on this matter prior to Committee, it will reported by way of a separate appendix item.
- 10.76 The scheme would also involve the displacement of a range of existing retailers, and whilst the applicant has advised that they will receive first refusal on the new retail units, their eventual relocation is not a planning matter against which the scheme may be adversely judged. Nevertheless, the applicant has applied for planning permission to use the Central Buildings site for temporary provision. This is reported separately and is considered an appropriate solution.
- 10.77 It is considered that the need to re-provide within the town centre on a wider basis is an issue that can be secured via the planning process. However, the planning process cannot be used to decide which individuals will get first option, nor define the terms or prices by which the applicant will offer the units. It is suggested that a planning condition is applied to this recommendation require the applicant to submit a "relocation framework", setting out the measures they intend to take to accommodate existing traders, with documentary evidence of the discussions held and with whom.
- 10.78 It remains the case that not all existing traders will need new facilities; some may decide to cease operation altogether, some may relocate to existing vacant buildings elsewhere in the centre, and it is therefore impractical to require the applicant to provide 700 square metres of physical floorspace prior to any agreement on relocation.
- 10.79 In my view, the Council will have fulfilled its obligation to existing traders as far as possible by requesting that the applicant provides complete evidence that they have asked existing traders exactly what they require, in a prescribed form, and for the combined answers to dictate the level of temporary occupation constructed.
- 10.80 Once this information is presented, it will afford clarity on the level of temporary provision that the applicant must provide and will enable the Council to formally specify that the units be built up to the maximum 700 square metres.
- 10.81 The applicant will subsequently be required to provide that level of accommodation. It is then a matter between them and the eventual occupier as to the terms by which they will occupy the unit. The planning condition attached to the recommendation sets out the mechanism in clear and specific detail.

Planning Application S/2010/1008 – Temporary Retail Units

- 10.82 The proposed siting on land off Church Road, adjacent to the Islington car park, is considered acceptable, and is consistent with the decision to grant planning permission for permanent development of this land in 2006. This application remains capable of implementation on the basis that a start was made.
- 10.83 There is a planning condition connected to the recommendation of S/2010/0350 which ensures that provision will be made for the temporary units as required, however specific conditions are attached to the recommendation on this proposal that require frontage to Church Road, security measures both for the buildings and the site as a whole, and the layout of the units such that where required, they are positioned with the first as near to Moor Lane as possible, and so on.
- 10.84 Though of a temporary nature, the design of the units is above the standard of a conventional portakabin.
- 10.85 An objection has been received from the occupier of 36 Sandalwood, 83 Coronation Road, reaffirming objection to the main application but commenting that the residents of Sandalwood will be "looking at a wall around a car park which will resemble the Berlin Wall". It is commented that conditions will be attached to the permission to ensure the right balance between security and frontages directly addressing street scene. The site is hoarded off in its entirety and at present represents 'dead frontage' within the centre.
- 10.86 The proposal makes acceptable provision for the relocation of traders during construction and is entirely compliant with planning policies R1, EP6 and DQ1 of the Sefton UDP and in the absence of any other overriding material planning considerations, the granting of this permission is therefore justified.

### Section 106

- 10.87 Regulation 122 of the Community Infrastructure Regulations (CIL) 2010 states that a planning obligation will only constitute a reason to grant planning permission if it is necessary to make the development acceptable in planning terms, it is directly related to the development and fairly and reasonable related in scale and kind to the development. This legal test applies to all determinations made on or after 6 April 2010. It is considered that the requirements of the planning obligations as set out by the approval recommendation are entirely consistent with making the development acceptable in planning terms.
- 10.88 In view of the timing of the report, any further issues raised between the time of writing and the date of Committee will be the subject of a further addendum report.

### 11. CONCLUSION

- 11.1 The proposed development whilst bringing major change to Crosby would represent a major investment in the centre's future. It would bring significant employment benefits and lead to the regeneration of the centre. The scheme has been discussed in detail with the applicants who in turn have consulted widely with other interest groups.
- 11.2 All efforts have been made to ensure that existing businesses would have an opportunity to remain in Crosby. Taken as a whole, the Planning and Economic Development Director feels that the development would be a much needed positive regeneration for Crosby.

### 12. REASONED JUSTIFICATION:

- 12.1 The proposals are fully compliant with the development plan and with national planning policy as set out in PPS1 and PPS4. The proposal is consistent with all local plan policies referred to within the report and the development will therefore accord with the aims of national and local planning policy in delivering mixed use development of a sustainable form in the heart of Crosby local centre.
- 12.2 It will provide a much needed injection of investment and a boost to the local employment sector, whilst offering townscape improvements and a high quality visual environment altering but maintaining key routes within the centre and improving links beyond the centre via an improved and safer environment for pedestrians and other road users which in turn will support linked trips.
- 12.3 The scheme will serve as a catalyst for further investment into the Crosby village whilst making direct financial contributions towards improved tree provision and public realm beyond the area the applicant seeks to develop.
- 12.4 As such and having regard to all other material planning considerations, the granting of planning permission is justified.

Contact Officer: Mrs S Tyldesley Telephone 0151 934 3569

Case Officer: Steve Faulkner Telephone 0151 934 3081

### WYG Planning & Design

part of the WYG group



Ref: A064407

Date: 17th May 2010

Alan Young Sefton MBC First Floor Magdalen House 30 Trinity Road Bootle L20 3NJ

Dear Alan

### PROPOSED SAINSBURY'S SUPERMARKET, CROSBY

Further to your request to provide an appraisal of the suitability and acceptability of the proposed Sainsbury's foodstore at Crosby, our advice in relation to the development is set out below.

### Introduction

Sainsbury's Supermarkets Limited have applied for full planning permission on land at Crosby District Centre for a new foodstore with associated car parking, a new multi-storey car park, public transport interchange, new retail units, conversion of the existing Sainsbury's store into new retail units, and the erection of a building for community uses. The scheme is identified as a major regeneration project which would transform the eastern gateway to Crosby District Centre, making use of an under-utilised brownfield site which would allow for the development and integration of a new Sainsbury's foodstore.

The proposed development can be summarised below:

|                      | Existing<br>Commercial<br>Fleoropace<br>(GIA) | Floorspace |            | let Increase in<br>oorspace (GIA) |
|----------------------|---|------------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Existing Sainsbury's | 3,576 sqm                                     | 3,576 sqm  | 0 sqm      | -3,576 sqm                        |
| New Sainsbury's      | 0 sqm   | 0 sqm      | 8,802 sqm  | +8,802 sqm                        |
| Small Retail Units   | 4,189 sqm                                     | 4,189 sqm  | 4,320 sqm  | +131 sqm                          |
| Office Space         | 1,204 sqm                                     | 1,204 sqm  | 0 sqm      | -1,204 sqm                        |
| Community Use        | 552 sqm                                       | 552 sqm    | 636 sqm    | +84 sqm                           |
| Total                | 8,969 sqm                                     | 8,969 sqm  | 13,122 sqm | 4,237 sqm                         |

In seeking to justify the proposed redevelopment, Turley Associates (TA) have prepared a planning and retail statement in support of the application which sets out the key arguments as to why planning permission for the development should be granted. WYG have reviewed this document and have used this as the basis against which the acceptability of the proposal in retail planning terms has been tested.

creative minds safe hands

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WYG Planning & Design

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In dealing with the proposed development, WYG have also reflected upon the key findings of previous retail research undertaken on behalf of the Council, most recently set out in the 2009 version of the retail strategy review. This document is also referred to at length by TA within their planning and retail statement.

Although a key starting point in the determination of any planning application should be the Development Plan, it is important to note that new guidance has been recently issued by Central Government in the form of PPS4. Whilst the Development Plan including the adopted Regional Spatial Strategy and the adopted UDP will guide the overall suitability of the proposed scheme, it is important to note that neither of these Development Plan documents have benefited from the most recent guidance set out in PPS4. Therefore, in preparing this advice, significant weight has been given to PPS4 in this appraisal process.

The most significant change set out in PPS4 in relation to retail development is the removal of the needs test. However, it is evident that the proposed development falls within the defined boundary of Crosby District Centre and therefore, any assessment of need under previous PPS6 guidance would also not have been necessary. More importantly, PPS4 confirms that if a development is located within an established centre, then it is not necessary for the applicant to satisfy the sequential approach.

However, as set out in paragraph EC14.6, PPS4 makes it quite clear that an impact assessment is required for planning applications in an existing centre which are not in accordance with a Development Plan and which would substantially increase the attraction of the centre to an extent that the development could have an impact on other centres. Given that the proposed Sainsbury's store represents a significant increase in the overall net sales area compared to the existing store, WYG believe that it is important to test the impact of the development. Therefore, we believe that it is necessary to satisfy the impact tests as set out in Policy EC16. In addition, it is evident that all planning applications for economic development should also satisfy the impact considerations set out in Policy EC10.2.

### The Principle of Retail Use

As highlighted above, the proposed development involves the re-use of an existing brownfield site within the defined boundary of Crosby District Centre. Given that both the Development Plan and PPS4 seek to enhance the vitality and viability of established centres, the principle of the type of development proposed is clearly acknowledged.

In understanding the background to this planning application, it is important to note that research undertaken by Sefton Council since 1997 has identified that the existing Sainsbury's foodstore within Crosby has been significantly overtrading as it is not large enough to satisfy the needs of its local catchment. The overtrading of the store has led to in-store congestion at peak times and in some cases will force other people to travel further distances to access foodstores elsewhere. Therefore, the need for a new and enlarged Sainsbury's foodstore within Crosby is well established and would help address significant qualitative deficiencies with the current store. The new store will not only provide a more attractive environment for shoppers but it will also enable the full range of convenience goods to be stocked which will again benefit consumer choice.

Furthermore, it is evident that the proposed development will deliver more than just a new foodstore at the heart of Crosby District Centre. The development will allow the re-use of the existing Sainsbury's store for approximately five retail units which would form part of the primary shopping area. In addition, a new multi-storey car park will also be provided serving both the foodstore and the District Centre as a whole. Clearly, there are strong arguments in favour of the comprehensive development proposed, particularly in terms of reinforcing the vitality and viability of the primary shopping area and securing a new anchor

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foodstore which would underpin the future attractiveness of the centre and secure significant footfall for other facilities.

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### **Assessment of Potential Impact**

As outlined previously, PPS4 states that all applications for economic development (including retail) must be assessed against the requirements of both Policy EC10.2 and Policy EC16.1. Policy EC10.2 effectively deals with the key sustainability issues such as accessibility and carbon emissions, as well as the overall quality of design and the impact on local employment. As WYG have been asked to assess the retail implications only, we have not commented on the quality of design or the opportunity to limit carbon emissions. However, it is evident that in terms of accessibility, given the sites in-centre location, the site is clearly accessible by all forms of transport and will also benefit from a local walk-in catchment. This in turn will have positive impacts on carbon emissions whereby the need to travel by private motor vehicle will be reduced.

It is also important to note when assessing the development against Policy EC10.2, the new enlarged foodstore will create significantly more employment than the constrained store at present. In fact, TA assumes that an additional 150 jobs will be created by the new development which, although it is unclear how many of these will be full-time equivalents, appears to be a reasonable assessment. Therefore, in assessing the proposed development against Policy EC10.2, it is evident that the scheme would have significant positive impacts in terms of providing resilience to climate change, being accessible by a choice of means of public transport, securing economic and physical regeneration within the established centre, and providing local employment. Whilst we have not commented on the quality of the design, we believe that the proposed development more than satisfies the requirements set out in Policy EC10.2.

### Policy EC16

As highlighted previously, it could be argued that as the development is located within an established centre, it should not be necessary to assess the impact of the scheme on the vitality and viability of that centre. However, given that the proposed development is of a significant scale that will substantially increase the attractiveness of the centre; we believe it is necessary to test the development against Policy EC16 as set out in paragraph EC14.6 of PPS4. Whilst this impact test is not focussed on Crosby District Centre, it must consider the implications for other centres within the local hierarchy that may be adversely affected by the development.

In dealing with the six criteria set out under paragraph EC16.1, our conclusions on each matter are as follows.

### The Impact of the Proposal on Existing, Committed and Planned Public and Private Investment in a Centre or Centres in the Catchment Area of the Proposal

It is evident that the scheme proposed for Crosby represents a significant private sector investment within the primary shopping area which will transform the overall attractiveness of Crosby as a main food shopping destination as well as meeting the needs of the local community.

With regard to other centres in the catchment area, it is evident that the provision of a new enlarged foodstore within Crosby would not have an adverse impact on investment in other centres throughout the Sefton area. As highlighted previously, the existing foodstore within Crosby has been compromised for a significant period of time and, as a result, has been trading well above its company benchmark average. Therefore, the primary role of the new enlarged foodstore will be to alleviate this over trading and the symptoms (including in-store congestion) which are associated with that. Clearly, we would anticipate that people currently not shopping within Crosby may be attracted to the new development who may shop at other foodstores elsewhere. However, given that the majority of the competing provision surrounding Crosby is located on out-of-centre sites, any impact on these stores, including the existing Tesco at Formby and the new Tesco store at Lanstar, are not afforded any policy protection. In addition, given the overall

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shortfall of convenience provision in the South of the Borough in the past, there is a need for further investment within Crosby to relieve over-trading and help meet the day-to-day needs of the local community.

Although new investment has been secured recently within Bootle including the provision of a new Asda foodstore, this foodstore will be competing directly with the new Tesco at Hawthorne Road and would not be drawing from the same primary catchment from which the proposed Sainsbury's at Crosby will draw the majority of its trade. Therefore, whilst there may be some concerns about the potential impact on Bootle created by the new development in Crosby, WYG do not believe that this will be an issue at all, given that the Sainsbury's in Crosby has historically been over-trading and therefore any additional trade drawn to the store will not be significant enough to create any adverse impact.

### Impact of the Proposal on Town Centre Vitality and Viability, Including Consumer Choice

As highlighted previously, the proposed development will have a positive impact on the future vitality and viability of Crosby District Centre. In addition, the development will also provide a modern, high quality Sainsbury's foodstore which will add to the choice of new foodstore provision within the South of the Borough which is currently dominated by Tesco (with stores at Formby, Litherland and Bootle) and Asda (with stores at Aintree and Bootle). Therefore, there will be significant positive impacts on enhancing the choice and range of convenience goods within this part of the Borough.

### The Impact of the Proposal on Allocated Sites Outside Town Centres Being Developed in Accordance with the Development Plan

As there are no sites within Sefton that have been allocated in out-of-centre locations, this test does not apply.

### The Impact of the Proposal on In-Centre Trade/Turnover

As highlighted previously, we anticipate that a significant proportion of the stores turnover will be transferred from the existing store in Crosby which has been over-trading since the mid-90's when retail surveys were conducted by the Council. Since then, this position has not changed and therefore, it is unlikely that the proposed development would draw significant trade from other established centres elsewhere within the catchment, particularly given that the two major foodstore in close proximity to Crosby are large out-of-centre Tesco stores which are afforded no protection under retail planning policy.

### If Located In or On the Edge of a Town Centre. Whether the Proposal Is of an Appropriate Scale in Relation to the Size of the Centre and its Role in the Hierarchy of Centres

In assessing the appropriateness of scale of the development, it is evident that whilst the development will represent a significant increase in the size of the Sainsbury's store, the store itself would not be uncommon in District Centres elsewhere throughout the North West. Clearly, the size of the Sainsbury's store is influenced by a number of factors including the need to better provide for the demands of the local community as well as providing an offer and range of products that is competitive when compared to other large foodstores elsewhere in South Sefton. Constraining the size of the Sainsbury's foodstore would do little to address the qualitative deficiencies of the existing store and would not enable Sainsbury's to compete effectively with other modern provision elsewhere. This in turn would not bring about the positive impacts for Crosby District Centre as a whole.

Therefore, whilst the proposed development represents a significant proportion of the established centre of Crosby, the scale in our view is not inappropriate for the role and function of the centre and will enable

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Crosby to compete effectively as a convenience goods destination in the future, which can only bring about wider positive benefits.

#### **Any Locally Important Impacts**

Although there are no obvious locally important impacts in relation to the retail development, it is evident that there are a number of other positive benefits which will need to be weighed in the balance when determining the planning application. These are set out in chapter 11 of TA's planning and retail statement and include the:

- · regeneration and investment of Crosby;
- linked trips to support other shops and services in the centre;
- improvements to the quality of the townscape;
- improvements to town centre parking;
- job creation;
- improvements to public realm and accessibility;
- · improvements to the quality of shopping provision from the new units;
- · improvements in the retail offer created by the large foodstore;
- customer comfort;
- helping meet the needs of the local community; and
- community building provision.

#### **Summary and Conclusions**

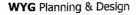
Based on our knowledge of the past performance of Crosby District Centre and the Sainsbury's foodstore, the need for new investment and a new foodstore within the centre is well established. The development now promoted by Sainsbury's would appear to not only provide the necessary anchor foodstore required to secure the future vitality and viability of the centre, but will also provide additional retail and community units, as well as enhance parking which will benefit the centre as a whole. Although we believe that post-development the centre of Crosby will be more attractive as a retail destination, we do not anticipate that this will in any way adversely affect the role and function of other established centres within the catchment and South Sefton. The over-trading at the existing Sainsbury's store is significant and will ensure that the new enlarged store will not have to rely on drawing trade from a significant distance just to support the scale proposed.

Given that we do not anticipate there to be any significant adverse impacts created by the future trading pattern of the proposed development, it is evident when this conclusion is combined with the significant positive impacts that will be delivered for the centre as a whole, the only conclusion that can be reached in relation to this development from a retail planning point of view is that it is wholly compliant with both the Development Plan and the most recent national guidance. PPS4 makes it quite clear that town centre investment is the absolute priority in maintaining vitality and viability. The development before the Council represents a prime example of in-centre comprehensive redevelopment which will transform the fortunes of Crosby District Centre and secure its future vitality and viability in both the medium and long-term.

However, in ensuring that the wider benefits of the scheme are delivered, it will be fundamental that appropriate phasing conditions or legal agreements are put in place to ensure that all the components of the development are delivered as part of the scheme. Although the Applicant has provided suggested conditions as to how the development could be phased, it will be important for the Council to ensure that the development is delivered in the comprehensive manner as proposed and that all of the phases will be implemented in the short-term. In addition, in order to control the scale and turnover of the foodstore (ensuring that it is appropriate); we would suggest that conditions are put in place to control the net sales

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area as proposed. Although imposing conditions on the split of convenience and comparison goods may be viewed by some to be less appropriate in this circumstance given its town centre location, we believe that there is a need to control the scale of the foodstore element so as to satisfy the test set out at paragraph 14.6 of PPS4. Therefore, it would be beneficial to devise a condition which restricts the net sales area to that proposed and then agree a sensible convenience and comparison goods split within the foodstore with the applicant.

In terms of the other retail units that are created by the proposed development (including the former Sainsbury's store that will be subdivided) we believe that as these stores will operate from a town centre location they should be given the maximum flexibility to attract as diverse a range of tenants/retail operators as possible. Therefore, any condition should just seek to limit the gross area of these stores and no restrictions should be placed on the range of goods that they sell or the net sales area.

Subject to these conditions, WYG can see no reason why the proposed development should not be fully supported by the Council with regard to retail planning matters.

Yours Sincerely,

Keith Nutter Director

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### DRAFT SCHEDULE OF PLANNING CONDITIONS - S/2010/0350

- 1. The development hereby permitted shall be commenced before the expiration of five years from the date of this permission.
- 2. The development hereby granted shall be carried out strictly in accordance with the details and plans hereby approved and shall not be varied other than by prior agreement in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
- 3. a) Before any construction commences, samples of the facing, glazing and roofing materials to be used in the external construction of this development shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
  - b) The approved materials shall then be used in the construction of the development.
- 4. a) Before any construction commences, detailed drawings of all doors, windows and shopfronts at a scale of 1:20 shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
  - b) Development shall proceed in accordance with the approved details.
- 5. a) Before any construction commences, details shall be provided of the internal ground floor layout of areas within 10 metres of glazed sections to the Moor Lane elevation of the foodstore. Such details shall indicate open areas behind the proposed frontage with no posters, boards or other obstructions placed within the identified shop window areas.
  - b) The development shall thereafter be laid out and retained in accordance with the approved details.
- 6. a) A scheme of noise control for any plant and equipment to be installed on site shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to commencement of development.
  - b) The approved scheme shall be implemented before the plant and machinery is brought into operation and the approved noise protection measures shall thereafter be retained.
- 7. a) A scheme of odour control for any proposed kitchen extraction equipment shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to installation.
  - b) The approved odour control scheme shall be implemented on site prior to the extraction system being brought into use and shall thereafter be so retained.
- 8. An investigation and risk assessment, in addition to any assessment provided with the planning application, must be completed in accordance with a scheme to assess the nature and extent of any contamination on the site, whether or not it originates on the site. The contents of the scheme and scope of works are subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority. The investigation and risk assessment must be undertaken by competent persons and a written report of the findings must be produced. The written report is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority. The report of the findings must include:

- (i) a survey of the extent, scale and nature of contamination;
- (ii) an assessment of the potential risks to:
- human health,
- property (existing or proposed) including buildings, crops, livestock, pets, woodland and service lines and pipes,
- adjoining land,
- groundwaters and surface waters,
- ecological systems,
- archeological sites and ancient monuments;
- (iii) an appraisal of remedial options, and proposal of the most appropriate remediation strategy for the site.

This must be conducted in accordance with DEFRA and the Environment Agency's Model Procedures for the Management of Land Contamination, CLR 11.

- 9. In the event that contaminated land is identified, a detailed remediation strategy to bring the site to a condition suitable for the intended use by removing unacceptable risks to human health, buildings and other property and the natural and historic environment, must be prepared, and is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority. The strategy must include all works to be undertaken, proposed remediation objectives and remediation criteria, timetable of works, site management procedures and roles and responsibilities. The strategy must ensure that the site will not qualify as contaminated land under Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 after remediation.
- 10. In the event that contaminated land is identified, the approved remediation strategy must be carried out in accordance with its terms prior to the commencement of development other than that required to carry out remediation, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The Local Planning Authority must be given two weeks written notification of commencement of the remediation works.
- 11. In the event that contaminated land is identified and following completion of the remedial works identified in the approved remediation strategy, a verification report (referred to in PPS23 as a validation report) that demonstrates the effectiveness of the remediation carried out must be produced, and is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority, prior to commencement of use of the development.
- 12. In the event that previously unidentified contamination is found at any time when carrying out the approved development immediate contact must be made with the Local Planning Authority and works must cease in that area. An investigation and risk assessment must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of condition 8, and where remediation is necessary a remediation scheme must be prepared in accordance with the requirements of condition 9, which is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority.

Following completion of the remedial works identified in the approved remediation strategy a verification report must be prepared, which is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority in accordance with condition 11 above.

13. A full scheme of off-site highway improvements as set out in Schedule 1 of the

decision notice shall be submitted to and agreed writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of development. The works shall subsequently be implemented in accordance with an agreed timetable.

- 14. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the development shall not be brought into use until the following Traffic Regulation Orders (TRO's) have been implemented in full:
  - a) to prohibit 'right turns' out onto the Bypass at the exit from the car park
  - b) to prohibit U-turns on the Bypass;
  - c) to allow cyclist access to the pedestrianised area;
  - d) to introduce waiting/loading restrictions on all roads in the immediate vicinity of the development site:
  - e) to introduce taxi ranks within the development site and the immediate vicinity;
  - f) to introduce controls on all off-street car parking areas within of the development site;
  - g) to introduce a Residents Only Parking Scheme (in two phases) on nearby residential roads; and,
  - h) to introduce bus stop/lay-over facilities on roads in the immediate vicinity of the development site.
- 15. The development permitted by this planning permission shall not be started by undertaking a material operation as defined by Section 56(4) (a-d) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 until details of an employment charter/code has been agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
- 16. Prior to the commencement of development, a scheme for temporary relocation of existing traders with interest in land within the application site shall be submitted to and agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority. The scheme shall comprise the following:
  - a) the submission of a planning application for alternative retail provision during the construction period;
  - b) documentary evidence of discussion and contact made with traders identified in connection with any approval if granted to be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority outlining the total requested and required area of retail floorspace within any approval granted by (a) and an offer of said area to the interested party;
  - c) the provision of such temporary accommodation as may have been approved in (a) and subsequently agreed in (b) prior to the demolition of existing retail units fronting Moor Lane for the duration of the construction period to be retained for a minimum period of 6 months following the newly built/converted retail units being made available.
- 17. a) A scheme of temporary traffic measures including facilities for pedestrians and cyclists and the management of construction traffic shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of development.
  - b) The scheme shall thereafter be implemented during the construction period.
- a) A detailed scheme for the provision of surface treatment to be used on the service ramp gradient shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning

Authority and shall make provision for a form of surfacing to act as a deterrent to unauthorised activity.

- b) The agreed scheme shall be implemented in full prior to the service ramp being brought into use.
- 19. Prior to the demolition of the existing building/ buildings a schedule of demolition works shall be submitted to and agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority. The demolition shall then be carried out strictly in accordance with the agreed schedule.
- 20. The acoustic wall as detailed by drawing no. ----- shall be constructed in full prior to the first servicing of the foodstore and fully retained in accordance with the plan thereafter.
- 21. The applicant shall submit the following details to the Local Planning Authority prior to the opening of the foodstore:
  - i) A detailed scheme for the suppression of dust from fuel storage for biomass.
  - ii) A requirement to the provision of a minimum 10% of all parking spaces providing electric charging points within five years following the opening of the foodstore.
  - iii) A requirement that 50% of all vans for deliveries associated with the store to be powered by electric means within five years following the opening of the foodstore with all non-HGV deliveries to be undertaken by Euro 4/5 and all HGV deliveries to be undertaken by minimum Euro IV/Euro V vehicles.
  - iv) A requirement for a total reduction in carbon emissions by 25% over a period of five years following the opening of the foodstore using measures which include those above.
  - v) The applicant shall within 3 months of the five year period following opening provide evidence that measures 1-4 have been implemented and achieved in full and such measures as necessary shall enure in perpetuity.
- 22. At a period no less than three months following the initial use of the biomass boiler, but no more than 12 months following initial use, detailed test results demonstrating that the emissions from said boiler are no more than those identified in Table 17 of the submitted Air Quality Assessment (March 2010) shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. In the event of any exceedance of the figures identified in the table referred to, appropriate mitigation measures shall be submitted within one month of the Council's notification of such exceedance, and implemented in a timetable to be subsequently agreed in writing.
- 23. The measures outlined in the submitted Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Statement shall be incorporated into the final design of the foodstore building and shall be implemented on site and made available for use prior to the opening of the foodstore to the public and shall thereafter be retained, unless the Local Planning Authority gives written consent to any variation. Within 12 months of opening, evidence shall be forwarded to the Local Planning Authority detailing the following:
  - i) that a minimum of 10% of energy from the building has been derived from renewable sources,
  - ii) use of rainwater harvesting measures, low flush WCs and waterless urinals, and

- iii) use of natural light for the sales areas through solartube daylighting.
- 24. a) Prior to occupation of the foodstore a Car Park Management Plan must be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
  - b) The provisions of the Car Park Management Plan shall be required to set out charging, enforcement and a demand management regime alongside the mechanism for daily opening and closing be implemented and operated in accordance with the timetable contained therein and shall not be varied other than through agreement with the Local Planning Authority.
- 25. No part of the development shall be brought into use until areas for vehicle parking, turning and manoeuvring have been laid out, demarcated, levelled, surfaced and drained in accordance with the approved plan for the part of the development to which it relates (including the multi-storey car park which shall relate to the foodstore for the purposes of this condition) and these areas shall be retained thereafter for that specific use.
- 26. a) No part of the development shall be brought into use until space and facilities for cycle parking have been provided for the part of the development to which it relates in accordance with plans to be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority
  - b) These facilities shall be retained thereafter for that specific use.
- 27. a) Prior to occupation of any part of the development a draft Travel Plan covering all new and converted buildings shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
  - b) The provisions of the Travel Plan shall be implemented and operated in accordance with the timetable contained therein unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority.
- 28. The approved hard and soft landscaping scheme shall be carried out prior to the occupation of any part of the development or in accordance with a timetable to be agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority. Any trees or plants that within a period of five years after planting, are removed, die or become, in the opinion of the Local Planning Authority, seriously damaged or defective shall be replaced with others of a species, size and number as originally approved in the first available planting season unless the Local Planning Authority gives its written consent to any variation.
- 29. a) A landscape management plan, including long term design objectives, management responsibilities and maintenance schedules for all landscape areas, shall be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority prior to the occupation of the development.
  - b) The landscape management plan shall be carried out as approved.
- 30. All ground level gating and fencing of the decked car park to Richmond Road and the undercroft car park to the store shall be erected prior to first use of the car park in question and retained as such thereafter,
- 31. a) No part of the development shall be occupied until space and facilities for bin/refuse

storage and recycling have been provided in accordance with a scheme to be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

- b) These facilities shall then be retained and permanently reserved for the prescribed purpose.
- 32. The community use/office building as set out on plan number ---- shall be constructed and made available for occupation prior to the opening of the foodstore hereby approved or in accordance with a timetable to be agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority.
- 33. No demolition or construction works (other than internal fitting out) shall take place outside the hours of 0800-1800 on weekdays, 0800-1300 on Saturdays and at no time on Sundays or Public Holidays. Any variation in these hours shall be approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority no less than 7 days prior to the planned variation and notification of affected residents shall take place in accordance with the requirements of the Local Planning Authority.
- 34. The main foodstore shall not be open for business outside the hours of 0700-2300 Monday to Saturday and 1000-1800 on Sundays.
- 35. The retail premises 1-11 shall not be open for business outside the following hours:

Sunday to Thursday 0700-2330 in the case of A3 use, 0900-2330 in the case of A4/A5 use.

Friday and Saturday. 0700-0000 in the case of A3 use, 0900-0000 in the case of A4/A5 use.

- 36. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2008 (or any subsequent Order or statutory provision revoking or re-enacting the provisions of that Order), no fences, walls or other means of enclosure shall be erected unless expressly authorised.
- 37. No external speakers shall be installed to any building unless the Local Planning Authority gives its express written consent.
- 38. The entire gross floor area of the proposed foodstore shall not exceed 8,802 sq metres, and the net retail floor area of the proposed foodstore shall not exceed 4,645 sq metres, of which no more than 3,252 sq metres net shall be food retail/convenience goods and no more than 1,393 sq metres net shall be non-food or other comparison goods.
- 39. The total gross floor retail area of the converted existing foodstore and new retail units 6-11 shall not exceed 4,320 sq metres.
- 40. All works relating to demolition shall accord with the recommendations contained in the ecological assessment dated 22 March 2010 and additional bat survey document of June 2010. Should demolition or refurbishment of buildings not be completed on or before 31 March 2012, an updated survey shall be resubmitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

- 41. All development shall take place in accordance with the approved Flood Risk Assessment dated July 2010, referenced.....
- 42. All activity within the service yard shall accord entirely with the provisions of page 14 of the submitted Environmental Noise Impact Assessment dated 13 January 2010.
- 44. The proposed Community Use Building shown on approved drawing reference number ------ shall be used only for A2 (financial and professional services), B1 (office use) or D1 (non-residential institutions) in accordance with the scope afforded by Schedule 2, Part 3, Class E of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995 (as amended).

### **Reasons:**

- 1. To comply with Section 91 (as amended) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- 2. To ensure a satisfactory development.
- 3. To ensure a satisfactory appearance to the development in the interests of visual amenity and to comply with policy DQ1/MD1 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 4. To ensure a satisfactory appearance to the development in the interests of visual amenity and to comply with policy DQ1 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 5. To ensure a satisfactory appearance to the development in the interests of visual amenity and to comply with policy DQ1 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 6. To prevent the emission of noise above a level which would be detrimental to the aural amenity of the area and to comply with policy EP6 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 7. To prevent the emission of fumes which would be detrimental to the amenity of the area in accordance with Policy EP2 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 8. To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, together with those to controlled waters, property and ecological systems, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors in accordance with policy EP3 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 9. To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, together with those to controlled waters, property and ecological systems, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors in

- accordance with policy EP3 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 10. To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, together with those to controlled waters, property and ecological systems, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors in accordance with policy EP3 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan
- 11. To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, together with those to controlled waters, property and ecological systems, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors in accordance with policy EP3 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 12. To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, together with those to controlled waters, property and ecological systems, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors in accordance with policy EP3 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 13. In the interests of highway safety and to accord with policies CS3 and AD2 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 14. In the interests of highway safety and to accord with policies CS3 and AD2 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 15. To ensure the provision of locally accessible employment during and following construction in accordance with the Council's Labour Policy and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy UP1.
- 16. To manage, maintain and encourage continuity of trade within the centre in the interests of centre vitality and viability and to comply with Policy R1 of the Sefton UDP.
- 17. In the interests of highway safety and to accord with policies CS3 and AD2 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 18. To reduce potential for anti-social activity and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy DQ1.
- 19. To prevent unreasonable noise and disturbance to nearby occupants in the interests of residential amenity and to comply with policy EP6 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 20. To prevent unreasonable noise and disturbance to nearby occupants in the interests of residential amenity and to comply with policy EP6 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 21. To safeguard and improve air quality on land within 2 km of an identified Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy EP2.
- 22. To safeguard air quality on land within 2 km of an identified Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy EP2.
- 23. To ensure that the proposed development meets the requirements of Policies DQ1,

- DQ2 and DQ5 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan in the interests of sustainability and renewable energy provision.
- 24. To secure appropriate, balanced and timely delivery of car parking for the centre and to accord with policies CS3 and AD2 in the in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 25. In the interests of highway safety and to accord with policies CS3 and DQ1 in the in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 26. In the interests of highway safety and to accord with policies CS3 and AD2 in the in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 27. In the interests of highway safety and to accord with policies CS3 and AD2 in the in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 28. In the interests of visual amenity and to comply with policy DQ3 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 29. In the interests of visual amenity and conservation and to comply with policy DQ1 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 30. To safeguard the amenities of occupiers of adjoining properties and ensure a secure and safe centre environment complying with polices CS3 and DQ1 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 31. To ensure appropriate means of refuse disposal and recycling facilities and to comply with Sefton UDP Policies DQ1 and EMW9.
- 32. To secure timely development directly addressing a key arterial route whilst making the earliest provision for other displaced centre uses and to comply with Sefton UDP Policies CS3 and DQ1.
- 33. To ensure that nearby properties are not adversely affected by the construction activity or demolition and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy EP6.
- 34. In the interests of residential amenity and to comply with policy EP6 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan
- 35. In the interests of aural and residential amenity and to comply with policy EP6 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 36. In order to protect the character of the area and to accord with policy CS3 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 37. To prevent noise and disturbance to nearby residents/ to prevent the emission of noise above a level which would be detrimental to the aural amenity of the area and to comply with policy EP6 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 38. In order to safeguard the vitality and viability of the centre and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy R1 and the provisions of PPS4 (Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth) paragraph 14.6.
- 39. In order to safeguard the vitality and viability of the centre and to comply with Sefton

- UDP Policy R1 and the provisions of PPS4 (Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth) paragraph 14.6.
- 40. To safeguard the conservation of species/habitats and to accord with policy NC2 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 41. To reduce the impact of flooding on the proposed development, future occupiers and customers and other nearby properties and to comply with Sefton UDP Policies EP7 and advice contained in PPS25 (Development and Flood Risk).
- 42. To prevent unreasonable noise and disturbance to nearby occupants in the interests of residential amenity and to comply with policy EP6 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 43. To afford an appropriate and flexible range of uses within the centre to assist vitality and viability and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy R1.
- 44. To afford an appropriate and flexible range of uses within the centre to assist vitality and viability and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy R1.

### **SCHEDULE 1 WORKS (see condition 13)**

- i. Close off the redundant vehicular access on Richmond Road and reconstruct the footway/verge;
- ii. Alter the existing vehicular access on Little Crosby Road and reconstruct the footway/verge as necessary;
- iii. Construct a new vehicular access on Richmond Road and introduction of a signalised junction at the vehicular access and a scheme of works to alter, realign and widen Richmond Road, to allow the introduction of a designated right turn lane into the proposed vehicular access at the new signalised junction.
- iv. Construction of pedestrian crossing facilities and improvement of pedestrian refuge at the junction of Richmond Road and Little Crosby Road
- v. A scheme of footway improvements on the south side of Little Crosby Road between the vehicular service entrance and the roundabout junction with Islington and Cooks Road;
- vi. A scheme of highway improvements which result in the bus lay-by off Islington being widened to accommodate new bus shelters on the lay-by, with footway improvements with pedestrian crossing facilities and the upgrade of all existing bus stops with access kerbs, paving and enhanced 'bus stop' carriageway markings. All bus improvements are to be done to currant standards
- vii. The removal of the existing double mini roundabout junction at Islington/Coronation Road/Church Road and the introduction of a signalised junction with advance stop lines, pedestrian facilities at each arm in the form of flush kerbs and tactile paving and a contra flow cycle facility linking along Church Road, towards the pedestrianised area.
- viii. The instalment of a new Toucan Crossing north of the existing service vehicular access on The By-Pass;
- ix. Construct a new vehicular access on The By-Pass designated only for vehicles leaving the site and measures introduced to ensure only left turns from the access are possible and the introduction of pedestrian facilities on the new vehicular access on The By-Pass in the form of flush kerbs, tactile paving and the provision of hydraulic bollards to be controlled by the UTC;
- x. Construct a new vehicular access on The By-Pass designated only for service vehicles only, with pedestrian facilities either side of the access in the form of flush kerbs and tactile paving and a designated pedestrian route across the vehicular access:
- xi. Construct new bus stops on the south side of Richmond Road and both sides of The By-Pass adjacent to the site with access kerbs, paving and enhanced 'bus stop' carriageway markings, one incorporating a lay-by and shelter;
- xii. Improved crossing facilities and links between Cooks Road and Alexandra Road and the pedestrianised Liverpool Road including a Contra flow cycle facility on Alexandra Road.

xiii. Construction of a shared use cycle route along the development side of The Bypass from the A565 Moor Lane Roundabout from the roundabout to the new controlled Pedestrian crossing on the bypass and preferably linking to the pedestrianised area of Liverpool Road.

### PLANNING PERMISSION S/2010/1008 - APPROVAL AND CONDITIONS

### Reasoned Justification and reason for approval

The proposal makes acceptable provision for the relocation of traders during construction and is entirely compliant with planning policies R1, EP6 and DQ1 of the Sefton UDP and in the absence of any other overriding material planning considerations, the granting of this permission is therefore justified.

### **PLANNING CONDITIONS:**

- a) Any retail units provided shall be removed within a period 9 months following the provision of the new permanent units granted by planning permission S/2010/0350.
   b) All fittings and fixtures connected to the units operation on site shall be removed in accordance with the above time scale.
- 2. The development hereby granted shall be carried out strictly in accordance with the details and plans hereby approved and shall not be varied other than by prior agreement in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
- 3. a) A detailed scheme for securing the site and individual units outside of opening hours shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to their implementation.
  - b) The development shall proceed in accordance with the above details.
- 4. Units shall be laid out as required from the north-eastern end of the site fronting Liverpool Road and subsequently each further one in a south-westerly direction towards Islington.
- 5. All units shall be of single storey build maintaining a retail frontage to Church Road/Liverpool Road or Islington and shall comprise a shop window display.
- 6. In the event of A3/A4/A5 occupation within the terms of the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) (Amendment) Order 2006, the following hours restrictions shall apply:

A3 use: 0700-2330 A4/A5 use: 0900-2330.

- 7. a) In the event of A3 or A5 occupation within the terms of the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) (Amendment) Order 2006, a scheme of noise control for any plant and equipment to be installed on site shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to use.
  - b) The approved scheme shall be implemented before the plant and machinery is brought into operation and the approved noise protection measures shall thereafter be retained.
- 8. a) In the event of A3 or A5 occupation within the terms of the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) (Amendment) Order 2006, a scheme of odour control for any proposed kitchen extraction equipment shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to use.
  - b) The approved odour control scheme shall be implemented on site prior to the extraction system being brought into use and shall thereafter be retained.

 No live music, amplified music or live entertainment shall take place within any temporary unit occupied for the purposes of A3 or A4 as set out within the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) (Amendment) Order 2006.

SEFTON COUNCIL
2 0 APR 2010
REGENERATION BSU

Mrs Brownrigg Flat 18, Sandalwood 83 Coronation Road Crosby L23 5UJ

Planning & Economic Regeneration De<sub>lot</sub> Magdalen House 30 Trinity Road Merseyside L20 3NJ.

09/4/10

With reference to S/2010/0350.

Dear Mr Steve Faulkner,

We object to the building of a multi-storey car park in Islington, over the site of the existing council car park on the following grounds.

- A) Sandalwood is a Leasehold estate of 54 Retirement Apartments for those aged 60 and over. We do not wellcome overlooking a multi-storey car park and the noise and disruption involved. Have you thought about the environmental impact on residents?
- B) We are concerned about the increase in traffic along Islington and Coronation Roads. The increased traffic will make it even more difficult to safely cross the road to Crosby village and Sainsbury's for elderly vulnerable people.

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#### **ANNEX 2**

#### PLANNING COMMITTEE: 18 AUGUST 2010

#### Late Representations/Information

#### Part 1

#### **APPENDIX 4**

Item 4A

S/2010/0350: Sainsburys, 1-3 Liverpool Road, Crosby,

#### **Petitions and objections**

A total of 6 petitions are attached seeking to directly address Committee, and other supporting information associated are attached in date order of original receipt.

- Petition of 46 signatures sponsored by Councillor Peter Papworth on behalf of residents at 'Sandalwood', Coronation Road objecting to the application. (Councillor Papworth has indicated he will speak on behalf of these residents).
- 2. Petition of 36 signatures sponsored by Councillor Paula Parry on behalf of Catherine Caddick, 13 Liverpool Road, in support of the application.
- 3. Petition of 7,512 signatures sponsored by Councillor Peter Papworth on behalf of 'ABetterCrosby' objecting to the application (only 26 signatures and attachments enclosed; hard copy available for members at Planning Committee).
- 4. Petition of 26 signatures sponsored by Councillor Peter Papworth from Jacqueline Auton of 'Café Barista', Moor Lane, objecting to the application.
- 5. Petition of 26 signatures sponsored by Councillor Steve McGinnity from Janet Smith of 44 De Villiers Avenue, objecting to the application. This followed at 58 signature petition from residents of De Villiers Avenue which was not sponsored. Her objection letter is attached.
- 6. Petition of 26 signatures sponsored by Councillor Peter Papworth from Steve Pritchard of Pritchards Bookshop, Liverpool Road, objecting to the application. His objection letter is attached.

Petitions 5 and 6 arrived following the cut off time of 1000 on August 13 and as such, it is at the members discretion as to whether or not they will allow the petitioners to address Planning Committee directly.

The applicant has also submitted supporting information for display at the committee meeting, copies of which are attached in addition to their confirmation of wishing to address Planning Committee in response to the above.

Further individual representations have been received from the following addresses on or after the 26 July 2010:

Belvidere Park, 1; Blundell Road, Hightown, 34; Brooke Road West, 58; Boundary Drive, 4; Chestnut Avenue, 6; Coronation Drive, 4, 25; Coronation Road (83 Sandalwood), 51; De Villiers Avenue, 17, 44; Durban Avenue, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10; Eshe Road North, 62; Hillcrest Road, 13; Ilford Avenue, 21; Little Crosby Road, 32, 'Brookside Cottage', Liverpool Road, 13 (Crosby Traders Association); Marine Terrace, 2; Moor Drive, 'Joybarick', 14, 49; Moor Lane, 13, 49; Moorland Avenue 54; Richmond Road (Avon Richmond Flats Ltd); Rimrose Valley Road, 107; Rossett Road, 18; Rothesay Drive, 20; Scape Lane, 3, 8; Second Avenue, 9; Sunnyside Road, 42; The By-Pass, 3; Vermont Avenue, 27; Victoria Road, 33.

Of these 42 addresses (some having written more than once) all bar one object to the application.

Crosby Traders Association have also forwarded three letters form other traders opposed to the application in addition to their a letter of support for the proposals.

In addition, a letter of objection is attached to the representations from the occupier of 3 The By-Pass, Crosby.

The issues raised throughout these submissions have been subject to significant discussion in the Planning Committee report and members are duly advised of the basis on which those addressing the Committee will seek to present their case.

#### Item 4B

#### S/2010/0801 : 61-63 Albert Road, Southport

- Additional comments received from 6 Fleetwood Road
  - Street scene illustration with the amended scheme relates to the wrong application
  - PPS5 requires new development to making positive contributions to the character and local distinctiveness of the historic environment. Given the site is opposite Hesketh Park this is critical.
  - The dormers and terraces on front elevation are out of character
  - Number of storeys should be limited to four as with adjacent developments
  - Another style further disrupts the rhythm of the street scene, should be designed similar to Regency Court
  - Would expect a minimum separation distance of 3 metres to the boundary given height, and the projection beyond rear wall of Regency Court is excessive
  - Two front entrances would benefit the scheme (in and out) as this would ease manoeuvrability for larger vehicles entering and leaving the site
  - The revised plan shows many trees to be planted maybe some should be planted on the area edged blue

The design, access arrangements and tree planting issues cannot be assessed at this stage given that the application is in outline only. The plans have been checked and the correct street scene elevation is provided on the website for this application.

- 2. Additional comments from 22 Regency Court:
  - Opposes encroachment beyond current building line to the rear, resulting in loss of outlook and amenity to Regency Court.
  - Previous Planning Inspector made reference to outlook from residents lounge at Regency Court and main issue t appeal was impact on neighbours
  - Concern about terraces on upper floor being open and overlooking
  - There is no planting to screen the view of the proposal
  - Proposals not sustainable as family housing
  - Care was taken to ensure Regency Court did not overlook application site
- 3. The applicant has confirmed in writing that he is willing to enter into a S106 Agreement for the provision of trees and Greenspace in order to comply with policies DQ3 and DQ4.
- 4. Speaking at committee form from petitioner attached.
  - 9 Change condition 15 to read

'The detailed plans submitted for condition 2 shall take full account of the impact on the amenity of occupiers of Regency Court in respect of overlooking

from balconies and overbearing impact. In this respect the plans submitted with the present application shall be considered indicative only and the approval hereby granted does not imply approval of the footprint or detail of the submitted plans.'

#### Reason

'In the interests of the amenities of adjoining occupiers and to comply with UDP Policies CS3, H10 and DQ1'

### Sefton Council 🚨

### **Speaking at Planning Committee**

You have confirmed that you wish to address the Planning Committee. In order to make as much information as possible available to the Committee members before the meeting, would you please complete this form and return it to the Planning Populars of the address before it to the Planning Department at the address below.

61-63 Albert Road, Southport

E-mail: planning.dcsouth@ planning.setton.gov.uk

If you have any queries regarding this form or the Committee procedures contact the Committee Clerk, Ruth Appleby, on 0151 934 2181.

| Site Address:   | 61-63 Albert Road, Southport  |
|---|---|
| Application Number:   | S/2010/0801   |
| Your Name:  | Mrs Anne Green  |
| Please outline the Committee: The proposed dupl The rear projection of many Regency We would like an a to reduce the over This would not only | n Issues of Case main points you wish to draw to the attention of the lexes extend 7 metres beyond the rear elevation of Regency Court. n of this building would be overbearing, and impair the outlook Court residents. assurance that efforts will be made at the Detailed Planning stage rall depth of this building. y reduce the impact of the building on its neighbours, rease the amount of open space available to its future occupiers. |
| Additional Supp   | orting Information  |
| circulated to memb  | supporting information eg photographs. This will be<br>ers of the Planning Committee prior to the meeting.<br>will be reproduced in an A4 black and white format.   |
|   | ould not be circulated on the night as there will not have for Councillors to consider it.  |
| Please return this thappens to be a Ba  | form by 10am the Monday (Tuesday if the Monday<br>ink Holiday) prior to the Committee meeting to:   |
| Sue Tyldesley<br>Planning Department<br>Magdalene House<br>30 Trinity Road<br>Bootle<br>L20 3NJ<br>Fax: 0151 934 3587                         |   |

Received bySefton Council Planning & Economic Regeneration Department - Bootle Office

Date

Scanned by 1 6 AUG 2010

#### Item 4C

S/2010/0907: Plot 3, Land to rear of Oak Hey, Lambshear Lane, Lydiate

#### **Amended Drawing**

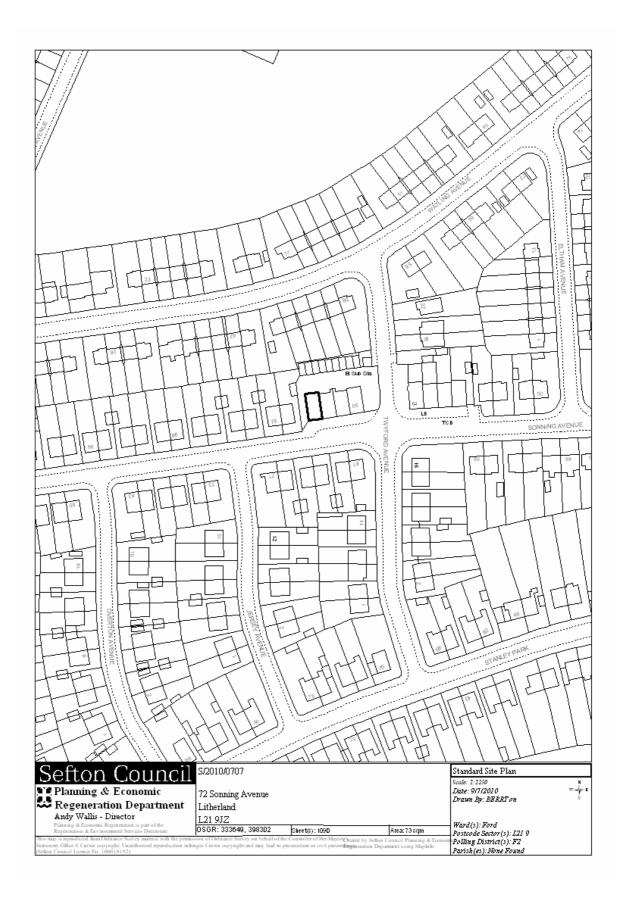
An amended drawing was received that sought to address the issues raised concerning the two-storey projecting element to the left hand side of the proposed dwelling. This amendment is not considered to be acceptable and discussions towards an appropriate solution are ongoing. In the event that an acceptable amended plan is not available to be presented to Committee it is respectfully requested that the decision be deferred for the next Committee cycle.

#### **APPENDIX 5**

Item 5A

S/2010/0707: 72 Sonning Avenue, Litherland

Correct ordnance survey plan attached.



#### **APPENDIX 5**

Item 5B

S/2010/0862 : Bartlett House, Parkhaven Trust, Liverpool Road South, Maghull

Amended drawing received in respect of trees and landscaping.

<u>Add</u> Drawing numbers 1172 01, 02, 03B; 3912 SK60, SK61, SK62, SK63, SK64, SK65, SK66, SK67

Additional information received from the applicant as follows:-

A revised landscaping plan which allows retention of more trees has been submitted. A total of 9 trees are shown for removal on drawing 1172-02. A total of 18 new trees are shown on the landscape plan 1172-03B.

The Trust undertakes to plant a further 16 trees planted within the Parkhaven Trust grounds on Liverpool Road South. These are in addition to other new trees as part of another planning approval.

On the basis of this there is no longer a requirement for a commuted sum for trees.

#### Replace Condition 9

9 'Before the development is commenced, a detailed scheme including the location, species and size for the planting of 16 additional trees within the grounds of Parkhaven Trust shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. These trees shall be planted in the first planting season following commencement of the development. Any trees that within a period of 5 years after planting are removed, die or become seriously damaged or diseased shall be replaced by others of a species size and number as originally approved.'

Reason - RL-4

The portico is to be retained and incorporated in the garden area

In response to a request for a commuted sum towards the pedestrian crossing the Trust comments as follows:-

The Parkhaven Trust is a charity that invests income and donations into the provision of the facilities it offers. The Trust is not a commercial developer and has no other financial resources with which to make donations elsewhere. The Trust is always keen to work with the council and to provide facilities which are of benefit to the wider community. Current new proposals include new allotments and the formation of a mile walk through the parkland. However on this occasion the Trust is unable to offer a contribution to the Sefton Lane crossing.

The Highways Development Control Manager reports that the money for this crossing has now been found by revising the scheme of highways improvement to be paid for by Arena Housing in respect of their development within Parkhaven Trust grounds to include the crossing in lieu of additional improvements at the site junction.

**ANNEX 3** 

#### LATE REPRESENTATION

#### **APPENDIX 4**

#### Item 4A

S/2010/0350 : Sainsbury's, 1-3 Liverpool Road, Crosby

#### Report

Members are advised that the application site lies within the three wards of Manor, Victoria and Blundellsands.

The Regional Spatial Strategy is no longer formally in place. As such, the regional policies referred to in the report are not relevant.

#### **Further Representations received**

A significant number of further representations have been received; these are referred to within Late Representations 1 and generally comment on the Planning Committee report.

The letter sent from ABetterCrosby dated 17 August 2010 is attached in full.

18 Rossett Road and 'Brookside Cottage', Little Crosby Road have written objecting further, Flat 35 of Sandalwood, 83 Coronation Road, has also objected further to the multi-storey car park at Islington, and the 28 Endsleigh Road writes in support of the proposal.

#### Director's observations on further representations

As mentioned in the main report, a total of 698 properties were notified of the proposals. Site notices and press notices were placed and the Council's notification process has far exceeded that required for the development in the interests of ensuring that all parties have an opportunity to express their views.

There have been further representations which relate to concern over the advice of PlacesMatter!, the lack of consideration given to the views of local traders, queries over traffic provision, the competition of the increased foodstore against other retailers in the village, design and the loss of historic buildings, and the use of the community building.

Consultation has taken place with local ward members, North West Regional Development Agency, Liverpool Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Merseyside Civic Society, Liverpool Vision, The Mersey Partnership, Existing tenants on Moor Lane, and Residents and businesses on Richmond Road, Moor Lane, De Villiers Avenue, Vale Road, Vermont Avenue, Kings Road, Alexandra Road, Alexandra Court and Coronation Road.

The proposals are largely to the edge of the developed historic core of Crosby Village

and the report acknowledges the loss of locally distinctive buildings, most notably the Glenn Buildings.

The proposals will bring significant employment benefits both in respect of the applicant's proposal and the refresh of the existing retail offer.

The current foodstore overtrades and this view is based on expert retail appraisal and for reasons set out below under "Retail Issues" it is not possible to expect the applicant to reprovide a foodstore of the same size and scale. The same assessment comments specifically on the requirement to assess retail need.

The planning recommendation is based around the approved policy framework, but the operational and commercial concerns of an applicant must all the same have to be regarded as material planning considerations. Both the report and many of those with objection clearly recognise the need for investment.

The multi-storey is necessary to serve the parking requirements of the scheme proposed and its design has been enhanced with the use of coloured panels.

The restriction on hours is a recognition of an otherwise unrestricted opening giving rise to amenity issues for adjoining residents. Service deliveries are not considered to cause issues for nearby residents due to the acoustic walling and the ungated access avoiding vehicles waiting or having to undertake reversing on or around the highway. The applicant has agreed to the prohibition of the following activities between 2200 and 0700:

- use of vehicle mounted refrigeration units within the service yard/on the access ramp,
- stock or waste movement in the service yard using metal roll pallet trucks,
- waste collections, and
- use of the compactor.

There will be no direct harm to outlook or loss of light for residential properties albeit the views will be different. There will be landscaping around the edge of the car park to ensure visual amenity.

There are provisions to be agreed via Section 106 Agreement to ensure a full review of a Residents Privileged Parking scheme (RPP) to cater for the before and after parking around the centre and inform on measures considered necessary to prevent parking on surrounding residential streets by town centre users and there would also be a need for this to be subject to further specific consultation.

Concerns have been raised regarding the range of goods on offer in Sainsbury's but this is protected by condition as far as may be considered reasonable given the site's town centre location. Competition is not an issue though the proposals make provision for existing traders being relocated as far as is possible.

#### VIEWS OF PLACESMATTER! ON THE APPLICATION

PlacesMatter! have made significant valuable contributions to the design process. They have indicated in their (attached) letter of January 26 2010 that the applicant has done "a good deal of work exploring different store configurations". They also indicate that "in terms of scale – height and massing – the proposed scale of new buildings seems generally acceptable for this town centre location".

It acknowledges that many of the issues relating to urban edge and retention of existing fabric could only be achieved through the construction of a "smaller store", which is identified as being unsuitable for the future of Crosby in separate advice from the Council's retail consultants, White Young Green.

The provision of a store on the Islington site is discussed but has been discounted for reasons explained in the original Planning Committee report. Overall PlacesMatter! comment that "the planned investment in Crosby must be embraced and welcomed", and that the alternative is "a failing centre with more people using the out of town alternatives in an increasingly unsustainable way".

Though discussing the alternative option in their submission, and making observations on a number of difficulties associated with town centre redevelopment, they do not specifically object to the positioning of the store as proposed.

It is considered that this range of comments is sufficient to justify the comment contained in the original report stating that the panel offer "broad support" to the proposals. The report also makes specific reference at 8.14-8.20 that they have expressed reservations over the proposals.

It is considered that as far as is possible to do within the consideration of this planning application that the views of PlacesMatter! have been considered fully and reported fairly and accurately, to correctly reflect their acknowledgement of the issues connected to regeneration as a whole as well as the specifics of individual design.

#### **RETAIL ISSUES**

Following a series of concerns raised by objectors relating to size and amount of retail proposed, further discussion has been undertaken with the Council's retained retail consultants, White Young Green, who respond as follows:

#### "Does The Development Have to Assess 'Need'?

In dealing with the need point first, reference has been made to our Retail Strategy Report re need for foodstore provision in the south of the Borough. As you will appreciate, the study seeks to assess the future need for retail development within Sefton and whether or not there is a need to identify sites <u>beyond</u> established centres to meet that need.

In terms of South Sefton, the study clearly concludes that there is no need for further foodstore development outside of established centres following the completion of the edge of centre Asda at Bootle and the out of centre Tesco at Litherland.

Whilst the conclusions are unequivocal, it does not mean that there should be no more investment in established centres in the south of the Borough. Furthermore, the study also confirms that the Sainsbury's store in Crosby is significantly overtrading and is under significant pressure for expansion.

As you are aware, the key objective of national policy is to secure investment within established centres so they can prosper. As a result development 'within' established centres has never had to demonstrate that there is a need for that development in the first instance, unlike edge of centre or out of centre schemes under the previous PPS6. PPS4 has now removed the need test for developments completely on the basis that it was restricting competition and choice. Therefore, the conclusions of the RSR are effectively irrelevant when considering the Sainsbury's proposals. The only bearing that the conclusions will have is when judgements are formed about the impact of the development once it is completed.

Therefore, any reference to the findings of the RSR in relation to 'need' (or the lack of) and how this should influence the scale of the development proposed is misleading and does not reflect the approach advocated by government guidance.

#### Why Will Not A Smaller Store Work?

Sainsbury's already operate a small and compromised supermarket within Crosby which as a result, significantly constrains the range of goods that can be sold and the overall quality of the shopping environment. The store is also too small to serve the needs of the local community and as a result is extremely busy at peak times. Therefore, Sainsbury's have an opportunity to resolve these problems by providing a modern store that will not only enable them to stock a wider range of products but will given them the space to create a much more pleasant environment for the customer including wider aisles, less congestion, specialist food counters, and more natural light.

The approach by many operators is to create as much space as possible to enhance the internal quality of the environment – therefore, in an ideal world Sainsbury's would probably prefer a bigger store than can be achieved in Crosby.

The quality of the shopping experience is exactly what the customer expects from a modern foodstore and therefore, if the store is to compete effectively within other stores elsewhere in Sefton it must be able to offer a similar choice and experience. All of our previous survey research has demonstrated that the Asda store at Aintree has dominated shopping patterns in the South of the Borough because of its size, range of goods and its location.

The same applies to the Tesco in Southport in north Sefton which again dominates shopping patterns because of its size, range of goods and location. Therefore, size is a critical factor in ensuring that a foodstore can be competitive when trying to capture market share and meet the needs of its customers. As a result, if the size of the store was to be reduced, then so would the range of goods, the quality of the shopping experience and the ability of the store to compete with others.

Furthermore, the foodstore will act as the anchor to draw people into the centre. Therefore, the stronger the anchor the stronger the future vitality of the centre. Good examples of this include the Asda redevelopment at Huyton where a compromised Asda store (which was overtrading) was redeveloped to provide a bigger Asda store to meet the needs of the community and act as the key anchor for Huyton.

Once developed, the Asda (which is much bigger at 14,795 sqm) brought about significant improvements in the rest of Huyton Town Centre and the old store was redeveloped to deliver a scheme known as Cavendish Walk. This attracted key operators such as Wilkinsons, New Look, Select, Claires, Costa Coffee, Carphone Warehouse. etc. All of these operators would not have come without the

redevelopment of Asda and the fact that the new store acts as a key anchor and attractor.

Another major factor to consider is the significant costs involved in developing town centre sites including land assembly, demolition, highways improvements, etc. In order to support these significant costs, there has to be a significant improvement in the quality of the store for the operator.

Therefore, if the store is significantly reduced in size (say by a third) then the operator would have to assess whether it was worth the significant investment for such a small gain and the fact that they will end up with what they consider to be a compromised store. In this case I think there would be little benefit in Sainsbury's improving the size of their store slightly given the significant investment required to deliver the scheme. Any simple 'cost/benefit analysis' would lead Sainsbury's to conclude that the significant investment was not worth the return.

Comprehensive redevelopment within centres (such as Crosby) only tends to come along once in a generation. Therefore, the store that Sainsbury's are seeking to achieve is not just to serve the needs of the community today but to ensure that it is viable and attractive for the next 20 to 30 years.

If a store is built that is too small to meet those needs then further development will need to take place to resolve this in the future either through an extension or reconfiguration of the store. Such an ad hoc approach would not benefit the future vitality and viability of the town centre as a whole and would not deliver a comprehensive solution for the redevelopment of Crosby."

The Planning and Economic Development Director would fully endorse this assessment and it is considered that the approach to providing a foodstore is entirely appropriate and compliant with the key policies of the Sefton UDP and advice contained in PPS4.

The original comments of the retail consultants are also attached.

#### **HIGHWAYS MATTERS**

#### **Highways Development Control comment further as follows:**

Following a series of meetings and discussions between Savell, Bird & Axon and Sefton Council, a number of issues were highlighted with regards to the previously submitted comments from the Assistant Director of Transportation and Development and amendments have now been suggested as follows.

#### **Richmond Road Access**

A further extensive analysis of the proposed vehicular access on Richmond Road has been undertaken, following the suggestion within the original comments for this junction to be signal controlled. The analysis clearly highlights that the introduction of a signal controlled junction on Richmond Road would result in queue lengths encroaching onto the roundabout junction. As it has been previously demonstrated that the introduction of an uncontrolled vehicular access on Richmond Road allows the highway network

to operate within its capacity, it has been agreed that the proposed vehicular access on Richmond Road is to remain as a priority junction in accordance with the submitted drawings. The left turn egress onto the by-pass is also to remain as shown upon the original drawings.

#### Islington/Coronation Road/Church Road Junction

It is agreed that there will be a controlled pedestrian crossing in this location.

Further modelling work by the applicant's advisors of this part of the network has indicated that retention of the roundabouts with partial signalisation on the Islington approach, including the incorporation of facilities for pedestrians and cyclists, may result in a more efficient overall operation on this part of the network than a scheme of full signal control. An appropriate amendment to the schedule of highway improvements is therefore required which also provides flexibility for the Highway Authority to optimise these improvements as part of the detailed design process.

#### **Residents Only Parking Scheme**

It has been agreed with the applicants and their transport advisors that the S.106 Agreement will need to deal with the introduction of a residents only parking scheme. The study will extend over a large residential area around the village. The proposed streets are listed under the heading 'Section 106 Requirements'.

Such a scheme should only be implemented where it can be fully justified that the proposed development has become a direct catalyst for the material increase in the level of on street car parking within the surrounding streets and therefore, a pre and post development study of on-street parking will be undertaken in the surrounding area. Sefton Council has identified and agreed the extent of the study area. The study would be funded by the S.106 Agreement. The S.106 Agreement would also make provision for the funding of a residents only parking scheme if as a result of the study material, increases in on-street parking arising from the redevelopment.

#### Cycling

Following a further review of the conditions relating to cycling, it has been agreed to remove the proposal to allow cycling within the pedestrian area and the contra flow cycle facility along Alexandra Road on the grounds of highway safety.

However, a number of other suggested measures are to be implemented to improve cycle access to and from the site as follows:

- \* A cycle parking strategy such that cycle parking is available at all off the entrance points to the town pedestrianised area, including the pedestrian entrance on Richmond Road;
- \* Undercover cycle parking is already indicated on HCD's layout these being located beneath the store building;
- \* Improved crossing facilities and links between Cooks Road and Alexandra Road and the pedestrianised Liverpool Road (dropped crossings);
- \* Provision of access from the Liverpool Road/The Bypass junction to the pedestrian section of Liverpool Road (dropped crossing);
- \* Toucan crossing facilities at Islington as indicated in SBA dwg no. N81418/SK19A linking to a contra flow cycle facility along Church Road linking to the town centre pedestrianised area;
- \* Provision of a shared use cycle route along the development side of The Bypass between the Moor Lane roundabout and the proposed new signal controlled crossing this is currently being looked at in liaison with the landscape consultants;
- \* Secure staff cycle parking adjacent to Unit 7 of the proposed development.

#### **Taxi Provision**

With regards to the provision of taxis to the development, Sainsbury's have now submitted revised drawings (plans P60 Rev N Ground Floor and P61 Rev H First Floor) showing the provision of both hackney and private hire provision, which is acceptable. These plans include:

- \* A hackney carriage taxi rank for 4 cabs within the First Floor car park area close to the store customer entrance to directly serve the store;
- \* A hackney carriage taxi rank for 4 cabs (as extended) on Richmond Road to serve the store and rest of the town centre during the daytime;
- \* A hackney carriage evening taxi rank on the proposed service access road for 4 cabs, which will also assist night time surveillance and therefore security;
- \* A drop off/pick up area for mini-cabs adjacent to the main customer entrance at the bottom of the travelators (the plan indicates that a car can reverse out of the affected disabled bays without affecting the bay).
- \* Retention of the existing 2 cab taxi rank on The Green.

#### **A565 Route Management Strategy**

The total cost of implementing the proposed recommendations within the A565 Route Management study corridor amount to £1.2M (estimated) plus 10% fees, totalling £1.32M. Generally, all of the proposed improvements are within a 2-3 mile radius of the proposed Sainsbury's development.

The effect of the additional traffic upon the highway network associated with the proposed Sainsbury's development, whilst minimal but nonetheless utilising the existing capacity in broad terms is in the region of 6 percent and

as such, a s106 contribution of £79,200 should be sought from the developer to contribute towards the works.

For clarity, Schedule 1 which relates to condition 13 for the off-site highway improvements is amended and condition 14 is altered as per the heading "Amendments to Planning Conditions".

#### **Section 106 Requirements**

A565 Corridor Improvement Strategy - a £79,200 contribution towards the implementation highway works identified within the strategy.

Residents Privileged Parking Scheme - subject to the results of pre and post development surveys (to be undertaken in accordance with an agreed methodology), the applicant will be required to fund the implementation of a Residents Privileged Parking Scheme (including legal procedures, advertising, traffic signs and carriageway markings and enforcement for at least 10 years. The area provisionally identified includes the following roads:-

Albert Grove, Alexandra Road, Cambridge Avenue, Carlton Terrace, Century Road, Church Road, Claremont Terrace, Cooks Road, Coronation Road (part), De Villiers Avenue (part), Durban Avenue, Enfield Avenue, First Avenue, Harrington Road, Hornby Street, Islington, Kilnyard Road, Kings Road, Little Crosby Road (part), Liverpool Road (part), Liverpool Road (part) Lune Street, Manor Road (part), Mayfair Avenue, Miller Avenue, Moor Drive, Moor Lane (part), Moorland Avenue, Princes Avenue, Queens Road, Richmond Road, Scape Lane, Second Avenue, Shaftesbury Road, St. Luke's Road, The Bypass, The Byway, The Northern Road (part), Third Avenue Vale Road, Vermont Avenue, Vermont Road, Victoria Road, Willow Way, Windsor Road, York Avenue, York Road.

18 Rossett Road has written commenting further on the Transport Assessment and technical note, but the comments raised relating to a perceived inadequacy in the level of survey work are not considered to give rise to further requirements in respect of detailed assessment and the Highways Development Control team confirm that the submitted assessments are acceptable and have further been subject to independent appraisal on behalf of the Council's own transport consultants.

#### **DESIGNING OUT CRIME**

The Council's Community Safety team have commented on CCTV provisions.

The Council made existing CCTV investment in the year 2000. The system comprises of six pan tilt & zoom colour cameras with an original operational requirement primarily to deter car crime from the three Council owned car parks, and incidence of disorder in the pedestrianised area.

The capital cost of the scheme was in the region of £150,000 which included a certain amount of infrastructure in the provision of a private fibre circuit

connecting the cameras to a hub collector by the George P/H and thereon by BT fibre to Sefton Security Hq's and the Police Control Room at Marsh Lane, Bootle. As you must appreciate a considerable amount of revenue has also been expended since the system became live in May 2000 in terms of maintenance, BT line rental and not least monitoring.

It is agreed that this investment is worthy of continuing within the scope of the new development and for it to be complementary to any security requirements/systems Sainsbury's specify.

However it is unfortunate that this scheme is due to go ahead when budgetary constraints and funding within the Local Authority is under such intense pressure that any match or support funding to contribute to any proposed works would be extremely difficult to find or justify. Clearly, within the plans, certain car parking provision is being relocated which will require the repositioning of at least two cameras.

I would consider that to replicate the Crosby CCTV system at today's costs would be in the region of £200,000. My opinion would be that a sum of £50,000 would not be unrealistic in order to facilitate the relocation, repositioning or remounting of existing identified cameras together with any remedial work required to ducting, fibre provision, power supplies and other contingencies to meet a 2010/11 operational requirement."

In the light of the above, it is considered that whilst this issue has arisen late in the day, the Draft Heads of Terms should be amended to require that the applicant provides a seperate commuted sum payment of £50,000 to be offset towards the meeting of immediate operational requirements as set out above.

#### **HEADS OF TERMS**

The recommendation to approve is subject to the completion of a Section 106 Agreement to secure the following:

- Tree contribution of £196,019,
- Public greenspace contribution of £143,450,
- A mosaic to the south elevation of retail unit 6 (overall value £30,000), to be subject of organised design competition,
- Contribution of £50,000 towards relocation, repositioning and remounting of existing cameras as a result of the proposed development,
- Contribution towards A565 Corridor Improvement Strategy a £79,200 contribution towards the implementation of highway works,
- Scheme to secure Residents Privilege Parking (RPP) as necessary following pre-development and post-development surveys, and
- Agreement that the applicant to manage community building for minimum 5 year period and that the Council will assume no liability following that period.

A separate Section 278 Agreement will also be required for other off site highway works.

#### **AMENDMENTS TO PLANNING CONDITIONS**

#### Conditions 9, 10 and 11

Delete from the first sentence of each condition "In the event that contaminated land is identified".

#### **Condition 13**

#### Schedule 1 to which the condition relates is amended as follows:

- a. Closing off the redundant vehicular accesses on Richmond Road and reconstruction of the footway/verge;
- b. Alteration of the existing vehicular access on Little Crosby Road and reconstruction the footway/verge as necessary;
- c. Construction of new vehicular accesses on Richmond Road and a scheme of works to alter, realign and widen Richmond Road, to allow the introduction of a designated right turn lane into the proposed main vehicular access;
- d. Construction of uncontrolled pedestrian crossing facilities and the improvement of the pedestrian refuge at the junction of Richmond Road and Little Crosby Road;
- e. Reconstruction of the footway on the south side of Little Crosby Road between the vehicular service entrance and the roundabout junction with Islington and Cooks Road;
- f. Alteration and improvement of the existing bus facilities on Islington to accommodate provision for bus layover and new bus stop facilities including new bus shelters, access kerbs, footway improvements with uncontrolled pedestrian crossing facilities, and enhanced 'bus stop' carriageway markings;
- g. Introduction of improvements to the junction of Islington/Coronation Road/Church Road, including the provision of traffic signals designed to enhance facilities for pedestrians and cyclists;
- h. Introduction of traffic signal controlled pedestrian and cyclist facilities north of the existing vehicular service access on The By-Pass;
- i. Introduction of a vehicular access on The By-Pass designed to allow vehicles leaving the site to turn left only and the introduction of pedestrian facilities in the form of flush kerbs and tactile paving;
- j. Construction of a new vehicular access on The By-Pass designated for service vehicles only, with pedestrian facilities either side of the access in the

form of flush kerbs and tactile paving and a designated pedestrian route across the vehicular access;

k. Introduction of uncontrolled pedestrian facilities in the form of flush kerbs and tactile paving at all the arms of the roundabout junction of The By-Pass/Richmond Road/Moorland Avenue/The Northern Road/Moor Lane;

I. Introduction of two bus stops, one on each side of The By-Pass adjacent to the site, including 'half laybys', access kerbs, new footway areas, enhanced 'bus stop' carriageway markings and bus shelters;

m. Introduction of a bus stop on the south side of Richmond Road adjacent to the site, including access kerbs, new footway area, enhanced 'bus stop' carriageway markings and bus shelter;

- n. Introduction of uncontrolled pedestrian facilities in the form of flush kerbs and tactile paving across Cooks Road and Alexandra Road;
- o. Introduction of a shared use pedestrian/cycle route along the north side of The Bypass between the new traffic signal controlled pedestrian and cyclist facilities and the roundabout at The By-Pass/Richmond Road/Moorland Avenue/The Northern Road/Moor Lane:
- p. Introduction of a lay-by for use by 'hackney carriage vehicles' on the south side of Richmond Road adjacent to the site including associated traffic signs and carriageway markings;
- q. Introduction of traffic signal controlled pedestrian facilities across Richmond Road in the vicinity of Avon Court;

#### Condition 14 is amended as follows:

Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the development shall not be brought into use until the following Traffic Regulation Orders (TRO's):-

- to prohibit 'right turns' out onto the Bypass at the exit from the car park
- to prohibit U-turns on the Bypass;
- to introduce waiting/loading restrictions on all roads in the immediate vicinity of the development site;
- to introduce taxi ranks within the development site and the immediate vicinity;
- to introduce controls on all off-street car parking areas within of the development site; and,
- to introduce bus stop/lay-over facilities on roads in the immediate vicinity of the development site;

have been implemented in full."

Condition 20: The plan number is P66H.

Condition 32: The plan number is P77A.

**Condition 41:** The FRA reference is Risk Assessment Release 4.0 received by the Council on 2 August 2010.

Condition 43: The plan number is P60N.

Condition 44: The plan number is P77A.

#### Add conditions as follows:

- a) Prior to the commencement of development, full details of the proposed measures to ensure that all mud and other loose materials are not carried on the wheel and chassis of any vehicles leaving the site and measures to minimise dust nuisance shall be submitted to an agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority.
- b) The approved details shall be implemented throughout the period of construction unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: In the interests of highway safety and to accord with policies CS3 and AD2 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.

- a) Prior to the commencement of development a Construction Traffic Management Plan shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
- b) The provisions of the Construction Traffic Management Plan shall be implemented in full during the period of construction and shall not be varied unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: In the interests of highway safety and to accord with policies CS3 and AD2 in the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.

- a) Development shall not begin until a surface water drainage scheme for the site including details of how the scheme shall be maintained and managed after completion, has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority in consultation with the Environment Agency.
- b) The scheme shall subsequently be implemented in accordance with the approved details before the development is completed.

Reason: To prevent the increased risk of flooding, to improve and protect water quality, improve habitat and amenity, and ensure future maintenance of the surface water drainage system pursuant to EP7 - Flood Risk of the Sefton UDP.

#### APPROVED PLAN NUMBERS, ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS

ARCH/2008-023 P51C, P52B, P53\*, P54\*, P60N, P61H, P62A, P63E, P64B, P65\*, P66H, P67C, P68A, P69B, P70F, P71B, P72, P73B, P74\*, P75\*, P76\*, P77A, P78A, P80E, Multi Storey Car Park elevation received 17 June 2010.

Tree Survey and landscaping plans 735-01 (2 parts), 02E, 03\*, 04B, 05\*, 06\*.

Air Quality Assessment received 12 March 2010 and addendum report

Design Appraisal received 12 March 2010

Development Framework received 12 March 2010

Drainage Strategy Statement received 12 March 2010

Ecological Assessment received 22 March 2010 and update received 17 June 2010

Environmental Noise Impact Assessment received 17 June 2010

External Lighting Assessment received 12 March 2010

Flood Risk Assessment (Risk Assessment Release 4.0) received 2 August 2010 (electronic copy)

Keeping Crosby Trading report received 12 March 2010

Planning and Retail Statement received 12 March 2010

Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Statement received 12 March 2010

Transport Assessment and appendices received 12 March 2010, supplementary technical appraisal June 2010.

Utilities Statement received 12 March 2010.

Received bySefton Council Planning & Economic Regeneration Department - Bootle Office

Scanned by 1 7 AUG 2010

2 Marine Terrace, Liverpool. L22 5PR

16th August 2010

Mr. Andy Wallis Planning and Economic Regeneration, Magdalen House, 30 Trinity House, Bootle, L20 3NJ

Dear Mr Wallis,

#### Sainsbury's Planning Application S/2010/0350 and Scale and **Design Quality**

On behalf of the 'ABetterCrosby' group, we write to notify you of our disagreement with your department's Recommendation to Approve application S/2010/0350.

The Justification states 'The proposals are fully compliant with the development plan and with national planning policy...'

As described in my letter of 14th April, we do not accept the proposal is in accordance with certain Unitary Development Plan policies.

UDP policy R6, http://www.sefton.gov.uk/pdf/PERD\_UDP%20-%20Chapter7.pdf states that:

'Development will be permitted provided that (c) the proposal is appropriate to the scale, role and function of the Centre'.

Additionally Policy R1 states;

'All retail development....should provide ...(b) a choice of convenience shopping in District and Local Centres appropriate in scale and kind to the role and function of each'.

Policy DQ1 http://www.sefton.gov.uk/pdf/PERD\_UDP%20-%20Chapter16.pdf states that:

- 'Development will not be permitted unless: In relation to site context:
- (a) the proposal responds positively to the character and form of its surroundings
- (b) in areas of lesser quality the development enhances the character of the area rather than preserves or reproduces the negative aspects of the existing environment. In relation to site design, layout and access:
- (c) the arrangement of buildings, structures and spaces within the site relates positively to the character and form of the surroundings, achieves a high quality of design and meets all of the following criteria:
- (i) ensures safe and easy movement into, out of and within the site for everyone, including those with limited mobility;
- (ii) protects the amenity of those within and adjacent to the site;
- (III) promotes the safety and security of those within the site whilst the safety and security of those outside it should be promoted through natural surveillance;

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(iv) creates attractive outdoor areas which fulfil their purpose well;(v) follows sustainable development principles in design and construction wherever practicable.'

This policy is further reinforced by **SPG 'Design'**, which explains the importance of good design, and in paragraph 7d) notes that you may refer significant applications to the Commission of Architecture and the Built Environment (CABE).

Within the Report to Committee for the current application paragraph 6.29 'Design Concerns' makes little meaningful contribution to the matters of policy.

Paragraph 8.14 notes that the scheme has been put to the North West Design Review Panel 'Places Matter', a regional organisation affiliated with CABE. In this case we understand a 'Design Review' formal report was produced. In the interests accountability and transparency we would request any such 'Design Review Report' be published and made available at Planning Committee on 18<sup>th</sup> August, as we would expect it to directly address the policy issues identified, with expert independent opinion.

#### Paragraph 8.14 states

'The scheme has also been put to .... 'Places Matter", who following consideration of a series of options, have offered broad support to the scheme on the basis of their understanding that the scheme has a range of wider objectives that go beyond the sheer scale of the proposals in their own right.'

#### We dispute this statement.

Case officer Steve Faulkner provided myself with a copy of the Places Matter Report 'Sainsbury's, Crosby Enabling Report' dated 26<sup>th</sup> January 2010, and reading it, we do not believe it 'offers broad support to the scheme'.

Rather, as an 'Enabling Report' it attempts to suggest positive ways forward with what is a very difficult application. Rightly the report supports the principle of investment by Sainsbury's in a major new supermarket, as ABetterCrosby also does, but it clearly identifies areas of difficultly with planning policy. Rather than rely on the interpretation of the Planning Department, we would request the Enabling Report, along with any Design Review Reports are copied to Planning Committee members for their own appraisal.

Referring to the previous Design Review the Enabling Report states -

'Fundamental concerns were raised through the design review process regarding the size of the store. If addressed, these concerns would result in amendments to the proposal which would not be operationally or therefore commercially acceptable to Sainsbury's'

We would note that neither operational nor commercial matters are material considerations for planning, and whilst overall economic benefit is an issue a slightly smaller new store would still provide the economic benefit, without the negative impacts which conflict with UDP policy. It is only Sainsbury's very firm approach which is forcing the issue to the unfortunate position we are now all in. We remain of the view that policy takes priority over Sainsbury's statement of operational/ commercial acceptability, which looking at the range of Sainsbury's current developments across the UK can be strongly disputed.

We highlight other relevant paragraphs of the Places Matter Enabling Report -

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Whilst the proposal is generally in the spirit of this policy and will play a crucial role in improving the viability of the centre, a view will need to be taken on whether the scale of the proposal is appropriate for the centre. This is one of the key tests under Policy R6.

The principal design policy against which the proposal will be assessed is Policy DQ1. Emphasis is placed here on the need to respond positively to local context in term of character and form. Emphasis is also placed, in areas of lesser quality, on the need to improve the quality of the local environment. Whilst there are more detailed criteria under this policy, it is the scale and form of the proposed development when viewed against the existing structure of the centre and the arrangement of streets and routes that seems to be the principal issue.

The proposed store will sit over the long established alignment of Moor Lane......
This change to the urban morphology of Crosby would be a very significant development in its evolution and one that cannot be said to represent an improvement in terms of its urban form. The negative impact this proposal will have on the form of the centre will therefore need to be balanced against the wider benefits the new store will bring to Crosby centre.

Richmond Road remains an environment dominated by vehicular access and parking. The bulk of the store will be positioned over ground floor parking which is unlikely to create a pleasant pedestrian environment along Richmond Road although proposed landscaping measures may help a little.

With the townscape analysis identifying such large areas of poor quality environment, it is unfortunate that the proposal involves the loss of some of Crosby's best townscape assets through demolition and yet does not address some of the key weaknesses of the centre identified in the supporting analysis.

However, given the constraints of the centre, it seems these issues can only be addressed through a smaller store.

if the investment was not secured, the centre's future would be bleak. With the planned investment, the sustainability of the centre's future is far more secure. The economic benefits of the proposed investment cannot be underestimated. It is here that the relative importance of relevant shopping and design policy clash – a view must be taken on their relative and respective importance.

In reviewing the proposals, one must assess whether there are other solutions to the need to accommodate a much larger store in the centre.

We understand that the proposal made by Places Matter is considered unacceptable to Sainsbury's, and we can understand why. However the proposal we have put forward, and discussed with you at some length when we met last week, is a robust and viable option, and one that, considering the vast array of very negative impacts of the current proposals, we believe should be considered before determining the current application.

Key among the negative impacts of the current proposal is the removal of at least 16 active businesses from Moor Lane, including many independent local businesses, with the loss of about 100 existing jobs, plus 20 volunteering positions. As many of the effected businesses are local and include managers and directors jobs, the economic

#### Page 4 of 4

benefit of these businesses is notable as they keep money in the local economy. This loss of employment is not addressed in your report, and negates your justification statement —'It will provide a much needed .. boost to the local employment sector.'

Returning to our suggested alternate proposals, we understand they are not a directly relevant consideration to the current application. However they provide important context as we believe the current application is not UDP policy complaint and any approval of it could be subject to Judicial Review, primarily, but not only, against policies R6 and DQ1. We are seeking legal advice on these matters.

On this basis, and with reference to our previous letter regarding Core Strategy / Emerging Policy, we continue to seek the deferment of the current proposals to seek a solution that will still greatly benefit Sainsbury's, but also independent local traders and the wider community of Crosby for many years to come.

I look forward to your reply.

Yours sincerely

Jamie Scott ABetterCrosby

Cc
Mr Jim Alford, Planning
Mr Steve Faulkner, Planning
Clir Papworth – S & O (Regeneration) Committee
Clir Maher – Regeneration
Clir Robertson – Leader
Ms Margaret Carney – SMBC Chief Executive
Mr Bill Esterson, MP

## PlacesMatter!

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E-mail: designreview@placesmatter.co.uk
www.placesmatter.co.uk

Sue Tyldesley Planning & Economic Regeneration Department Magdalen House 30 Trinity Road Bootle L20 3NJ

26th January 2010

Dear Sue

RE: Sainsbury's, Crosby Enabling Report

#### Purpose of these comments and the wider context

Sainsbury's redevelopment proposals for Crosby Centre have been prepared in partnership with Sefton Council. There have been two stages of formal design review with Places Matter! – initially at a pre-application stage and more recently associated with a more advanced design scheme. In addition, from the information provided it is clear that there has also been some public consultation. Fundamental concerns were raised through the design review process regarding the size of the store. If addressed, these concerns would result in amendments to the proposal which would not be operationally or therefore commercially acceptable to Sainsbury's. This third stage input from Places Matter! seeks to embrace the planned investment in Crosby that a new Sainsbury's store would deliver and looks at the issues associated with accommodating a store of this size in a centre the size of Crosby.

Crosby residents have a wide choice of supermarkets within a 15 minute drive of their centre. Tesco have traded from a large store on the outskirts of Formby (approx 6 miles to the north) for a number of years following a move out of Formby Village centre itself. Their former town centre store is now occupied by Waitrose. Tesco have also recently opened a very large 24 hour out of centre store on a former industrial site in Litherland (approx 4 miles south-east). ASDA have a large format out of centre store in Aintree (approx 5 miles east) and have also recently opened a large new 24hr store on a site adjacent to Bootle town centre. Tesco have recently reformatted their town centre store within the Bootle New Strand shopping centre (both approx 4 miles south). Sainsbury's also have a long established store in the heart of Southport town centre.

In this context, every effort should be made to support Sainsbury's desire to invest in Crosby town centre and retain their position as the anchor food retailer serving the local communities of Crosby, Great Crosby, Blundellsands, Waterloo and Thornton.









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Should Sainsbury's not be able to expand within the town centre, there is a danger that the investment Sainsbury's are planning to make will be directed elsewhere. Such an outcome would undoubtedly harm the vitality and viability of Crosby centre.

#### The policy position

The viability of the commercial centre of Crosby is crucial to the sustainability of the wider village and neighbourhood as a whole. Crosby is identified as a District Centre in the Sefton UDP – and therefore at the same level in the retail hierarchy as Formby, Waterloo and Maghull. Southport and Bootle are designated as larger Town Centres. The proposal will be considered against retail Policy R6. Whilst the proposal is generally in the spirit of this policy and will play a crucial role in improving the viability of the centre, a view will need to be taken on whether the scale of the proposal is appropriate for the centre. This is one of the key tests under Policy R6.

The principal design policy against which the proposal will be assessed is Policy DQ1. Emphasis is placed here on the need to respond positively to local context in term of character and form. Emphasis is also placed, in areas of lesser quality, on the need to improve the quality of the local environment. Whilst there are more detailed criteria under this policy, it is the scale and form of the proposed development when viewed against the existing structure of the centre and the arrangement of streets and routes that seems to be the principal issue.

It is clear that the key tests under both Policy R6 and Policy DQ1 (ie, that the scale of the proposal is appropriate for the centre and that the scale and form of the proposal relates positively to the character and form of the existing environment respectively) are linked. One relates principally to the quantum of retail floorspace proposed and the other to the physical form this volume will take.

The Council is preparing their LDF Core Strategy and the initial consultation papers associated with this indicated that the future of the Sainsbury's store within the centre is the single biggest issue facing Crosby centre. Some work has been done to assess the need and capacity for new retail development across the Borough which will inform the LDF. It is also relevant that the Council are in the process of commissioning a detailed retail study as part of the evidence base work associated with the preparation of the Core Strategy. White Green Young Planning have recently undertaken a series of studies seeking to assess the relative health of the Borough's commercial centres. Key messages that emerge from this work include the fact that Crosby centre has suffered significant loss of trade since the opening of two large out of centre stores (Asda in Aintree and Tesco in Formby). Notwithstanding this, the store remains popular locally and is still overtrading at a very considerable level.

#### The size of the retail store

The Development Framework document prepared by Turley Associates in support of the development proposals states that the core requirement is for a new store of a minimum size of 50,000sqft. This is likely to result in a store of approximately 75,000sqft gross. It is understood that the current store has an approximate net sales area of 17,000sqft and an approximate gross floor area of 36,000sqft. The new store therefore represents a radical uplift in the total sales area of the store and is likely to represent a relatively large store for Sainsbury's in terms of their typical store formats.







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#### The analysis

The analysis accompanying the proposals looks generally well considered and demonstrates a good understanding of the main issues facing the centre generally and the proposal specifically. The weak edges and poor environmental qualities along Richmond Road, The By-pass and Islington are identified.

The centre does have some qualities which are directly relevant to the proposal. The substantial Victorian villas and associated mature trees at the eastern end of Moor Lane have historic townscape value which, notwithstanding their current poor state of repair, contribute positively to the character of the area. In addition, the townscape quality created by the streets and buildings in the heart of the centre and most particularly at the Liverpool Road approach is also an asset.

In controlling the quality of major redevelopment proposals, it seems reasonable to seek to ensure that change on the scale proposed should address these characteristics of the centre – both positive and negative.

Informed by a review of the analysis supporting the proposal and a site visit, a number of issues emerge which should be addressed by any major redevelopment:

#### The Edges

Richmond Road – this is a very poor urban environment with no activity or address along its length. The street is over-scaled with very wide carriageways, no grass verges and no enclosure or built edges. There are significant opportunities to narrow the width of the road either visually or physically. This could be done in a number of ways – through the creation of built and active frontage, through the actual narrowing of carriageways and other landscaping improvement such as tree planting and improved crossing facilities.

Islington – whilst hosting a number of key community uses, Islington is an environment dominated by and designed specifically for the cars and buses. It is a hostile and unwelcoming place for pedestrians. There is an awkward double roundabout at the southern end and an over-sized roundabout at the northern end.

The By-pass – this is part of the main route between Liverpool and Southport and is a busy road. Travelling north on Liverpool Road is perhaps the key approach to the centre leading to a signal controlled junction. The By-pass itself has no crossing facilities along its length between the lights and the Moor Lane roundabout. The Crosby centre side of the road presents an unattractive backland scene of parking and service yards. However, the environment is softened by grass verges along the roads length and views across the neighbouring cemetery.

#### The Centre

The pedestrianised core of the centre is pleasant although the public realm is generally in need of investment and upgrading. The buildings are not special in themselves but they create and define a pleasing townscape. The busiest part of the centre is near the entrance to Sainsbury's although the townscape quality and form of the store itself is very poor. The current store terminates Liverpool Road across the









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historic alignment of the link with Manor Road to the north. However, the store contributes no ground floor street activity other than the footfall it generates.

Moor Lane is host to a variety of small independent and national stores in low key commercial terraces of variable character and quality. Victorian terraces give way to later lower terraces with some pleasing art-deco qualities. Further east, more modern retail and office accommodation prevail with very little townscape quality other than the active street frontage that they respect. The large Victorian Villas sit adjacent to but separate from the main centre. Whilst in a poor state of repair, these properties do have considerable townscape qualities. A similar villa on the opposite site of Moor Lane is in good condition and in use as a vets'.

#### Townscape assessment of development proposals

It is clear that a good deal of work has been done exploring different store configurations. This analysis has led to the conclusion that the proposed store location is the only one that results in a viable store size and layout. Urban form and context are the key design issues to be addressed under adopted development plan policy.

#### Urban form and structure

The proposed store will sit over the long established alignment of Moor Lane. This results in the eastern side of the centre being amalgamated to form one much larger development parcel. This change to the urban morphology of Crosby would be a very significant development in its evolution and one that cannot be said to represent an improvement in terms of its urban form. The negative impact this proposal will have on the form of the centre will therefore need to be balanced against the wider benefits the new store will bring to Crosby centre. An ungraded route across the centre between The By-pass to Richmond Road is created. However, this route is principally a function of the size of the store rather than a response to the opportunity to make a useful and beneficial connection. In terms of scale – height and massing – the proposed scale of new buildings seems generally acceptable for this town centre location.

The new store would require considerable demolition within the centre. Whilst the modern buildings at the eastern end of Moor Lane have the least townscape merit of any in the centre, the Victorian villas do positively contribute to the character of the area, as do the art-deco commercial buildings. It is also notable that the existing store will be required during construction to ensure continuity of trade. The store will then be converted to other commercial uses.

#### Urban edges

In terms of the impact of the new development on the key edges to the centre, The By-pass will be marginally improved through the creation of some enclosure and at the eastern end and the potential for a new pedestrian crossing. The informal areas of car parking and service yards will be replaced by the side elevation of the store, an improved service area and the creation of an upgraded pedestrian route to Moor Lane.









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Richmond Road remains an environment dominated by vehicular access and parking. The bulk of the store will be positioned over ground floor parking which is unlikely to create a pleasant pedestrian environment along Richmond Road although proposed landscaping measures may help a little. A new route lined with small retail units will improve the accessibility to the centre from this side of Crosby although the alignment of this new route is a function of the shape of the store rather than any desire line. Islington remains a location for buses and cars with improvements in bus stop facilities and a multi-storey car park on the site of the surface car park.

With the townscape analysis identifying such large areas of poor quality environment, it is unfortunate that the proposal involves the loss of some of Crosby's best townscape assets through demolition and yet does not address some of the key weaknesses of the centre identified in the supporting analysis. Richmond Road and Islington will remain car dominated environments lacking in any sort of activity at ground floor level.

However, given the constraints of the centre, it seems these issues can only be addressed through a smaller store. Keeping Moor Lane open has been explored in the evolution of the proposal and does not result in a workable store format. Providing activities to Richmond Road would also compromise the size of the store and reduce the space given over to parking. The Richmond Road frontage is north facing and not suited to single aspect residential accommodation. The most suitable uses for this frontage would be small scale offices or community uses, with the latter perhaps being most suitable in the context of this proposal. The retention of the Victorian Villas would also impact directly on the size of the store and the car parking provided although many of the options considered looked at other replacement uses in this location so their retention may be possible. In the right hands, these buildings would appear to have more life in them and would be suitable for conversion into a variety of uses. However, an independent assessment has been made of the contribution they make to the town centre which has concluded that they have an awkward relationship with the commercial centre. If the store is to be developed in the proposed location and the alignment of Moor Lane shifted as proposed it could be argued that this land will only become more marginal. This parcel of land is effectively being used to screen the service yard. This approach has some merit, but great care will need to be taken in ensuring the quality of the replacement buildings proposed are appropriately high. Richmond Road should benefit from some frontage from the redevelopment of this site and important trees should be retained where possible.

#### **Policy priorities**

These important townscape issues must be assessed against the shopping policy objectives of needing to improve the vitality and viability of the centre through investment and improvement in the quality of the shopping offer. If the investment was not secured, the centre's future would be bleak. With the planned investment, the sustainability of the centre's future is far more secure. The economic benefits of the proposed investment cannot be underestimated. It is here that the relative importance of relevant shopping and design policy clash – a view must be taken on their relative and respective importance. Given the fundamental viability issues at stake, it seems that the need to secure investment must prevail, and then that all is done to ensure that new development is of the highest quality possible in its context.

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#### Alternative approaches

In reviewing the proposals, one must assess whether there are other solutions to the need to accommodate a much larger store in the centre. The wider area around Islington might have presented a location worthy of consideration for the new store although such an approach would require considerable highways work and potentially the use of adjacent land parcels. However, the existing surface car park, very wide carriageway and over-sized roundabout together with the adjacent land parcels look capable of accommodating a store of comparable size to that proposed. If the loss of the roundabout would have caused problems to bus routing, the reopening of Liverpool Road within the centre to one-way bus operation could be considered. This would improve service penetration into the centre, although there would naturally be drawbacks for the pedestrian environment. The advantages of a new store in this location would have been that the structure and form of the centre would have remained in place and the car dominated environment of Islington would have been addressed and improved.

#### The benefits of a development brief

The application site is clearly a key strategic site for Crosby and the Council. Whilst there has been some quite detailed masterplanning done on the site initiated by the previous owners, ideally the Council themselves would have a more refined policy and development position on the future of the site. This could be achieved through the preparation of a development brief for the site, particularly given the significant land ownership interest the Council holds in Crosby centre.

A development brief for this key site would have helped in fully engaging all the relevant and key stakeholders. It could have been prepared in partnership with Sainsbury's and the local community. It could have been adopted by the Council and supplemented the relevant planning policies. It would have helped ensure that the approach and options development were driven by the assets and opportunities presented by the site and the appetite to invest in the centre. It would also help with the application of the sequential test in terms of retail planning and make it more difficult for retailers to justify the need to go off centre. In doing so, it would help in the preparation of the Core Strategy and wider LDF.

It may however not be considered appropriate at this point in time to resolve to prepare a brief for the site. Indeed many of the key steps that would have taken place in the preparation of such a brief have been progressed as part of the preparation of the planning application. However, this approach is not led by the public sector and, however robust, will always therefore be open to criticism that it is designed to deliver a pre-determined outcome.

#### Conclusions

Generally, the planned investment in Crosby must be embraced and welcomed – and that must be the overriding response to these proposals. The alternative is a failing centre with more people using the out of town alternatives in an increasingly unsustainable way.

However, there are a number of concerns regarding the approach taken which should be considered and, ideally, addressed. These are outlined below:









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- Islington area before detailed comments are given on the proposal as submitted, there may be some merit in exploring the opportunity to locate the new store on the land between Islington and Liverpool Road. Such an approach would require reconfiguration of the highways and additional land currently used by the church, but too much land here is given over to highways, including the over-sized roundabout. A prominent Liverpool Road frontage for a new store could be secured if movement and bus service issues were addressed. There may also be some merit in considering opening Liverpool Road up to one-way bus services.
- Richmond Road in terms of the proposal itself, the Richmond Road edge is not being improved. Whilst there will be some enclosure from the built edge of the store, all that will be visible will be a parking area beneath the store. Given the fundamental changes to the urban structure being proposed and the depth of the new block being created, there is scope to introduce new non-residential uses (community) to provide ground floor activity. The newly introduced non-food retail units along the proposed New Moor Lane shows the minimal impact new frontage to public routes can have. In addition, the junction between Richmond Road and Little Crosby Road results in left over land that will be of limited townscape value. The retention of the existing store may be an important issue here, but this amenity land would be better provided elsewhere in the centre where it could be a far more valued resource.
- The existing store the retention and conversion of the existing store should be reviewed. Whilst the job this building will do in terms of securing continuity of trade is an important component of the proposals, beyond that the building has an awkward relationship with its hinterland. The link between Liverpool Road and Manor Road to the north could be greatly improved if this site were to be redeveloped. The very poor Little Crosby Road frontage could also be improved in any redevelopment proposal.
- The Victorian Villas in view of the townscape qualities these buildings have, their demolition is unfortunate, especially when other buildings which detract from the character of the centre (such as the existing store) are being retained. However, if the location of the store is to remain then great emphasis must be placed on the quality of their replacement and the important job they do on the main approach to the centre from the east.
- Islington there is no attempt to improve the car and bus dominated environment that has evolved along Islington. There is an opportunity to tighten the road network up on this location but a multi-storey car park in this location will undermine any such opportunity.









# PlacesMatter! Design Review

This work was undertaken by Anthony Benson of Urban Practitioners (Places Matter! panel member) on behalf of Places Matter!

Yours sincerely

Charlotte Myhrum

Design Review Manager

Charloth Myrum

PlacesMatter!









#### WYG Planning & Design

part of the WYG group



Ref: A064407

Date: 17th May 2010

Alan Young Sefton MBC First Floor Magdalen House 30 Trinity Road Bootle L20 3NJ

Dear Alan

#### PROPOSED SAINSBURY'S SUPERMARKET, CROSBY

Further to your request to provide an appraisal of the suitability and acceptability of the proposed Sainsbury's foodstore at Crosby, our advice in relation to the development is set out below.

#### Introduction

Sainsbury's Supermarkets Limited have applied for full planning permission on land at Crosby District Centre for a new foodstore with associated car parking, a new multi-storey car park, public transport interchange, new retail units, conversion of the existing Sainsbury's store into new retail units, and the erection of a building for community uses. The scheme is identified as a major regeneration project which would transform the eastern gateway to Crosby District Centre, making use of an under-utilised brownfield site which would allow for the development and integration of a new Sainsbury's foodstore.

The proposed development can be summarised below:

|                      | Existing<br>Commercial<br>Floorspace<br>(GIA) | Commercial<br>Floorspace<br>Lost (GIA) | New Commercial<br>Floorspace to be<br>Developed (GIA) | Net Increase in<br>Floorspace (GIA) |
|----------------------|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Existing Sainsbury's | 3,576 sqm                                     | 3,576 sqm                              | 0 sqm   | -3,576 sqm                          |
| New Sainsbury's      | 0 sqm   | 0 sqm                                  | 8,802 sqm   | +8,802 sqm                          |
| Small Retail Units   | 4,189 sqm                                     | 4,189 sqm                              | 4,320 sqm   | +131 sqm                            |
| Office Space         | 1,204 sqm                                     | 1,204 sqm                              | 0 sqm   | -1,204 sqm                          |
| Community Use        | 552 sqm                                       | 552 sqm                                | 636 sqm   | +84 sqm                             |
| Total                | 8,969 sqm                                     | 8,969 sqm                              | 13,122 sqm  | 4,237 sqm                           |

In seeking to justify the proposed redevelopment, Turley Associates (TA) have prepared a planning and retail statement in support of the application which sets out the key arguments as to why planning permission for the development should be granted. WYG have reviewed this document and have used this as the basis against which the acceptability of the proposal in retail planning terms has been tested.

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In dealing with the proposed development, WYG have also reflected upon the key findings of previous retail research undertaken on behalf of the Council, most recently set out in the 2009 version of the retail strategy review. This document is also referred to at length by TA within their planning and retail

Although a key starting point in the determination of any planning application should be the Development Plan, it is important to note that new guidance has been recently issued by Central Government in the form of PPS4. Whilst the Development Plan including the adopted Regional Spatial Strategy and the adopted UDP will guide the overall suitability of the proposed scheme, it is important to note that neither of these Development Plan documents have benefited from the most recent guidance set out in PPS4. Therefore, in preparing this advice, significant weight has been given to PPS4 in this appraisal process.

The most significant change set out in PPS4 in relation to retail development is the removal of the needs test. However, it is evident that the proposed development falls within the defined boundary of Crosby District Centre and therefore, any assessment of need under previous PPS6 guidance would also not have been necessary. More importantly, PPS4 confirms that if a development is located within an established centre, then it is not necessary for the applicant to satisfy the sequential approach.

However, as set out in paragraph EC14.6, PPS4 makes it quite clear that an impact assessment is required for planning applications in an existing centre which are not in accordance with a Development Plan and which would substantially increase the attraction of the centre to an extent that the development could have an impact on other centres. Given that the proposed Sainsbury's store represents a significant increase in the overall net sales area compared to the existing store, WYG believe that it is important to test the impact of the development. Therefore, we believe that it is necessary to satisfy the impact tests as set out in Policy EC16. In addition, it is evident that all planning applications for economic development should also satisfy the impact considerations set out in Policy EC10.2.

#### The Principle of Retail Use

As highlighted above, the proposed development involves the re-use of an existing brownfield site within the defined boundary of Crosby District Centre. Given that both the Development Plan and PPS4 seek to enhance the vitality and viability of established centres, the principle of the type of development proposed is clearly acknowledged.

In understanding the background to this planning application, it is important to note that research undertaken by Sefton Council since 1997 has identified that the existing Sainsbury's foodstore within Crosby has been significantly overtrading as it is not large enough to satisfy the needs of its local catchment. The overtrading of the store has led to in-store congestion at peak times and in some cases will force other people to travel further distances to access foodstores elsewhere. Therefore, the need for a new and enlarged Sainsbury's foodstore within Crosby is well established and would help address significant qualitative deficiencies with the current store. The new store will not only provide a more attractive environment for shoppers but it will also enable the full range of convenience goods to be stocked which will again benefit consumer choice.

Furthermore, it is evident that the proposed development will deliver more than just a new foodstore at the heart of Crosby District Centre. The development will allow the re-use of the existing Sainsbury's store for approximately five retail units which would form part of the primary shopping area. In addition, a new multi-storey car park will also be provided serving both the foodstore and the District Centre as a whole. Clearly, there are strong arguments in favour of the comprehensive development proposed, particularly in terms of reinforcing the vitality and viability of the primary shopping area and securing a new anchor

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foodstore which would underpin the future attractiveness of the centre and secure significant footfall for other facilities

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#### **Assessment of Potential Impact**

As outlined previously, PPS4 states that all applications for economic development (including retail) must be assessed against the requirements of both Policy EC10.2 and Policy EC16.1. Policy EC10.2 effectively deals with the key sustainability issues such as accessibility and carbon emissions, as well as the overall quality of design and the impact on local employment. As WYG have been asked to assess the retail implications only, we have not commented on the quality of design or the opportunity to limit carbon emissions. However, it is evident that in terms of accessibility, given the sites in-centre location, the site is clearly accessible by all forms of transport and will also benefit from a local walk-in catchment. This in turn will have positive impacts on carbon emissions whereby the need to travel by private motor vehicle will be reduced.

It is also important to note when assessing the development against Policy EC10.2, the new enlarged foodstore will create significantly more employment than the constrained store at present. In fact, TA assumes that an additional 150 jobs will be created by the new development which, although it is unclear how many of these will be full-time equivalents, appears to be a reasonable assessment. Therefore, in assessing the proposed development against Policy EC10.2, it is evident that the scheme would have significant positive impacts in terms of providing resilience to climate change, being accessible by a choice of means of public transport, securing economic and physical regeneration within the established centre, and providing local employment. Whilst we have not commented on the quality of the design, we believe that the proposed development more than satisfies the requirements set out in Policy EC10.2.

#### Policy EC16

As highlighted previously, it could be argued that as the development is located within an established centre, it should not be necessary to assess the impact of the scheme on the vitality and viability of that centre. However, given that the proposed development is of a significant scale that will substantially increase the attractiveness of the centre; we believe it is necessary to test the development against Policy EC16 as set out in paragraph EC14.6 of PPS4. Whilst this impact test is not focussed on Crosby District Centre, it must consider the implications for other centres within the local hierarchy that may be adversely affected by the development.

In dealing with the six criteria set out under paragraph EC16.1, our conclusions on each matter are as follows:

## The Impact of the Proposal on Existing, Committed and Planned Public and Private Investment in a Centre or Centres in the Catchment Area of the Proposal

It is evident that the scheme proposed for Crosby represents a significant private sector investment within the primary shopping area which will transform the overall attractiveness of Crosby as a main food shopping destination as well as meeting the needs of the local community.

With regard to other centres in the catchment area, it is evident that the provision of a new enlarged foodstore within Crosby would not have an adverse impact on investment in other centres throughout the Sefton area. As highlighted previously, the existing foodstore within Crosby has been compromised for a significant period of time and, as a result, has been trading well above its company benchmark average. Therefore, the primary role of the new enlarged foodstore will be to alleviate this over trading and the symptoms (including in-store congestion) which are associated with that. Clearly, we would anticipate that people currently not shopping within Crosby may be attracted to the new development who may shop at other foodstores elsewhere. However, given that the majority of the competing provision surrounding Crosby is located on out-of-centre sites, any impact on these stores, including the existing Tesco at Formby and the new Tesco store at Lanstar, are not afforded any policy protection. In addition, given the overall

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shortfall of convenience provision in the South of the Borough in the past, there is a need for further investment within Crosby to relieve over-trading and help meet the day-to-day needs of the local community.

Although new investment has been secured recently within Bootle including the provision of a new Asda foodstore, this foodstore will be competing directly with the new Tesco at Hawthorne Road and would not be drawing from the same primary catchment from which the proposed Sainsbury's at Crosby will draw the majority of its trade. Therefore, whilst there may be some concerns about the potential impact on Bootle created by the new development in Crosby, WYG do not believe that this will be an issue at all, given that the Sainsbury's in Crosby has historically been over-trading and therefore any additional trade drawn to the store will not be significant enough to create any adverse impact.

#### Impact of the Proposal on Town Centre Vitality and Viability, Including Consumer Choice

As highlighted previously, the proposed development will have a positive impact on the future vitality and viability of Crosby District Centre. In addition, the development will also provide a modern, high quality Sainsbury's foodstore which will add to the choice of new foodstore provision within the South of the Borough which is currently dominated by Tesco (with stores at Formby, Litherland and Bootle) and Asda (with stores at Aintree and Bootle). Therefore, there will be significant positive impacts on enhancing the choice and range of convenience goods within this part of the Borough.

## The Impact of the Proposal on Allocated Sites Outside Town Centres Being Developed in Accordance with the Development Plan

As there are no sites within Sefton that have been allocated in out-of-centre locations, this test does not apply.

#### The Impact of the Proposal on In-Centre Trade/Turnover

As highlighted previously, we anticipate that a significant proportion of the stores turnover will be transferred from the existing store in Crosby which has been over-trading since the mid-90's when retail surveys were conducted by the Council. Since then, this position has not changed and therefore, it is unlikely that the proposed development would draw significant trade from other established centres elsewhere within the catchment, particularly given that the two major foodstore in close proximity to Crosby are large out-of-centre Tesco stores which are afforded no protection under retail planning policy.

## If Located In or On the Edge of a Town Centre. Whether the Proposal Is of an Appropriate Scale in Relation to the Size of the Centre and its Role in the Hierarchy of Centres

In assessing the appropriateness of scale of the development, it is evident that whilst the development will represent a significant increase in the size of the Sainsbury's store, the store itself would not be uncommon in District Centres elsewhere throughout the North West. Clearly, the size of the Sainsbury's store is influenced by a number of factors including the need to better provide for the demands of the local community as well as providing an offer and range of products that is competitive when compared to other large foodstores elsewhere in South Sefton. Constraining the size of the Sainsbury's foodstore would do little to address the qualitative deficiencies of the existing store and would not enable Sainsbury's to compete effectively with other modern provision elsewhere. This in turn would not bring about the positive impacts for Crosby District Centre as a whole.

Therefore, whilst the proposed development represents a significant proportion of the established centre of Crosby, the scale in our view is not inappropriate for the role and function of the centre and will enable

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Crosby to compete effectively as a convenience goods destination in the future, which can only bring about wider positive benefits.

#### **Any Locally Important Impacts**

Although there are no obvious locally important impacts in relation to the retail development, it is evident that there are a number of other positive benefits which will need to be weighed in the balance when determining the planning application. These are set out in chapter 11 of TA's planning and retail statement and include the:

- regeneration and investment of Crosby;
- linked trips to support other shops and services in the centre; improvements to the quality of the townscape;
- improvements to town centre parking;
- job creation;
- improvements to public realm and accessibility;
- improvements to the quality of shopping provision from the new units;
- improvements in the retail offer created by the large foodstore;
- customer comfort;
- helping meet the needs of the local community; and
- community building provision.

#### **Summary and Conclusions**

Based on our knowledge of the past performance of Crosby District Centre and the Sainsbury's foodstore, the need for new investment and a new foodstore within the centre is well established. The development now promoted by Sainsbury's would appear to not only provide the necessary anchor foodstore required to secure the future vitality and viability of the centre, but will also provide additional retail and community units, as well as enhance parking which will benefit the centre as a whole. Although we believe that postdevelopment the centre of Crosby will be more attractive as a retail destination, we do not anticipate that this will in any way adversely affect the role and function of other established centres within the catchment and South Sefton. The over-trading at the existing Sainsbury's store is significant and will ensure that the new enlarged store will not have to rely on drawing trade from a significant distance just to support the scale proposed.

Given that we do not anticipate there to be any significant adverse impacts created by the future trading pattern of the proposed development, it is evident when this conclusion is combined with the significant positive impacts that will be delivered for the centre as a whole, the only conclusion that can be reached in relation to this development from a retail planning point of view is that it is wholly compliant with both the Development Plan and the most recent national guidance. PPS4 makes it quite clear that town centre investment is the absolute priority in maintaining vitality and viability. The development before the Council represents a prime example of in-centre comprehensive redevelopment which will transform the fortunes of Crosby District Centre and secure its future vitality and viability in both the medium and long-term.

However, in ensuring that the wider benefits of the scheme are delivered, it will be fundamental that appropriate phasing conditions or legal agreements are put in place to ensure that all the components of the development are delivered as part of the scheme. Although the Applicant has provided suggested conditions as to how the development could be phased, it will be important for the Council to ensure that the development is delivered in the comprehensive manner as proposed and that all of the phases will be implemented in the short-term. In addition, in order to control the scale and turnover of the foodstore (ensuring that it is appropriate); we would suggest that conditions are put in place to control the net sales

Regatta House, Clippers Quay, Salford Quays, Manchester, M50 3XP Tel: +44 (0)161 872 3223 Fax: +44 (0)161 872 3193 Email: info@wyg.com www.wyg.com WYG Environment Planning Transport Ltd. Registered in England Number: 3050297 Registered office: Arndale Court, Ötley Road, Headingley, LS6 2UJ

WYG Planning & Design

part of the **WYG** group



area as proposed. Although imposing conditions on the split of convenience and comparison goods may be viewed by some to be less appropriate in this circumstance given its town centre location, we believe that there is a need to control the scale of the foodstore element so as to satisfy the test set out at paragraph 14.6 of PPS4. Therefore, it would be beneficial to devise a condition which restricts the net sales area to that proposed and then agree a sensible convenience and comparison goods split within the foodstore with the applicant.

In terms of the other retail units that are created by the proposed development (including the former Sainsbury's store that will be subdivided) we believe that as these stores will operate from a town centre location they should be given the maximum flexibility to attract as diverse a range of tenants/retail operators as possible. Therefore, any condition should just seek to limit the gross area of these stores and no restrictions should be placed on the range of goods that they sell or the net sales area.

Subject to these conditions, WYG can see no reason why the proposed development should not be fully supported by the Council with regard to retail planning matters.

Yours Sincerely,

Keith Nutter
Director
WYG PLANNING & DESIGN

creative minds safe hands

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wYG Environment Planning Transport Ltd Registered in England Number: 3050297
Registered office: Arndale Court, Otley Road, Headingley, LS6 2t0

Committee: PLANNING

Date of Meeting: 15 September 2010

Title of Report: \$/2010/0995

80 Raven Meols Lane, Formby

(Ravenmeols Ward)

Proposal: Part retention of a porch at the front of the bungalow

Applicant: Mr David Shone

### **Executive Summary**

The proposal is for a porch attached to the projecting gable to the front of the dwelling to replace the existing unlawful extension that was dismissed on appeal.

The key considerations are the impact of the proposal upon the host dwelling, its impact on the amenity of the adjoining dwelling and its contribution to the character of the area.

It is considered that by virtue of its scale and appearance that, subject to materials being agreed with the Council, that the proposal is acceptable.

### Recommendation(s) Approval

#### **Justification**

It is considered that the proposal will result in a more harmonious appearance to the host dwelling that will have a positive impact upon the character of the area and will not cause significant harm to the amenity of the adjoining property and is therefore acceptable when assessed against Unitary Development Plan policies CS3, DQ1, MD1 & Supplementary Planning Guidance 'House Extensions'.

#### **Conditions**

- 1. T-1 Full Planning Permission Time Limit
- 2. M-1 Materials (matching)
- 3. X1 Compliance

### Reasons

- 1. RT-1
- To ensure a satisfactory appearance to the development in the interests of visual amenity and to comply with policies DQ1 & MD1 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan.
- 3. RX1

## **Drawing Numbers**

1144/03

## **Financial Implications**

| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                                | 2006/<br>2007<br>£ | 2007/<br>2008<br>£ | 2008/<br>2009<br>£ | 2009/<br>2010<br>£ |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gross Increase in Capital Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton Capital Resources                           |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Specific Capital Resources                         |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| REVENUE IMPLICATIONS                               |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Gross Increase in Revenue Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton funded Resources                            |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded from External Resources                     |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Does the External Funding have an expiry date? Y/N | When?              |                    |                    |                    |
| How will the service be funded post expiry?        |                    |                    |                    |                    |

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

History referred to Policy referred to



S/2010/0995

### The Site

A semi-detached dormer bungalow at the corner of Park Road and Raven Meols Lane, Formby.

### **Proposal**

Part retention of a porch at the front of the bungalow

### **History**

S/2008/0804 – Erection of a two-storey extension at the side, single-storey extension

at the rear, installation of a porch at the front, two dormer windows to the front and a dormer to the rear of the dwellinghouse. Refused 7<sup>th</sup> November 2008 - Appeal part refused and part granted 9<sup>th</sup> October

2009.

N/2008/0530 – Erection of a two-storey at the side, dormer window and a porch at the

front, single-storey extension at the rear and new boundary wall and

fence at the front & side - Approved 20th August 2008.

### **Consultations**

None.

### **Neighbour Representations**

Last date for replies: 11<sup>th</sup> August 2010.

Representations received: Letter of objection from Number 78 Raven Meols Lane in addition to a petition against the application with 35 signatories and endorsed by Councillor McIvor.

Points of objection relate to the existing unlawful single-storey front extension and the increase in size of the proposed development over that approved by N/2008/0530.

### **Policy**

The application site is situated in an area allocated as Primarily Residential on the Council's Adopted Unitary Development Plan.

CS3 Development Principles

DQ1 Design

MD1 House Extensions

#### Comments

This site has been the subject of two previous applications, one approved N/2008/0530 and one refused S/2008/0804 that resulted in an appeal decision that was part allowed and part dismissed.

The current situation for the site in respect of lawful permissions is that the full permission granted in N/2008/0530 can be implemented or that S/2008/0804 can be implemented with the exception of the porch to the projecting gable that was dismissed on appeal by the Planning Inspectorate.

This porch has already been constructed and was the subject of an Enforcement Notice that was upheld, but amended, by the Planning Inspectorate to extend the period of compliance to 6 (six) months rather than 3 (three) months. This Enforcement Notice came into effect on the 9 October 2009, the date of the decision by the Inspectorate and as such, the compliance period ran until the 9 April 2010.

The amended Enforcement Notice required the applicant to:

- A. Demolish the porch/hall extension at the front of the property.
- B. Reinstate the bay window as shown on the photographs NC1 & NC2 appended hereto
- C. Remove the concrete pantiles and reinstate the roof of the dwelling with matching rosemary clay tiles
- D. Remove all resultant materials to an authorised place of disposal

Or

E. Construct the porch/hall extension in accordance with the approved plan drawing number 1144/02 of application N/2008/0530.

The applicant did not comply with the requirements of the notice in the compliance period but did instruct agents on their behalf to put forward further proposals as preapplication inquiries and as such, there were discussions between the Authority and the applicant prior to this application being submitted. This current application reflects those informal discussions.

The main consideration for this proposal is whether or not the current scheme sufficiently addresses the concerns raised in the refusing of consent for the retention of the unlawful porch extension to the front.

In relation to the unlawful porch extension to the front, the Inspector stated that:

"In my view the hall extension is significantly detrimental to the appearance of the building and to its surroundings. This is because of its size, projection, and design. It contrasts adversely with the approved porch, which would be a smaller subservient addition that would harmonise with the main structure. It has been designed as a full addition to the original structure, carrying forward the roof, and unbalances the appearance of the pair of dwellings. My assessment has been based on the proposed use of tiles to match the existing (and a render finish to the walls), as stated on the application plan. In practice,

as currently partly constructed, the adverse appearance has been increased by the use of red pantiles. Thus this part of the proposal would be contrary to the development plan and the appeal in this respect will be dismissed."

The proposal subject to this application is of a more modest and minor size, with reduced overhangs, the removal of supporting pillars and a maximum projection of 1.55 metres from the existing projecting gable. Supplementary Planning Guidance 'House Extensions' states that we normally allow a porch or front extension that comes up to 1.5 m out from the main wall and in this respect, the proposal complies.

When assessed against the criteria of Unitary Development Plan policies DQ1, MD1 and Supplementary Planning Guidance 'House Extensions', the proposal is a minor addition that responds harmoniously to the scale and proportions of the existing dwelling and will not present an imbalanced appearance when viewed with the adjoining neighbouring property, Number 78.

The porch proposed as part of this application echoes that approved by N/2008/0530 and as such the statement by the Inspector that the approved porch "would be a smaller subservient addition that would harmonise with the main structure" can be applied to this application.

As was noted by the Inspector, the materials to be used for the external finishes of the proposed extension are a key consideration when assessing the impact of proposals on this dwelling. Though the submitted drawing states that all external finishes are to be agreed with the Council, section 10 of the application form states that interlocking concrete tiles will be used to match those of Number 78.

This is not an acceptable material, and the applicant presented samples of the materials to be used to the Authority, but these are the materials that are presently on the unlawful extension and were considered by the Inspector to be unacceptable. As such, while the extent of the porch is acceptable, the materials to be used in its external finish will be of key importance and therefore it is considered reasonable to attach a condition requiring the materials to be used to be agreed in writing by the Council within a reasonable period.

In the event of approval being granted to this application, the Authority will write to the applicant to advise that there is an outstanding Enforcement Notice and as such, they will be informed that they have 6 (six) months from the date of approval to either comply fully with the Enforcement Notice or to implement and complete the approved porch.

Contact Officer: Mrs S Tyldesley Telephone 0151 934 3569

Case Officer: Neil Mackie Telephone 0151 934 3606

9

Received bySetton Council Planning & Economic Regeneration Department - Bootle Office

# PETITION AGAINST PROPOSED PORCH AT

# 80 RAVENMEOLS LANE FORMBY SPONSORED BY CLLR, LAVID METVOR

| NAME              | ADDRESS                                 | AGAINST | SIGNATURE    |
|-------------------|---|---------|--------------|
| MEHAEL<br>FLEMING | TZ, RAVENMEOLS WITH 1416                |         | m Hamy       |
| MARY<br>FLEMING   | ((                                      | V       | Mes          |
| PAM<br>MAW>SLEY   | 66 RAVEN MEOLS LA<br>FORMYSY L'37 4DG   | V       | 1st handsla  |
| BARBACA<br>THOMAS | 67 RAVEN MEALS<br>LANE<br>FORMBY 1374DI | )       | Bontloma     |
| BRIAN .<br>THOMAS | 67 RAVEN MEOR<br>LANE<br>FORMBY 1374DD  | s<br>V  | V.B.Thoma    |
| KAREN<br>HICKEY   | 69 Raverness<br>Lane<br>Formby L374DD.  | V       | KH;          |
| NIGEL<br>HICKEY   | 69 Ravermedo<br>Lane.<br>Formby.        | V       | idin         |
| Anne<br>WHITE     | 73 Ravennendshy<br>Formby               |         | HAWWe.       |
| GRANATI<br>WHITE  | 73 10 11                                | V       | South I hake |
| KATHLEEN<br>WARD  | 74 " "                                  | V       | K.A. Ward.   |

Committee: PLANNING

Date of Meeting: 15 SEPTEMBER 2010

Title of Report: Planning Approvals

Report of: Andy Wallis

**Planning & Economic Regeneration Director** 

Contact Officer: S Tyldesley (South Area) Tel: 0151 934 3569

| This report contains  | Yes      | No       |
|---|----------|----------|
| Confidential information  |          | <b>✓</b> |
| Exempt information by virtue of paragraph(s) of Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act 1972 |          | <b>✓</b> |
| Is the decision on this report DELEGATED?   | <b>√</b> |          |

### **Purpose of Report**

The items listed in this Appendix are recommended for approval.

### Recommendation

That the applications for planning permission, approval or consent set out in the following appendices be APPROVED subject to any conditions specified in the list for the reasons stated therein.

## **Corporate Objective Monitoring**

| Corporate Objective |   | Impact   |         |          |
|---------------------|---|----------|---------|----------|
|                     |   | Positive | Neutral | Negative |
| 1                   | Regenerating the Borough through Partnership          | ✓        |         |          |
| 2                   | Raising the standard of Education & Lifelong Learning |          | ✓       |          |
| 3                   | 3 Promoting Safer and More Secure Communities         |          |         |          |
| 4                   | Creating a Healthier, Cleaner & Greener Environment   |          |         |          |
|                     | through policies for Sustainable Development          | ✓        |         |          |
| 5                   | Strengthening Local Democracy through Community       |          |         |          |
|                     | Participation   |          | ✓       |          |
| 6                   | Promoting Social Inclusion, Equality of Access and    |          |         |          |
|                     | Opportunity   |          | ✓       |          |
| 7                   | Improving the Quality of Council Services             | ✓        |         |          |
| 8                   | Children and Young People                             |          | ✓       |          |

# Agenda Item 5

### **Financial Implications**

None

### Departments consulted in the preparation of this Report

See individual items

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

The Background Papers for each item are neighbour representations referred to, history referred to and policy referred to. Any additional background papers will be listed in the item. Background Papers and Standard Conditions referred to in the items in this Appendix are available for public inspection at the Planning Office, Magdalen House, 30 Trinity Road, Bootle, up until midday of the Committee Meeting. Background Papers can be made available at the Southport Office (9-11 Eastbank Street) by prior arrangement with at least 24 hours notice.

A copy of the standard conditions will be available for inspection at the Committee Meeting.

The Sefton Unitary Development Plan (adopted June 2006), the Supplementary Planning Guidance Notes, and the Revised Deposit Draft Unitary Development Plan are material documents for the purpose of considering applications set out in this list.

# Agenda Item 5

# **Approvals Index**

| A | S/2010/0855 & 0856 | Land & premises between Well Lane and Litherland Road adj to 25 Well Lane, Bootle | Derby Ward            |
|---|--------------------|---|-----------------------|
| В | S/2010/0926        | 58 Moor Drive, Crosby   | Victoria Ward         |
| С | S/2010/0985        | 13 Prestwick Drive, Crosby  | Blundellsands<br>Ward |
| D | S/2010/1049        | 23 Old Mill Lane, Formby  | Harington Ward        |
| E | S/2010/1062        | Ribble Buildings, Lord Street, Southport  | Dukes Ward            |
| F | S/2010/1074        | Connolly House, 47 Balliol Road, Bootle   | Derby Ward            |
| G | S/2010/1144        | 18 Alexandra Road, Waterloo   | Church Ward           |

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Committee: PLANNING

Date of Meeting: 15 September 2010

Title of Report: \$/2010/0855 & 0856

Land and premises between Well Lane and Litherland Road adjacent to 25 Well Lane,

Bootle (Derby Ward)

Proposal: Extension of Time to planning application S/2005/0309

approved 08/07/2005 for demolition of existing buildings and erection of two apartment blocks (91 dwellings in total) together

with car parking provision and associated works

Applicant: Carriage Grove Developments Limited

### **Executive Summary**

These applications seek renewal of two applications in respect of the site between Well Lane and Litherland Road. The overall proposal is for a development of 98 units in a scheme which is of contemporary design and a height between 3 and 5 storeys. The planning issues concern any changes to the planning circumstances since the original approvals.

### Recommendation(s) Approval

### **Justification**

Taking into account the requirements of UDP Policies and all other material considerations the renewal of this application is acceptable.

### **Conditions**

### S/2010/0855

- 1. T-1 Full Planning Permission Time Limit
- 2. Before the development commences a detailed survey of existing and proposed ground levels, sections across the site and details of the finished slab level for each block shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
- 3. M-2 Materials (sample)
- 4. M-6 Piling
- 5. Before the development is commenced, details of boundary treatments shall be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority. The agreed boundary treatment shall then be completed before occupation or in accordance with an agreed timetable.
- 6. All hard and soft landscaping works shall be carried out in accordance with the

approved details and to a reasonable standard in accordance with the relevant recommendations of appropriate British Standards or other recognised Codes of Good Practice. The works shall be carried out prior to the occupation of any part of the development or in accordance with the timetable agreed with the Local Planning Authority. Any trees or plants that, within a period of five years after planting, are removed, die or become, in the opinion of the Local Planning Authority, seriously damaged or defective, shall be replaced as soon as is reasonably practicable with other of species, size and number as originally approved, unless the Local Planning Authority gives its written consent to any variation.

- 7. Before the development is commenced, a schedule of landscape maintenance for a minimum period of 5 years shall be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority. This shall include details of the arrangements for implementation and shall be carried out in full.
- 8. No part of the development shall be occupied until off street parking provision has been constructed, surfaced, sealed and made available in accordance with the approved plans. This parking area shall then be retained and permanently reserved for the parking of vehicles.
- 9. H-7 Cycle parking
- 10. The development shall meet the requirements of Code 3 Sustainable Homes and Lifetime Homes.
- 11. D10 Drainage
- 12. S-1 Site Waste Management Plan
- 13. H10 Access before occupation
- 14. H-4 Visibility splay (pedestrians)
- 15. No part of the development shall be occupied until the existing vehicular accesses to Litherland Road and Well Lane are effectively and permanently closed and the footway reinstated to match the footway to each side of the access.
- 16. Con-1 Site Characterisation
- 17. Con- 2 Submission of Remediation Strategy
- 18. Con-3 Implementation of Approved Remediation Strategy
- 19. Con-4 Verification Report
- 20. Con-5 Reporting of Unexpected Contamination
- 21. Before any development is commenced a scheme for protecting the proposed dwelling from noise from the Public House shall be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority. Any works, which form part of the scheme, shall be completed before any of the permitted dwellings are occupied.
- 22. Prior to the commencement of development a specification (including plans) of all windows and window reveals, balconies, brick, zinc, and wood panels shall be submitted to and approved as satisfactory to the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plans and specification.
- 23. Notwithstanding the submitted plans, prior to the commencement of development, a revised specification/design for the boundary wall treatments and gates to the Well Lane and Litherland Road frontage shall be submitted to and approved as satisfactory by the Local Planning Authority.
- 24. The development shall be carried out contemporaneously with the scheme to be agreed on the adjoining site at 60 Well Lane.

- 25. S106 Agreement
- 26. At least 30% of the dwellings hereby permitted shall be used exclusively for social rented housing for which guideline target rents will be determined in accordance with the Housing Corporation Regulatory Circular 'Rent influencing regime implementing the rent restructure framework' or any such changes/updates to it as are subsequently approved by the Housing Corporation/HCA.
- 27. X1 Compliance

### Reasons

- 1. RT-1
- 2. In the interests of privacy and neighbouring residential properties and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy
- 3. RM-2
- 4. RM-6
- 5. In the interests of privacy and visual amenity and to comply with Sefton UDP Policies CS3, DQ1 and HC1.
- 6. In the interests of visual amenity and conservation and to comply with Sefton UDP Policies CS3, DQ1 and DQ3.
- 7. In the interests of visual amenity and conservation and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy CS3.
- 8. To ensure that adequate and satisfactory provision is made for off-street parking of vehicles to comply with Sefton UDP Policies CS3, DQ1 and AD2.
- 9. RH-7
- 10. In the interests of sustainability and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy CS3.
- 11. RD10
- 12. RS-1
- 13. RH3
- 14. RH-4
- 15. To safeguard the safety and interest of users of the highway and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy CS3.
- 16. RCON-1
- 17. RCON-2
- 18. RCON-3
- 19. RCON-4
- 20. RCON-5
- 21. In the interests of the amenities of the residents of the dwellings hereby permitted, and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy ENV62 and emerging UDP Policy EP6.
- 22. To ensure a satisfactory form of development and to comply with UDP Policy DQ1.
- 23. To ensure a satisfactory form of development and to comply with UDP Policy DQ1.
- 24. To ensure a satisfactory form of development and comply with UDP Policy CS3.
- 25. R106
- 26. To comply with UDP Policy H2.
- 27. RX1

#### **Notes**

- 1. The applicant is advised that all works to the adopted highway must be carried out by a Council approved contractor at the applicant's expense. Please contact the Highways Section on 0151 934 4175 or development.control@technical.sefton.gov.uk for further information.
- 2. Unless otherwise agreed by the Local Planning Authority, development other than that required to be carried out as part of an approved scheme of remediation must not commence until conditions 19-23 above have been complied with. If unexpected contamination is found after development has begun, development must be halted on that part of the site affected by the unexpected contamination to the extent specified by the Local Planning Authority in writing, until condition 23 has been complied with in relation to that contamination. Contaminated land planning conditions must be implemented and completed in the order shown on the decision notice above.

### **Drawing Numbers**

Plans approved under reference S/2005/0309 and any subsequent condition discharge thereto.

#### S/2010/0856

- 1. T-1 Full Planning Permission Time Limit
- 2. Before the development commences a detailed survey of existing and proposed ground levels, sections across the site and details of the finished slab level for each property shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority and the development shall then be implemented in accordance with these details.
- 3. M-2 Materials (sample)
- 4. M4 Pile
- 5. M8 Boundary Treatment
- 6. Landscaping (scheme)
- 7. L8 Landscape Implementation
- 8. L9 Landscape maintenance
- 9. No part of the development shall be occupied until off street parking provision has been constructed, surfaced, marked out and made available in accordance with plans to be approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The parking area shall then be retained and permanently reserved for the parking of vehicles.
- 10. H-7 Cycle parking
- 11. The development shall meet the requirements of Code 3 'Sustainable Homes and Lifetime Homes'
- 12. Con-1 Site Characterisation
- 13. Con- 2 Submission of Remediation Strategy

- 14. Con-3 Implementation of Approved Remediation Strategy
- 15. Con-4 Verification Report
- 16. Con-5 Reporting of Unexpected Contamination
- 17. D10 Drainage
- 18. S-1 Site Waste Management Plan
- 19. The proposed access shall be completed in accordance with the approved plans before the development is commenced.
- 20. The applicant shall provide and maintain, either side of the access, a visibility splay of 2.0m x 2.0m within which there shall be no obstruction to visibility over a height of 900mm.
- 21. No part of the development shall be occupied until off street parking provision has been constructed, surfaced, marked out and made available in accordance with plans to be approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. This parking area shall then be retained and permanently reserved for the parking of vehicles.
- 22. No part of the development shall be occupied until a scheme of highway improvements to increase the accessibility for pedestrians to Bootle Town Centre and the bus stops on Merton Road, has been submitted, approved and implemented to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority.
- 23. Before any development is commenced a scheme for protecting the proposed dwelling from noise from the Public House shall be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority. Any works, which form part of the scheme, shall be completed before any of the permitted dwellings are occupied.
- 24. Prior to the commencement of development a specification (including plans) of all windows and window reveals, balconies, brick, zinc, and wood panels shall be submitted to and approved as satisfactory to the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plans and specification.
- 25. S106 Agreement
- 26. X1 Compliance
- 27. At least 30% of the dwellings hereby permitted shall be used exclusively for social rented housing for which guideline target rents will be determined in accordance with the Housing Corporation Regulatory Circular 'Rent Influencing regime implementing the rent restructure framework' or any such changes/updates to it as are subsequently approved by the Housing Corporation/HCA.

#### Reasons

- 1. RT-1
- 2. In the interests of privacy and neighbouring residential properties and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy CS3 and H10.
- 3. RM-2
- 4. RM4
- 5. RM8
- 6. In the interests of visual amenity and conservation and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy DQ1.
- 7. RL1

- 8. RL1
- 9. To ensure that adequate and satisfactory provision is made for off-street parking of vehicles to comply with Sefton UDP Policy CS3.
- 10. RH-7
- 11. In the interests of sustainability and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy CS3.
- 12. RCON-1
- 13. RCON-2
- 14. RCON-3
- 15. RCON-4
- 16. RCON-5
- 17. RD10
- 18. RS-1
- 19. To safeguard the safety and interests of users of the highway and to comply with Sefton UDP Policies CS3, DQ1 and AD2.
- 20. To ensure that adequate and satisfactory provision is made for the off street parking of vehicles and to comply with Sefton UDP Policies CS3, AD2.
- 21. To ensure that adequate and satisfactory provision is made for the off street parking of vehicles and to comply with Sefton UDP Policies CS3 and DQ1.
- 22. To ensure that adequate and satisfactory accessibility for pedestrians to Bootle Town Centre and bus stops on Merton Road and comply with UDP Policy AD2.
- 23. In the interests of the amenities of the residents of the dwellings hereby permitted, and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy EP6.
- 24. To ensure a satisfactory form of development and to comply with UDP Policy DQ1.
- 25. R106
- 26. RX1
- 27. To comply with UDP Policy H2.

### **Drawing Numbers**

Drawings as approved under application S/2007/0384 and any subsequent condition discharge thereto.

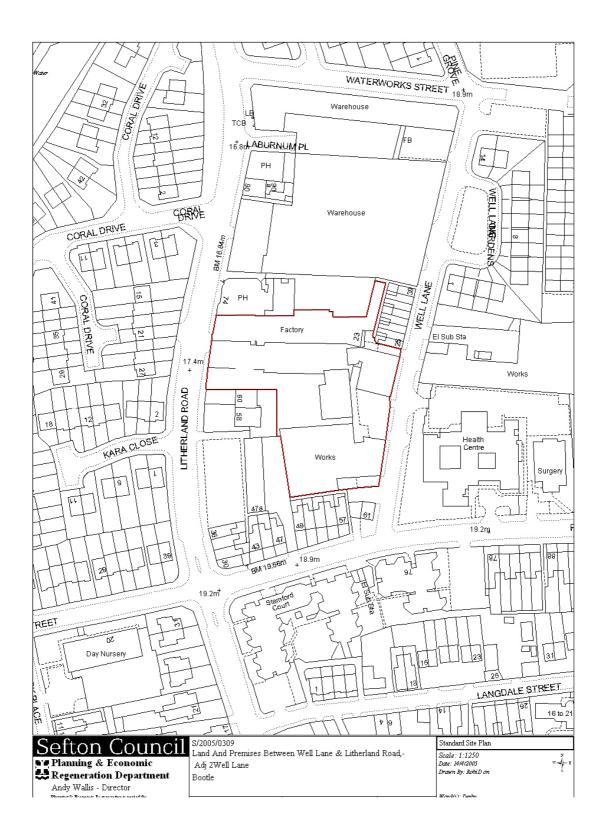
## **Financial Implications**

| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                   | 2006/<br>2007<br>£ | 2007/<br>2008<br>£ | 2008/<br>2009<br>£ | 2009/<br>2010<br>£ |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gross Increase in Capital Expenditure |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:                            |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton Capital Resources              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Specific Capital Resources            |                    |                    |                    |                    |

| REVENUE IMPLICATIONS                               |       |  |  |  |
|--|-------|--|--|--|
| Gross Increase in Revenue Expenditure              |       |  |  |  |
| Funded by:   |       |  |  |  |
| Sefton funded Resources                            |       |  |  |  |
| Funded from External Resources                     |       |  |  |  |
| Does the External Funding have an expiry date? Y/N | When? |  |  |  |
| How will the service be funded post expiry?        |       |  |  |  |

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

History referred to Policy referred to



S/2010/0855 and 0856

The application site comprises of a vacant industrial site that is bounded by Well Lane and Litherland Road to the south of Waterworks Street. There is a public house to the immediate north of the site and large-scale vacant industrial premises beyond. The site is now within a designated Conservation area.

### **Proposals**

| S/2010/0855 - | Extension of Time to planning application S/2005/0309 approved 08/07/2005 for demolition of existing buildings and erection of two apartment blocks (91 dwellings in total) together   |
|---------------|--|
|               | with car parking provision and associated works  |
| S/2010/0856 - | Extension of time to planning application S/2007/0384 approved 26/06/2007 for amendment to previously approved Block B on planning application S/2005/0309 to allow the demolition of number 60 Litherland Road and construction of 21 apartments. |

### **History**

| S/2007/0385 - | Conservation Area consent for demolition of 60 Litherland Road. Approved 02/11/2007  |
|---------------|--|
| S/2007/0384 - | Amendment to previously approved Block B on planning application   |
| S/2005/0309 - | To allow the demolition of number 60 Litherland Road and construction of 21 apartments - Approved 26/06/2007   |
| S/2006/0525   | Erection of two apartment blocks (89 dwellings) - Approved 21/08/2006  |
| S/2005/0309 – | Demolition of the existing buildings and the erection of two apartment blocks – 91 in total together with parking and associated works - Approved with conditions 08/07/2005 |

### **Consultations**

Highways Development Control – No objections. Comments as before. All highway conditions, which were attached to the previous planning approval are still relevant and must be added to any approval notice for this application.

Environmental Protection Director – No objections subject to conditions

*Merseytravel* – standard comments in relation to traffic, Travel Plan, routes to bus stops, dial–a-ride.

## **Neighbour Representations**

One letter received from 53 Park Street objects unless the plans are started this year on account of the state of the site and impact on his amenity.

### **Policy**

The application site is situated in an area allocated as a Housing Opportunity site on the Council's Adopted Unitary Development Plan.

| AD2   | Ensuring Choice of Travel   |
|-------|---|
| CS1   | Development and Regeneration                                      |
| CS3   | Development Principles  |
| DQ1   | Design  |
| DQ3   | Trees and Development   |
| DQ4   | Public Greenspace and Development                                 |
| EDT18 | Retention of Local Employment Opportunities                       |
| EP3   | Development of Contaminated Land                                  |
| H2    | Requirement for affordable, special needs and key workers housing |
| H6    | Housing Opportunity sites   |
| H10   | Development in Primarily Residential Areas                        |
| H12   | Residential Density   |
| H2    | Requirement for Affordable, Special Needs and Housing             |
| H8    | Redevelopment within the Pathfinder Area                          |
| HC1   | Development in Conservation areas                                 |
| UP1   | Development in Urban Priority Areas                               |

### **Comments**

These two applications relate to parts of the same site. Planning permission was originally granted to redevelop the site for residential purposes which included the erection of two apartments blocks with a total of 91 units and associated parking.(S/2005/0309) Subsequently an application was received to vary a part of this approved scheme fronting Litherland Road. The originally approved scheme proposed a three storey block in this location accommodating 14 apartments and the subsequent application encompassed a larger site to include the adjacent property at 60 Litherland Road increase the number of units by 7. The present applications seek to renew both of these schemes.

The principle of residential development within this location has been accepted through the previous planning approvals. The main issues to consider in respect of the present applications is whether there have been any material changes in planning policy or other planning circumstances which might give rise to change in the decision.

#### Changes in circumstance

Since the original approval, the Sefton UDP has been adopted. However at the time of the original decision the UDP was at an advanced stage and the policies in it have not changed in relation to this site. The relevant planning changes since that date areas follows:

- the application site has however now been included in the Derby Park Conservation Area which has been extended. PPS5 has also been published.
- the requirement for affordable housing is now relevant (policy H2) and

 the IPG for South Sefton sets out standards in relation to dwelling sizes and sustainable development.

The extension of the Conservation Area makes a significant change. The original approval required the inclusion of the site of 60 Litherland Road (by condition) and the subsequent application proposed development including the site of No 60 following demolition. The designation of the Conservation Area and the subsequent publication of PPS5 affect this situation and require that this aspect of the proposals be reassessed.

An archaeological report has been submitted and English Heritage require to be notified. Further information on this point will be available at the meeting. The present recommendation is made on the basis that the conservation considerations result in no overriding reasons to oppose the demolition of No 60 Litherland Road and development of the site.

In respect of affordable housing, the previous scheme was submitted before there was any requirement. There is now a requirement for 30% affordable housing. The applicant has already agreed that Plus Dane will take a significant proportion of the units. Clarification has been requested and a condition can be used to ensure that this takes place.

The IPG requires that certain standards be met by new housing in south Sefton. The applicant also accepts the requirement for Code 3 Sustainable Homes and Lifetime homes for the whole development as required by the IPG.

### The development

The proposed development would comprise an L shaped building along the Well Lane frontage and back into the site. The frontage to Well Lane would be 3 storey, although comparable in height to the adjacent 2 storey houses. Further into the site the height would increase to up to 5 storeys. The frontage to Litherland Road would be a freestanding 3 and 4 storey building (similar but larger in the subsequent application). All of the proposed buildings would be of contemporary design using brick, zinc cladding and timber cladding. 60 parking spaces are proposed, some in the lower floor of part of the building. An attractive landscaped garden area would be provided within the scheme.

In terms of DQ3 and DQ4 contribution, the figures will need to be updated. At 2010 prices these will be :

Trees - 98 units x 3 = 294 less 43 proposed on site = 251 x £460.40 = £115,560

Greenspace - 98 units x £1,743.50 =£169,981

Total £285,541

Contact Officer: Mrs S Tyldesley Telephone 0151 934 3569

Committee: PLANNING

Date of Meeting: 15 September 2010

Title of Report: **\$/2010/0926** 

58 Moor Drive, Crosby

(Victoria Ward)

Proposal: Retrospective application for a single storey extension to side

and rear together with a first floor extension to the side of the

dwellinghouse

Applicant: Mr E Humphrey

### **Executive Summary**

This application is for the retention of a single storey side/rear extension with a proposed first floor extension at the side of the dwellinghouse. The issues concern the affect of the retention/proposals on the visual amenity of the street scene and on the amenities of the adjoining premises.

### Recommendation(s) Approval

### **Justification**

It is considered that this proposal, by reason of its siting and design, would have no significant detrimental affect on either the amenities of the adjoining residential premises or on the visual amenity of the street scene and therefore it complies with UDP Policy MD1.

#### **Conditions**

- 1. T1 Time Limit 3 years
- 2. X1 Compliance
- 3. The facing and roofing materials to be used in the external construction of this extension shall match those of the existing building in respect of shape, size, colour and texture.

#### Reasons

- 1. RT1
- 2. RX1
- 3. To ensure a satisfactory external appearance and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy MD1.

### **Note**

1. The applicant is reminded that a grant of planning permission does not afford any rights to build on or access land outside the applicant's control.

## **Drawing Numbers**

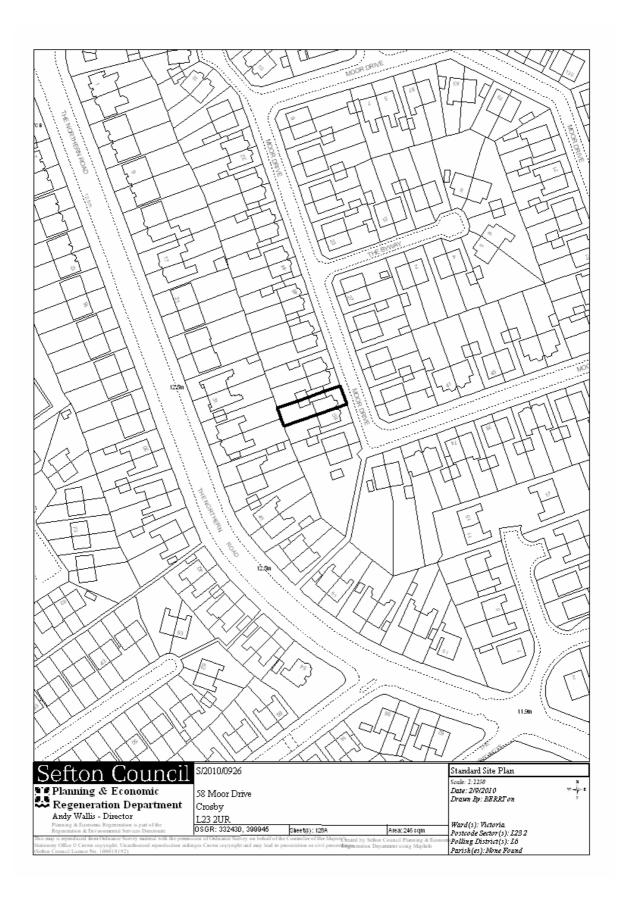
Drawings received on 1st July, 2010 and amended drawings received on 25th August, 2010.

## **Financial Implications**

| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                                | 2006/<br>2007<br>£ | 2007/<br>2008<br>£ | 2008/<br>2009<br>£ | 2009/<br>2010<br>£ |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gross Increase in Capital Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton Capital Resources                           |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Specific Capital Resources                         |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| REVENUE IMPLICATIONS                               |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Gross Increase in Revenue Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton funded Resources                            |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded from External Resources                     |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Does the External Funding have an expiry date? Y/N | When?              |                    |                    |                    |
| How will the service be funded post expiry?        |                    |                    |                    |                    |

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

History referred to Policy referred to



S/2010/0926

#### The Site

Comprises a semi detached dwellinghouse No 58 Moor Drive, Crosby.

### **Proposal**

Retrospective application for a single storey extension to side and rear together with a first floor extension to the side of the dwellinghouse.

### **History**

None.

#### **Consultations**

None.

### **Neighbour Representations**

Last date for replies: Two letters of objection from Nos 56 and 60 re extension not in keeping with area, extension too high, loss of light, loss of outlook and loss of privacy. Objection is also raised on the grounds of encroachment and overhanging gutters and finish to side wall.

### **Policy**

The application site is situated in an area allocated as residential on the Council's Adopted Unitary Development Plan.

MD1 House Extensions SPG House extensions

#### Comments

### This application has been called in by Councillor Anthony Hill.

The issues to consider are the affects that this proposal will have on the visual amenity of the street scene and on the amenities of the adjoining and surrounding residential premises.

The property to be extended is a semi detached dwellinghouse No 58 Moor Drive, Crosby.

This is a retrospective application for a single storey extension to the side and rear together with a proposed first floor extension to the side of the dwellinghouse.

The existing single storey extension to the side and rear of the property projects

sideways from the main side wall by 2.3m and runs down the length of the existing house a distance of 8m before continuing out into the rear garden by a further 9m. The extension has a maximum height of 3.8m.

The extension is large but replaces an existing garage in the rear garden which was originally joined to the garage belonging to No 56. The rear extension projects out from the rear of No56's garage by around 1.8m. Whilst the overall length of this extension exceeds the 3m normally allowed for a single storey rear extension, the previous presence of a garage in this location and the location of the garage at No 56 make the impact of this acceptable in amenity terms. This single storey extension has a mono pitch roof with parapet which has some visual prominence, but the impact on neighbours is acceptable given the location adjacent to a garage at No 56 and 5.6m off the boundary with No 60. Overall the extension does not unduly affect neighbouring properties either in terms of loss of light or loss of outlook.

The part single part two storey side extension has been well designed, being visible from the roadway and incorporates a pitched roof. The proposed first floor side extension will be built above the existing single storey extension and will project sideways by 2.3m measuring 8m long finishing at the main back wall of the property. This first floor extension would be 7.3m high with a pitched roof to match the existing but with a lower ridgeline.

This first floor extension complies with the guidelines on side extensions except in that it would only have a set back of 0.8m from the main front wall at first floor level instead of the 1.5m recommended in the SPG. The purpose of this setback is to avoid terracing and this would not happen as No 56 is set forward in the street scene. The SPG recognises this variation of building line as a factor in considering the likelihood of terracing and a lesser setback can therefore be justified in this case.

In terms of impact on neighbours, No 56 has a side driveway and a number of opaquely glazed windows and a door to the side elevation at ground floor and first floor level. This neighbour is concerned about loss of light to windows to the hall and stairs and the door to the kitchen. The windows are not to main habitable rooms and while some light may be lost to the side of this property and particularly to the hallway, this would not be sufficient grounds for a refusal of planning permission. The kitchen has a side opaquely glazed door and a rear window and, while there may be some degree of light lost to the kitchen, the presence of the window to the rear will allow a good deal of afternoon sunlight into the room.

Strong objections have been raised on grounds of encroachment. It cannot be the role of the planning system to decide land ownership. The applicant has confirmed that the ownership certificate (Certificate A) is correct and any grant of planning permission would not change rights in relation to landownership. The plans have been amended to provide box gutters and remove any overhang. The applicant has confirmed that the side elevation is block work to the ground floor and brickwork above. Whereas the block work is not attractive, a rendered finish would be acceptable. The block work is not visible in the street scene.

Having taken all of the above into account, I believe that the retention of the ground

floor extension and the proposal first floor extension, if allowed, would have no significant detrimental affect to either the amenities of the adjoining premises or the visual amenity of the street scene and therefore recommend that planning permission be granted subject to conditions.

Contact Officer: Mrs S Tyldesley Telephone 0151 934 3569

Case Officer: Mr P Negus Telephone 0151 934 3547

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Committee: PLANNING

Date of Meeting: 15 September 2010

Title of Report: \$/2010/0985

13 Prestwick Drive, Crosby

(Blundellsands Ward)

Proposal: Alterations to the roof from a hip to a gable together with the

installation of 3 no dormer windows to the front and 3 no to the rear together with a extension to the side / front of the existing garage and a pitched roof over the existing flat roof

(Resubmission of S/2010/0542, Withdrawn 19/05/2010)

Applicant: Mr I Mutch

### **Executive Summary**

This application is for alterations to the roof from a hip to a gable together with the installation of 3 dormer windows to the front and rear with an extension to the side/front of the existing garage and a pitched roof over the existing flat roof and is a resubmission of S/2010/0542 which was withdrawn on 19/05/10. The issues are the effect that these proposals will have on the visual amenity of the street scene and on the amenities of the adjoining premises.

### Recommendation(s) Approval

#### **Justification**

It is considered that this proposal, if allowed, would have no significant detrimental affect on either the visual amenity of the street scene or on the amenities of the adjoining premises and therefore it complies with UDP Policy MD1.

#### Conditions

- 1. T1 Time Limit 3 years
- 2. X1 Compliance
- The facing and roofing materials to be used in the external construction of this
  extension shall match those of the existing building in respect of shape, size,
  colour and texture.
- 4. The bedroom window facing No 15 shall be fitted with non opening obscure glazing and shall be maintained as such thereafter.

#### Reasons

- 1. RT1
- 2. RX1
- 3. To ensure a satisfactory external appearance and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy MD1.
- 4. In the interests of privacy of the neighbouring property and to comply with Sefton UDP Policy MD1.

### **Drawing Numbers**

Drawings 935/06A, 935/03J, 935/02H, 935/01and 935/05 submitted on 13th July, 2010.

### **Financial Implications**

| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                                | 2006/<br>2007<br>£ | 2007/<br>2008<br>£ | 2008/<br>2009<br>£ | 2009/<br>2010<br>£ |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gross Increase in Capital Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton Capital Resources                           |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Specific Capital Resources                         |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| REVENUE IMPLICATIONS                               |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Gross Increase in Revenue Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton funded Resources                            |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded from External Resources                     |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Does the External Funding have an expiry date? Y/N | When?              |                    |                    |                    |
| How will the service be funded post expiry?        |                    |                    |                    |                    |

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

History referred to Policy referred to



S/2010/0985

This application has been called in by Councillor Paula Parry

#### The Site

Comprises a detached dwellinghouse on the north side of Prestwick Drive, Blundellsands.

### **Proposal**

Alterations to the roof from a hip to a gable together with the installation of 3no dormer windows to the front and 3no to the rear together with a extension to the side/front of the existing garage and a pitched roof over the existing flat roof (Resubmission of S/2010/0542, Withdrawn 19/05/2010).

### **History**

S/2010/0542 -

Alterations to the existing roof incorporating 3 dormer extensions to the front and three dormer extensions to the rear together with a link extension to the side of the dwellinghouse. Withdrawn 19/5/2010.

### **Consultations**

None

### **Neighbour Representations**

Last date for replies 11<sup>th</sup> August, 2010.

Six letters of objection from Nos 15,16 and 17 Prestwick Drive and from Nos 119, 125 and 127 Manor Drive re over-development, out of character, not in keeping, effects on amenities of neighbouring properties, overshadowing and against advice contained within MD1 and SPG. One letter of support from No 14 Prestwick Drive.

### **Policy**

The application site is situated in an area allocated as residential on the Council's Adopted Unitary Development Plan.

MD1 House Extensions
CS3 Development Principles
Document Principles

DQ1 Design

SPG House Extensions

#### **Comments**

The issues to consider are the affects of this proposal on the visual amenity of the street scene and on the amenities of the adjoining residential premises.

The property to be extended is a detached dwellinghouse No13 Prestwick Drive, Blundellsands.

There are two main elements to this proposal –alterations and extension to the garage at the side and re roofing the main house to include 3 dormers at both front and back.

The existing detached garage is to the right hand side of the property and is currently separated from the original dwelling by a side passageway of 1m. The proposal is to fill this gap by constructing a side extension to form a garage and study with a utility room to the rear. The garage would also be extended forward towards the highway by 0.7m at 4.3m wide. Above the garage it is intended to provide a walk-in wardrobe with shower/bathroom facilities within the roof space. The overall height would be 5.46m.

With regard to side extensions, the SPG gives the following advice:

A side extension should use the same design details, features and materials to match the existing property, having window styles to match also.

Any side extension should have pitched roofs of a matching slope and shape to the main house roof and should have a lower ridgeline.

Wherever possible, side extensions should retain rear access and at ground floor level, should be set back by at least one course of brickwork so as to avoid the meeting of old and new brickwork.

In the event of a two storey extension being proposed there is additional advice contained within the SPG. Where there is an existing ground floor extension, the proposed first floor element should be set back by 1.5m from the main front wall of the property to avoid the potential for any terracing effect. However, in this case the garage would appear visually as single storey and would be brought forward but would still incorporate a set back of 450 mm from the main wall. This is considered to be acceptable as this dwelling and the neighbouring property are detached and there is not a unified appearance of properties within the street scene. Consequently, the proposed extension would not result in a 'terracing effect' in the street scene of Prestwick Drive.

In terms of the re-roofing of the dwelling, the ridgeline of the property would be heightened by 1m and there will be three bedrooms created within the roof space with the addition of three dormers to the front and rear elevations. The proposed extension and alterations will therefore give the appearance of a large dormer bungalow and this is considered to be appropriate to the street scene of Prestwick Drive which contains a mix of properties.

The advice within the SPG concerning dormers suggest that dormer extensions should be positioned and designed so as to minimise their effect on the appearance of the property and the street scene as well as protecting neighbouring properties from unreasonable overlooking. Dormers should always be placed on the rear elevation unless front dormers are present in the area and within the street scene. Dormer extensions should not protrude above the ridgeline and the face of any dormer should be positioned at least one metre from the main wall. The materials used in their construction should match those of the existing house and the windows should follow the vertical lines of the windows within the existing house.

The principle of the installation of the front and rear dormers is acceptable as there are already dormers present within the street scene. The proposed dormers comply with the Council's guidance and the alterations to the roof are considered visually acceptable.

Policy MD1 states that extensions should be minor in relation to the existing dwelling. In this case the extensions are of significant scale but effectively replace an existing garage and change the design of the roof of the main dwelling to provide useable roofspace. However given that the area includes single storey and two storey properties and the sizeable plot on which this dwelling sits, the proposed extensions are considered to be acceptable in terms of their overall character of the area.

There have been six letters of objection from neighbouring properties with one letter of support. The objections are that the proposals will not be in keeping with the area, there will be overdevelopment of the site and that the proposals will affect the amenities of the adjoining premises. The occupier of No 15 Prestwick Drive is particularly concerned about a potential loss of light to his main lounge and dining room and to his rear patio area alongside the boundary with No 13.

The extension of the garage further forwards within the street scene may affect the light to a side window of No 15. However, there is a front window to this lounge which will afford a good deal of natural daylight to this room. As such the level of amenity experienced by occupiers of this room will not be unduly affected.

Furthermore, at a distance of 9m from the extended first floor element of the application premises, the side dining room window at No 15, is considered to be sufficiently far away from No 15, as to not cause undue loss of light. The objector refers to the requirement for a 12m separation, where a habitable window in a room looks directly onto a two storey gable. In the case of side windows these criteria cannot always be achieved and the actual situation needs to be considered. The window in question already looks out onto a single storey extension and there is also a window to this dining room on the rear elevation. The outlook to the room overall would not be so adversely affected as would justify refusal.

The proposed side window at first floor level is to be opaquely glazed and non opening and therefore will not result in any overlooking.

Having taken all of the above into account, it is considered that this proposal, if allowed, would have no significant effect on either the visual amenity of the street scene or on the amenities of the adjoining and surrounding premises and it is therefore recommended that planning permission be approved subject to conditions.

Contact Officer: Mrs S Tyldesley Telephone 0151 934 3569

Case Officer: Mr P Negus Telephone 0151 934 3547

Committee: PLANNING

Date of Meeting: 15 September 2010

Title of Report: \$/2010/1049

28 Old Mill Lane, Formby

(Harington Ward)

Proposal: Erection of one detached two storey dwellinghouse after

demolition of the existing detached garage, including alterations to the roof of the existing house from hip to gable,

repositioning of windows and new vehicular access.

Applicant: Mr Brian Pritchard

### **Executive Summary**

The proposal is for the erection of one detached dwelling after demolition of a detached garage at the side of 28 Old Mill Lane. Alterations to the roof and repositioning of windows to the existing dwelling are also proposed and a new vehicular access. The issues to consider are impact on the street scene and the amenity of neighbouring properties.

# Recommendation(s) Delegate approval to Officers subject to receipt of satisfactory bat survey information

#### **Justification**

The proposal will not have a significant detrimental impact on neighbouring properties or the street scene. It is therefore consistent with Sefton UDP policies and the granting of planning permission is therefore justified.

#### **Conditions**

- 1. T-1 Full Planning Permission Time Limit
- 2. X1 Compliance
- 3. Before any construction commences, samples of thefacing and roofing materials to be used in the external construction of this development shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved materials shall then be used in the construction of the development.
- 4. M-6 Piling
- 5. L-6 Landscaping (scheme)
- 6. L-3 No felling
- 7. L-4 Landscape Implementation
- 8. H-2 New vehicular/pedestrian access
- H-6 Vehicle parking and manoeuvring
- 10. Before development is commenced, a scheme for the enhancement of

- biodiversity within the development site (the provision of 2 bat bricks/boxes) shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. This scheme shall then be implemented in full in a timescale to be agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority.
- 11. The proposed reglazing of windows on the east elevation of 28 Old Mill Lane shall be etched prior to the occupation of the new dwelling and be permanently retained as such thereafter.

#### Reasons

- 1. RT-1
- 2. RX1
- 3. RM-2
- 4. RM-6
- 5. RL-3
- 6. RL-3
- 7. RL-4
- 8. RH-2
- 9. RH-6
- 10. RNC-3
- 11. To safeguard the amenities of future occupiers of the new dwelling and to comply with policies CS3, DQ1 and MD1

#### **Notes**

- 1. The applicant is advised that the proposal will require the formal allocation of addresses. Contact the Highways Development Control Team on Tel: 0151 934 4175 to apply for a new street name/property number.
- 2. The applicant is advised that all works to the adopted highway must be carried out by a Council approved contractor at the applicant's expense. Please contact the Highways Section on 0151 934 4175 or development.control@technical.sefton.gov.uk for further information.

### **Drawing Numbers**

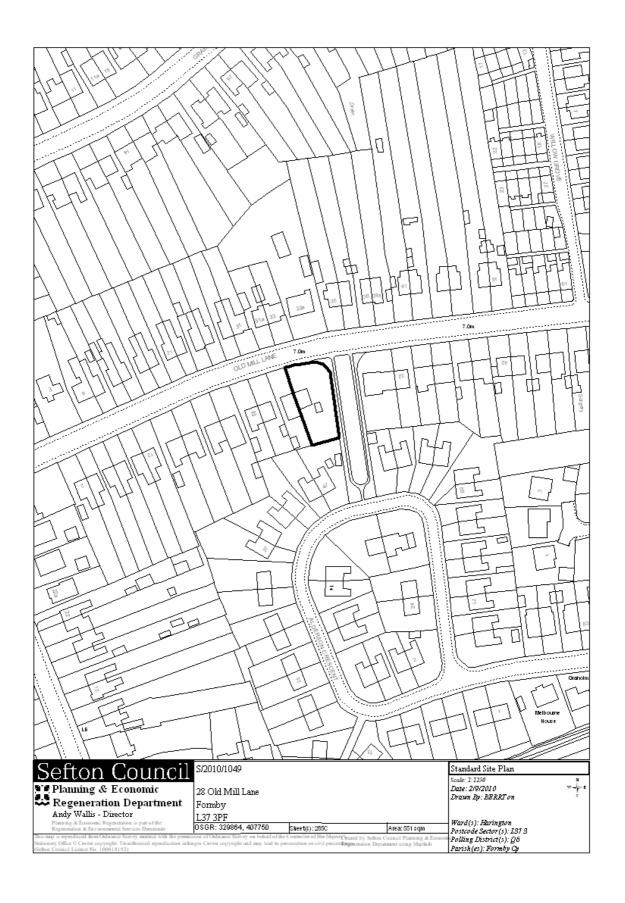
Site Plan, existing and proposed floor plans and elevations dated 30 June 2010

### **Financial Implications**

| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                                | 2006/<br>2007<br>£ | 2007/<br>2008<br>£ | 2008/<br>2009<br>£ | 2009/<br>2010<br>£ |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gross Increase in Capital Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton Capital Resources                           |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Specific Capital Resources                         |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| REVENUE IMPLICATIONS                               |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Gross Increase in Revenue Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton funded Resources                            |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded from External Resources                     |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Does the External Funding have an expiry date? Y/N | When?              |                    |                    |                    |
| How will the service be funded post expiry?        |                    |                    |                    |                    |

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

History referred to Policy referred to



S/2010/1049

#### The Site

The site comprises a semi detached dwelling with a garage at the side of the property.

### **Proposal**

The proposal is for the erection of one detached two storey dwellinghouse after demolition of the existing detached garage including alterations to the roof of existing house to from hip to gable, repositioning of windows and new vehicular access.

### **History**

None

#### **Consultations**

Highways Development Control - There are no objections to the proposal in principle as there are no highway safety implications.

The existing vehicular access will be utilised for the proposed dwelling and a new vehicular access for the existing dwelling will be introduced. As such, the existing footway crossing will need to correspond with the width of the two accesses which are directly adjacent to one another.

Adequate off street car parking for both the existing and proposed dwelling will be provided.

Conditions and Informatives required; H-2, H-6, I-1, I-2.

Environmental and Technical Services - I have no objection in principle subject to the standard condition M-6

*MEAS* - The existing buildings on site may provide potential habitat for bats which are protected species. Condition required.

The application site is within the red squirrel zone. Suitable species of landscaping required. This can be secured by condition.

Consideration should be given to sustainable building techniques.

Consideration should be given to the protection of existing habitat features.

Incorporate bat bricks/boxes.

Drainage section and Environment Agency should be consulted.

**Neighbour Representations** 

Last date for replies: 19/8/10

Objection from 20, Old Mill Lane re; not in keeping with the houses in the rest of Old Mill Lane, a successful objection was lodged to the proposed development of a property immediately opposite this address.

### **Policy**

The application site is situated in an area allocated as residential on the Council's Adopted Unitary Development Plan.

AD2 **Ensuring Choice of Travel** MD1 House Extensions CS3 **Development Principles** DQ1 Design DQ3 Trees and Development DQ5 Sustainable Drainage Systems EP6 Noise and Vibration Development in Primarily Residential Areas H10 NC2 Protection of Species NC3 Habitat Protection, Creation and Management SPG House Extensions

#### **Comments**

The proposal is to separate the side garden, hard-standing and garage from the existing property and provide a new driveway to the existing dwelling and maintain a 900mm path along the gable of the property to provide access to the remaining rear garden. The existing garage will be demolished and a 2 storey detached dwelling with 2 bedrooms will be erected.

The primary form of the proposed dwelling follows the established building line to the front and the rear of neighbouring properties with a single storey flat roof rear extension projecting approximately 4.3m. The existing and adjoining properties have rear extensions projecting approximately 3m. The roof pitch, eaves level and ridge level are the same as neighbouring dwellings. To minimise the impact on the pedestrian route the roof form is hipped and reflects the roof form of no.30. The proposed dwelling reflects the width and depth of neighbouring dwellings.

Alterations are also proposed to the existing dwelling to minimise the impact of the proposed new dwelling. Four small windows flanking the chimney stack on the east elevation are to remain but re-glazed using etched glass. This can be secured by condition. The larger window at first floor level is to be removed and blocked up. A new window is proposed on the south elevation overlooking the garden. The large window on the ground floor which serves the dining area (east elevation) is to be blocked up. However, given the ground floor is completely open plan, the dining area will benefit from daylight from three elevations. The roof form is currently hipped and it is proposed to alter the roof to a gable to visually extend the blocks appearance.

The selected materials are those generally found in Old Mill Lane. The roofing material is a clay tile, the chimney in brick and walls are rendered to match neighbouring properties.

A new brick wall creates the boundary between the existing and proposed properties. This wall will be flush with the west elevation of the new dwelling. Two new gated drives are to be formed. The driveway is to be a permeable surface, gravelled with granite cobble edging. The footpaths are to be in block paviours.

No trees are to be felled or hedges removed other than to widen the existing access gate. Policy DQ3 requires 3 trees for every new dwelling which can be accommodated within the site. As the site is within the red squirrel buffer zone, any landscaping should be species which encourage red squirrels and discourage grey squirrels. This can be secured by condition which the applicant is agreeable to.

Two car parking spaces will be retained for the existing property and two further spaces allocated to the new property. Highways consider there is adequate off street parking and there are no highway safety implications.

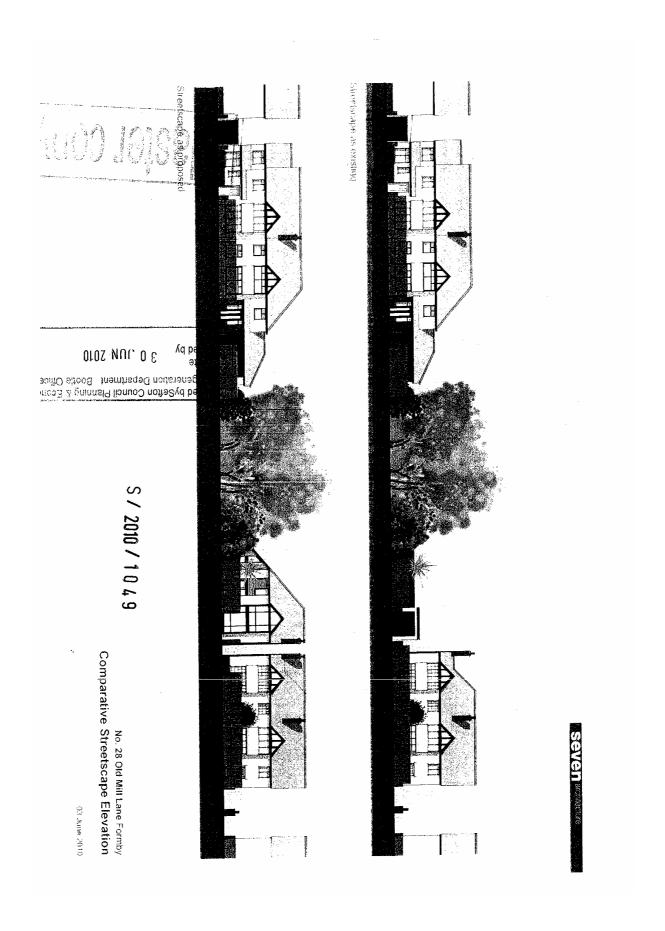
An objection has been received on the grounds that the new dwelling is not in keeping with houses in Old Mill Lane. However the proposal is of a similar sized plot, the new dwelling observes established building lines, and reflects the height, width and depth of neighbouring properties. The materials to be used match those found in Old Mill Lane. The proposed dwelling is designed to minimise any impact on the pedestrian route and complements the form of no. 30 on the other side. It is considered there would not be a detrimental impact on the visual amenity of the street scene and the proposal is consistent with policy guidelines. The objector also makes reference to a proposed development opposite the application site, which records indicate may refer to a comprehensive development of housing at 33a Old Mill Lane. This is an entirely different scheme and not comparable to the current proposal.

The existing buildings on the site may provide potential habitat for bats. MEAS states that a bat survey is required. It is therefore recommended that the committee delegate the decision to the Planning Director once the surveys have been completed and approved by MEAS. The provision of bat bricks/boxes should also be incorporated into the new building. This can be secured by condition.

Contact Officer: Mrs S Tyldesley Telephone 0151 934 3569

Case Officer: Mrs C Fass Telephone 0151 934 3566

(Mon & Thurs)



Committee: PLANNING

Date of Meeting: 15 September 2010

Title of Report: \$/2010/1062

Ribble Buildings, Lord Street, Southport

(Dukes Ward)

Proposal: Conversion of existing building and erection of a six storey

extension to the rear to create a 92 bed hotel, including ground floor restaurant, layout of car parking area and external

refurbishment works after removal of existing canopies

Applicant: Trident Equity Investments LLP

### **Executive Summary**

The key issues with the application relate to the design and visual appearance of the new building, its impact on the character and appearance of the Lord Street Conservation Area, the effect on the setting of the adjacent listed bingo hall, plus the impacts on other nearby users. It is also key to consider the implications for the new use of the existing building and the extent to which the proposal adequately addresses the public realm and how it will sit within the context of surrounding activities.

Recommendation(s) Delegate approval to officers subject to

receipt of satisfactory bat survey

information

#### **Justification**

The proposal will enable another scheme of high quality for Southport Town Centre, providing enhancement to the character and appearance of the Conservation Area, whilst maintaining the setting of the nearby listed building and facilitating improved confidence in the area through the delivery of a commercially viable scheme bringing key vacant buildings back into meaningful use.

The scheme is consistent with the policies of the Sefton UDP and having had regard to all other material considerations, the granting of planning permission is justified in line with the content of the report.

#### **Conditions**

- 1. T-1 Full Planning Permission Time Limit
- 2. S-106 Standard S106
- 3. M-2 Materials (sample)
- 4. H-5 Off-site Highway Improvements
- 5. H-9 Travel Plan required

- 6. Canopy details (full)
- 7. P-5 Plant and machinery
- 8. P-8 Kitchen Extraction Equipment
- 9. a) Details of all tables and chairs to be used in the outdoor cafe and any enclosures shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of development.
  - b) The outdoor cafe shall operate in accordance with the approved details.
- 10. X12 Local Labour Agreement
- 11. M-6 Piling
- 12. H-6 Vehicle parking and manoeuvring
- 13. H-7 Cycle parking
- 14. The clock shall be reinstated to full working order within 2 months of the commencement of the development hereby permitted, or in accordance with a schedule to be agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
- 15. All brickwork exposed following the removal of existing canopies shall be reinstated in accordance with a scheme to be submitted to and agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority prior to the occupation of the development hereby permitted.
- 16. The development shall derive a minimum 10% of all its energy requirements from renewable sources as set out by the approved scheme.
- 17. B-8 Pavement cafés (opening hours)
- X1 Compliance

#### Reasons

- 1. RT-1
- 2. RS-106
- 3. RM-2
- 4. RH-5
- 5. RH-9
- 6. RM-4
- 7. RP-5
- 8. RP-8
- 9. RM-1
- 10. Local Labour
- 11. RM-6
- 12. RH-6
- 13. RH-7
- 14. To safeguard a feature of notable interest on the building in the interests of the character and appearance of the Lord Street Conservation Area and to comply with Policy HC1 of the Sefton UDP.
- 15. To safeguard the building's external appearance and to comply with Policy HC1 of the Sefton UDP.
- 16. To ensure the provisions of energy from on-site renewable sources and to comply with Policy DQ2 of Sefton's UDP.
- 17. RB-7
- 18. RX1

#### **Notes**

- 1. The applicant is advised that the proposal will require the formal allocation of addresses. Contact the Highways Development Control Team on Tel: 0151 934 4175 to apply for a new street name/property number.
- 2. The applicant is advised that all works to the adopted highway must be carried out by a Council approved contractor at the applicant's expense. Please contact the Highways Section on 0151 934 4175 or development.control@technical.sefton.gov.uk for further information.
- 3. There are significant bands of peat deposits in Sefton and this development is in an area where these deposits may be substantial. Peat produces naturally occurring methane and carbon dioxide and if sufficient amounts of these gases are allowed to collect under or within a newly erected or extended building, there is a potential risk to the development and occupants.
- Bats may be present in your building. Bats are protected species. If you discover bats you must cease work immediately, contact Batline on 01704 385735 for advice.
- 5. Planning permission is granted subject to an agreement under Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) in relation to trees and public greenspace.

  For advice with regard to Local Labour Agreements (condition 10) please contact
  - For advice with regard to Local Labour Agreements (condition 10) please contact Karen Towle, Employer Liaison Officer, Sefton@work, 268-288 Stanley Road, Bootle, L20 3ER. Tel 0151 934 2621.
- 6. The applicant is advised that if unexpected contamination is found after development has begun, development must be halted on that part of the site affected by the unexpected contamination to the extent specified by the Local Planning Authority.

### **Drawing Numbers**

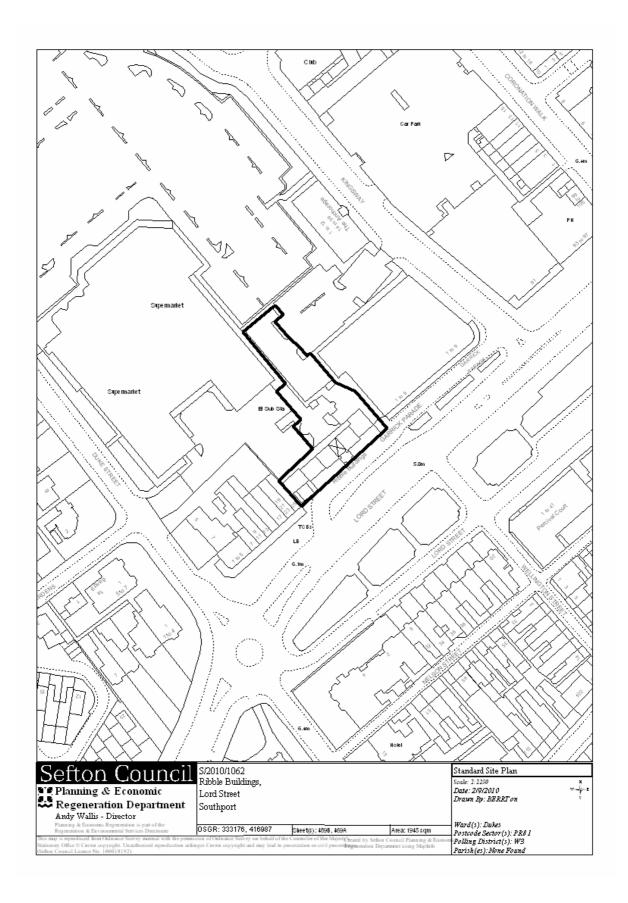
02, 03, 04, 05\_P1, 06\_P1, 07\_P1, 08\_P1, 09\_P1, 10\_P1, 11\_P1, 12, 20, 21, 22, 200\_P1, 201\_P1, 202\_P1, 203\_P1, 204\_P1, 205\_P1, 260\_P1, 261\_P1, 262\_P1, 263\_P1, 500\_P1, 1000\_P1, Planning Statement, Renewable Energy Statement, PPS5 Heritage Statement, Interim Travel Plan.

### **Financial Implications**

| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                                | 2006/<br>2007<br>£ | 2007/<br>2008<br>£ | 2008/<br>2009<br>£ | 2009/<br>2010<br>£ |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gross Increase in Capital Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton Capital Resources                           |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Specific Capital Resources                         |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| REVENUE IMPLICATIONS                               |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Gross Increase in Revenue Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton funded Resources                            |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded from External Resources                     |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Does the External Funding have an expiry date? Y/N | When?              |                    |                    |                    |
| How will the service be funded post expiry?        |                    |                    |                    |                    |

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

History referred to Policy referred to



S/2010/1062

#### The Site

The site lies at the south east end of Lord Street, with the main elevation of the existing building fronting Lord Street itself. It is a building of substance, brick with slate and stone features, with a central clock tower that helps make a significant contribution to the street scene and wider setting. The building is widely visible from a number of vantage points beyond Lord Street, including Kingsway and further east along the Promenade.

The adjacent bingo hall to the north east side is listed, and is a classic art deco example. Morrisons Supermarket and its car park are to the north west of the site, and there is established pedestrian access through the building from Lord Street. There are smaller retail units to the south west.

The site lies within the Lord Street Conservation Area. The building is currently vacant and has been for some considerable time, and though partially renovated in the 1990s, is in need of restoration and a development which assists in driving the buildings re-use.

### **Proposal**

Conversion of existing building and erection of a six storey extension to the rear to create a 92 bed hotel, including ground floor restaurant, layout of car parking area and external refurbishment works after removal of existing canopies.

### **History**

The site has been subject to many applications over time, the most significant are as follows:

89/0716/N – Two storey shopping development with central mall, restaurant, facilities and department store, roller rink at 3<sup>rd</sup> floor level, roof top and multi storey parking for 1,070 vehicles and associated goods/servicing arrangements – withdrawn 20 January 1993.

- 89/1231/N Amendment to 89/0716 to provide revised mall arrangement and ancillary services suite behind retained façade to replace buildings withdrawn 20 January 1993.
- 89/1232/N- Conservation Area Consent to demolish bus station except for tower and front façade withdrawn 20 January 1993.
- 92/0336/N Supermarket, petrol filling station, retail units and offices with car parking and restoration for future leisure use (now Morrisons) approved 19 January 1993.
- N/2002/0992 Use of first and second floors as a night club refused 12 December 2002.

N/2006/0675 - Conversion to a 96 bed hotel with cafe/bar, restaurant and retail unit on the ground floor, involving the erection of a six storey extension, and layout of 14 car parking spaces, to the rear of the premises – approved 27 September 2006.

N/2007/0048- Change of use of part of existing building to A1 retail on ground floor and office accommodation on first and second floors and construction of new access ramp to Lord Street elevation – approved 14 March 2007.

#### **Consultations**

English Heritage – no objection to the proposals.

Highways Development Control - The proposal includes the provision of 14 car parking spaces to the rear of the site accessed via the existing car park off Kingsway, however, at least two of the spaces must be marked out for use by disabled persons. This low level of car parking provision is acceptable given the town centre location of the development and the fact that on-street parking in the area is controlled by waiting restrictions.

Some covered cycle parking for both staff and visitors to the hotel has been shown at two locations on the proposed site plan that accompanies this application. It would appear to accommodate up to 20 cycles in total which is in accordance with the requirements of the Supplementary Planning Guidance "Ensuring Choice of Travel".

Suitable bin and bottle storage is shown within the building, which will be accessed from the service road to the front of the hotel.

An Interim Travel Plan has been submitted alongside this application. On the whole it is a good plan and includes information that would be expected at this stage. There are a wide range of measures included to promote the Travel Plan and sustainable travel in general, together with comprehensive information on timescales and targets.

An accessibility audit of this site has been undertaken and has identified a shortfall in accessibility for users of public transport. Accessibility scores can be improved for users of public transport by providing access kerbs and altering the footway level to the bus stops on either side of Lord Street adjacent to the site.

It is noted that the proposal includes the provision of two separate sets of steps on the footway of Lord Street, one either side of the main pedestrian thoroughfare, however, these should be reduced in depth such that no part of the steps projects forward of the inside edge of the two columns nearest to the main part of the building. The steps are to be situated on the adopted highway and as such the applicant will be required to apply for a licence prior to constructing the steps.

In view of the above, there are no objections to the proposal as there are no highway

safety implications, subject to an amended plan showing the provision of at least two car parking spaces marked out for use by disabled persons and the alteration of the entrance steps to the front.

Environmental Protection Director – no objections subject to conditions on piling, noise/odour controls, pavement café restriction. No remaining contamination based on previous work undertaken, and it is recommended that a piling risk assessment be undertaken.

*Merseytravel* – no objection subject to no impact on bus traffic from servicing arrangements, attachment of a Travel Plan, access for Merseylink vehicles and improvements to two nearest bus stops.

*MEAS* – comment that daytime bat survey should be carried out prior to determination of the application.

### **Neighbour Representations**

Last date for replies: 23 August 2010.

Site Notice/Press Notice expiry: 3 September 2010.

Comments from 39 Percival Court, Lord Street: Would be beneficial to develop, existing right of way to Morrison's should be maintained, extension not too intrusive from Lord Street, car parking will be a significant problem, local permit holders will find it difficult to obtain a space.

- 4 Regent Road, Southport: desirable for pedestrian access to be retained in its current form, new building bigger than original and top two storeys are mainly responsible for 'over dominance of extension'.
- 6 Lord Street would like development to go ahead but no pile driving following damaging effect of similar works at the Kingsway and other listed buildings.
- 18 Lord Street support the application which will rid Lord Street of an eyesore and give visitors a more welcoming sight when entering Lord Street from the Liverpool direction. Will also improve outlook from property.

Southport Civic Society – welcome application but further information required; the loss of canopy would be detrimental to Lord Street; full details should be shown now. Should also be a programme of repairs obtained from the applicant and an undertaking from them to complete them failing which the Council will undertake the works at the owner's expense.

### **Policy**

The application site is situated in an area allocated as Town Centre on the Council's Adopted Unitary Development Plan.

#### National Planning Policy

PPS4 Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth (2009)

PPS5 Planning and Heritage (2010)

#### Local Plan Policies

AD2 Ensuring Choice of Travel
CS1 Development and Regeneration

CS3 Development Principles

DQ1 Design

DQ2 Renewable Energy in Development

DQ3 Trees and Development

DQ4 Public Greenspace and Development

EDT13 Southport Central Area - Development Principles EDT18 Retention of Local Employment Opportunities

EP2 Pollution

EP3 Development of Contaminated Land

EP6 Noise and Vibration

HC1 Development in Conservation Areas

HC4 Development Affecting the Setting of a Listed Building

R2 Southport Town Centre

R8 Upper Floors in Defined Centres and Shopping Parades

UP1 Development in Urban Priority Areas

#### **Comments**

The proposal is for a hotel partially within the Ribble Building as existing and accommodated within a six storey rear extension. A retail unit would be provided to the southern side of the existing building. Access to the hotel would be via the Lord Street frontage with access to the restaurant and bar off the public thoroughfare to the supermarket.

The proposals will involve the renovation of the existing buildings and introduce the new block to the rear which will take a contemporary form, projecting back to a point just beyond the rear elevation of the existing bingo hall. Limited car parking will be provided and accessed from Kingsway.

Whilst not significantly different to the previously approved scheme, there are some differences with the revised application. Firstly, the number of bedrooms reduces from 96 to 92, with more use is made of the existing building for bedroom space.

Additionally, the previously proposed retail unit on the left side of the frontage to Lord Street is omitted and a separate independent restaurant proposed to the right hand side, which will nevertheless be an integral component of the new building. The scheme also proposes the removal of canopies and replacements to the Lord Street frontage. It is important to recognise that these do not represent part of the original building.

The previous application S/2006/0675 was partly implemented, due to some internal alteration to a staircase within the existing building, but is now in new ownership. The principle of development for this purpose is therefore not open to being challenged, however, the intended uses of the building as extended are consistent in any event with established policy requirements and there is no objection to the

principle of the development. As such, the issues the application will raise relate to:

The visual effects can be judged primarily on the basis of two factors; the implications from the existing building being brought back into use and the impact of the new six storey building, in particular having regard to its impact from a variety of positions both within and looking into the Conservation Area.

The existing building is, at present, boarded up on the Lord Street frontage. In addition, the clock is known not to be working, but it is also understood that the mechanism has been removed altogether. There is a canopy on the rear elevation, which dates back to 1993, which would be removed.

The proposals would revitalise the shop fronts, with the provision of new hardwood frames to the Lord Street elevations. A condition is attached requiring the reinstatement of the clock. The removal of canopies will require a method statement for reinstating newly exposed brickwork on the rear of the building. This will represent a positive in respect of the Conservation Area's character and appearance.

The extension would represent an individual and contemporary insertion when compared against the existing. The rear elevation would be visible from the roundabout to the north looking across the supermarket car park from Kingsway, but this view would be set in the context of the adjacent bingo hall and is framed by the supermarket immediately to the west and north of the site.

There are also views from the Duke Street/Lord Street roundabout looking across the site. From this point, though the extension will be taller than the existing building, it will be set back and the visual focus will remain that of the central tower. Views looking west will be obscured by the existing bingo hall, and from directly front on, the top floor will be visible to varying degrees depending on how far back from the building one would elect to stand.

The applicants have employed a variety of materials in the new building, and it is proposed to match the brick of the existing buildings to form the primary base of the extension, with terracotta rain screen cladding of a finish consistent with the stonework of the existing building. Windows will be of long rectangular profile and these will be set in reveals, which help provide a vertical emphasis reflecting the fenestrative arrangements of the bingo hall adjacent, but again of modern interpretation.

The proposal seeks to provide a distinct breakage between old and new and the extent to which the existing rear elevation of the Ribble Buildings will be covered by built form is minimised by taking advantage of the site's depth to run the extension north-west/south east.

The scheme will also critically maintain the pedestrian walkway through the Ribble Buildings which links Lord Street directly to the supermarket. The link will be

primarily glazed and will assist significantly in providing the level of distinction desired whilst suitably easing the transition between old and new.

The principal views of the adjacent listed building are taken from Lord Street and Kingsway. The rear elevation has clearly been subject to alteration over time to varied standards and has a patchwork appearance. Additionally, the potential for appreciating the south western elevation is limited all the more so due to being obscured by the extension. There will be no physical attachment of development to this building and it is overall considered that the effects on the setting will be minimal and therefore there is no unacceptable impact on the setting of the listed building.

The proposal enables the provision of an outdoor seated café and a restaurant and bar fronting the walkway. The plan will achieve a lively, active frontage, removing one of the two display windows previously proposed to enhance views into an area of activity.

The rear elevation comprises a ground floor window and door but discussion is being undertaken with a view to improve this further, with recognition that there will be a need to accommodate certain functional requirements of both uses.

The overlooking and surveillance of this walkway is critical and will reduce the prospect of crime and anti-social behaviour, whilst bringing a general feel of safety and encouragement for its usage. External uplighting at evening times will further assist in this aspect, and closed circuit television.

A restrictive covenant is known to exist on the land and has been varied to prevent the supermarket vetoing the ground floor bar/restaurant use, and also to prevent them from cordoning off the pedestrian walkway. This is also critical in the sense that level access to the development is derived from this entrance.

The acceptability of the principle does not raise significant amenity issues. However, as most activity will be to the Lord Street frontage, it will enable a natural continuation of active ground floor retail use and whilst the proposal does well designing out crime and reducing the opportunity for anti-social behaviour, the possibility of vandalism is not a material planning consideration and there are other measures available to deal with such issues.

A total of 14 parking spaces are to be provided. This may not appear to be a significant number for a 92 bed hotel plus retail and restaurants, however, it is entirely consistent with wider aims to reduce car dependence and increase reliance on other forms of transport. All access would utilise the existing arrangement available from Kingsway.

Since the original permission was granted, the Vincent Hotel has been granted permission on Lord Street, comprises no parking, and appears not to have resulted in unacceptable congestion.

There are requirements for cycle parking in the building, and Highways Development Control has also advised that a Travel Plan should be provided as part of the

scheme. This could enable consideration of such measures of car sharing, rental of vehicles and the prospect of subsidised travel for employees. In addition, there are minor improvements required to upgrade access kerbs and upgrading of the footway adjacent to the bus stop to the south east side of the site.

All bin and bottle storage is designed into the building and there is easy access for refuse vehicles to use the service road to the front of the hotel.

With regard to issues of contamination, the building formerly served as the frontage building for the Southport-Crosby-Liverpool Railway, and later, a bus station. Environmental reports have been reviewed by the Environmental Protection Director who considers that the planning conditions previously attached need not be reapplied. The scheme therefore complies with Policy EP3 of the UDP, nevertheless a note is added to inform the applicant that works should stop in the event of any unidentified contamination.

The scheme proposes the use of a combined heat/power plant to meet with renewable energy requirements (previous proposal intended to utilise solar power). This is considered to have no visual implications and is considered viable. The target for renewable energy per year is 68,166 kWH per annum and it is considered that the proposed equipment will achieve this requirement. A condition is attached.

In the event of planning permission being granted, a sum of £204,960.30 will be required by way of Section 106 Agreement towards trees and greenspace under Policies DQ3 and DQ4 of the Sefton UDP. The calculation derives from the requirements of the Supplementary Planning Document 'Green Space, Trees and Development', which require total calculation of hotel bed space and other commercial areas for all major developments.

MEAS have commented that a bat survey should be completed prior to determination of the application and the recommendation is therefore subject to this proviso. The applicant has been asked to carry this out. Some other minor design/parking revisions have also been requested and where necessary, will be reported by way of late representation. It is recommended that planning permission be granted for the scheme subject to these provisos.

Contact Officer: Mrs S Tyldesley Telephone 0151 934 3569

Case Officer: Steve Faulkner Telephone 0151 934 3081

Committee: PLANNING

Date of Meeting: 15 September 2010

Title of Report: \$/2010/1074

Connolly House, 47 Balliol Road, Bootle

(Derby Ward)

Proposal: Layout of a temporary car parking area including the erection

of lighting columns and perimeter fencing with access / egress

onto Exeter Road

Applicant: .Corporate Services Sefton MBC (Client Group)

### **Executive Summary**

This application seeks consent for a temporary car park on the Connolly House site to replace the parking which will be displaced during the demolition of Balliol House. The issues concern compliance with greenspace policy, highway safety and visual amenity.

Recommendation(s) Delegate decision to approve upon

expiry of press notice period

#### **Justification**

Whilst this proposal does not comply with UDP policy G1, the proposed use on a temporary basis would improve the site and assist the regeneration of the area. For these reasons it is considered acceptable on a short term basis.

#### **Conditions**

- 1. The use hereby permitted shall be discontinued when a similar level of parking becomes available at Balliol House and in any case on or before 30th September 2013 in accordance with a scheme of works submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority.
- 2. The car park shall be operated in accordance with the memo dated 16/08/10 unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
- 3. The fence hereby permitted, shall be colour coated greenwithin one month of its erection.
- 4. X1 Compliance

#### Reasons

1. The use is temporary only and is not appropriate on a longer time scale and to comply with UDPPolicy AD2..

- 2. In the interests of highway safety and to comply with UDP policies DQ1 and AD2.
- 3. RM-5
- 4. RX1

### **Drawing Numbers**

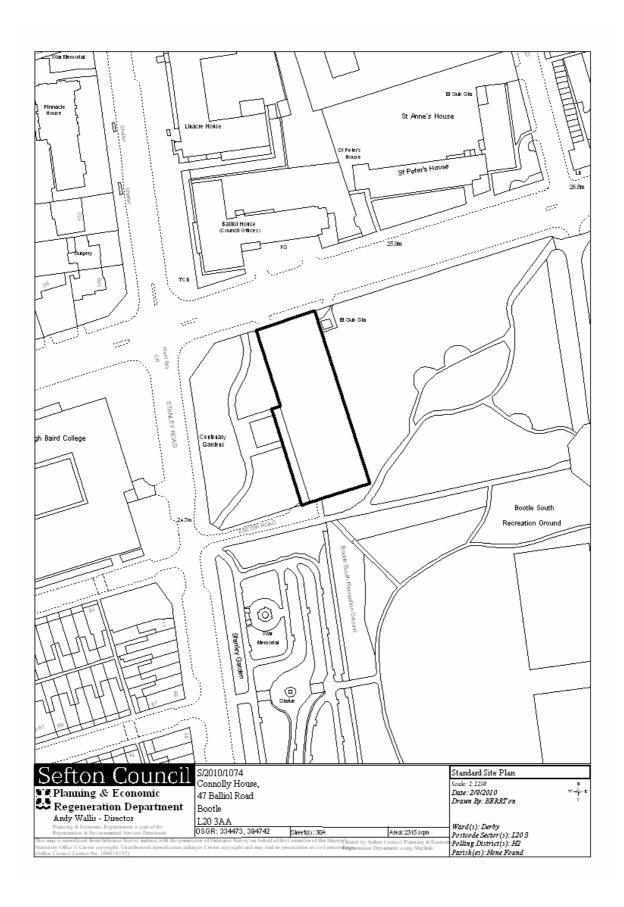
SP/LP/BW/001 and e-mail dated 16/08/10

### **Financial Implications**

| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                                | 2006/<br>2007<br>£ | 2007/<br>2008<br>£ | 2008/<br>2009<br>£ | 2009/<br>2010<br>£ |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gross Increase in Capital Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton Capital Resources                           |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Specific Capital Resources                         |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| REVENUE IMPLICATIONS                               |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Gross Increase in Revenue Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton funded Resources                            |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded from External Resources                     |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Does the External Funding have an expiry date? Y/N | When?              | <u> </u>           | <u>'</u>           |                    |
| How will the service be funded post expiry?        |                    |                    |                    |                    |

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

History referred to Policy referred to



S/2010/1074

#### The Site

This application concerns the site of the former Connolly House which was originally an elderly persons/nursing home and more recently offices. The building was demolished about 4 years ago after the use ceased. The site is located between South Park and Centenary Gardens and is currently cleared and fenced off.

### **Proposal**

Layout of a temporary car parking area including the erection of lighting columns and perimeter fencing with access / egress onto Exeter Road

### **History**

None relevant (all relates to the now demolished building).

#### **Consultations**

Environmental Protection – no objections.

Highways Development Control - There are no objections to the proposal to use this site as a temporary car park with access and egress via Exeter Road.

The use of the site as a temporary car park is intended to replace the car parking provision which will be unavailable during the demolition of Balliol House. The car park, although not formally marked out, will accommodate up to 82 cars, which is equal to the number of parking spaces that will taken out of operation due to the demolition works.

The section of Exeter Road between Stanley Road and the access to the car park is approximately 50.0m long and varies in width between 2.7m-5.0m. Clearly, at the narrowest point two cars would not be able to easily pass one another, however almost all vehicle movements into the site will be in the morning between 7.30-10.00am and almost all vehicle movements out of the site will be in the afternoon between 3.00-6.30pm and as such the chances of two vehicles needing to pass one another will be minimal.

A perimeter fence will be erected for security and access to the car park will be controlled by the use of lockable manually operated gates.

It is proposed that the car park will be surfaced in loose stone/gravel which is not suitable for persons with limited mobility. Car parking for those staff that are classed as disabled should be provided within an alternative surfaced car park as close as possible to their place of work. In order to avoid loose stone/gravel spilling out onto the public highway (Exeter Road/Balliol Road) the areas immediately adjacent to the access gates will be hard surfaced.

An appropriate condition should be added to any approval notice in order to prevent the continued use of the car park at Connolly House once car parking facilities have been reintroduced at Balliol House, post-demolition.

### **Neighbour Representations**

Last date for replies: Site notice 08/09/10

Press notice 16/09/10

### **Policy**

The application site is situated in an area allocated as greenspace on the Council's Adopted Unitary Development Plan.

| AD2 | Ensuring choice of travel                                       |
|-----|---|
| CS1 | Development and Regeneration                                    |
| CS2 | Restraint on development and protection of environmental assets |
| CS3 | Development Principles  |
| DQ1 | Design  |
| G1  | Protection of urban greenspace                                  |

#### **Comments**

This cleared site is designated greenspace forming part of the larger greenspace area which includes South Park and Centenary Gardens. It was previously a home for elderly people, then offices but was demolished about 4 years ago. It now lies cleared, unused and fenced. The fencing largely constitutes corrugated hoardings left after the demolition and the state of the site is not an asset in terms of the visual character of the overall area.

Discussions have been ongoing with Hugh Baird College about a significant development on the site, but this scheme collapsed when the funding stream ended. The College has more recently begun to consider whether a smaller scheme funded largely from their own resources might be possible. However there are no firm plans available nor any planning application at the present time.

The proposal is for a temporary car park to replace the parking space lost during the demolition of Balliol House, opposite. The car park would have a gravel surface and the boundary treatment to the site would be improved. The permission is sought for a period of up to 3 years.

The planning issues concern the acceptability of the proposal in greenspace terms, highway safety considerations and the visual impact of proposals.

In terms of greenspace, the proposed use does not meet the special circumstances which would normally need to be met to permit development on greenspace. However, one of these circumstances is the provision of environmental improvements designed to enhance the greenspace and this use as a car park with improved fencing would be an improvement to the park setting compared to the

present state of the site.

This could not justify long term development, but as a temporary use of the land it would improve the site until such time as a more appropriate long term use of the site is achieved. Moreover, the proposed use would assist the regeneration of this part of Bootle in facilitating the removal of Balliol House which is a visual detractor on this prominent corner. Overall these gains are considered to outweigh the need to protect the greenspace but only on a short term basis.

In respect of highway safety, the proposals take access from Stanley Road via the existing Exeter Road. This is narrow, but the mode of operation, with most arrivals and departures at peak hours and controls on access should ensure that there are no significant issues. Highways Development Control raise no concerns. Whereas policies discourage additional parking in Bootle in order to comply with UDP Policy AD2, this car park will only replace the same number of spaces as presently provided at Balliol House which would be lost during the demolition process (86). A condition is attached to ensure that the use ceases if commensurate levels of car parking become available or within 3 years at the latest.

In terms of detail the proposed 2m high green coloured roundex fencing is suitable for this location. The surface of the car park would be gravel and four 8m high lighting poles would be provided. Existing vegetation already screens the site from South Park. Policy DQ3 would normally require tree planting on the basis of one tree per parking space for permanent car parks, but this level of provision is considered unreasonable and in any event is not applicable to temporary car parks.

Contact Officer: Mrs S Tyldesley Telephone 0151 934 3569

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Committee: PLANNING

Date of Meeting: 15 September 2010

Title of Report: \$/2010/1144

18 Alexandra Road, Waterloo

(Church Ward)

Proposal: Erection of a single storey extension to the rear. (Re-

submission of S/2010/0869 withdrawn)

Applicant: Mrs L Watts Home From Home

#### **Executive Summary**

This application proposes an extension to an existing children's nursery to provide improved facilities. The issues concern the impact on neighbours and design of the extension

Recommendation(s) Delegate to Officers to approve at the

completion of the press advertisement period subject to receipt of no additional representations raising new planning issues

#### **Justification**

The proposed extension would not result in any increase in numbers of children attending the nursery and does not affect the existing car parking spaces. The proposed extension would not result in loss of amenity to local residents and is visually in keeping with the existing property. The proposal therefore complies with Sefton UDP Policies CS3, DQ1, H10 and HC1.

#### **Conditions**

- 1. T-1 Full Planning Permission Time Limit
- 2. The maximum number of children attending the nursery shall not exceed 57.

#### Reasons

- 1. RT-1
- 2. To safeguard the amenities of nearby residents in accordance with UDPpolicy H10

#### **Drawing Numbers**

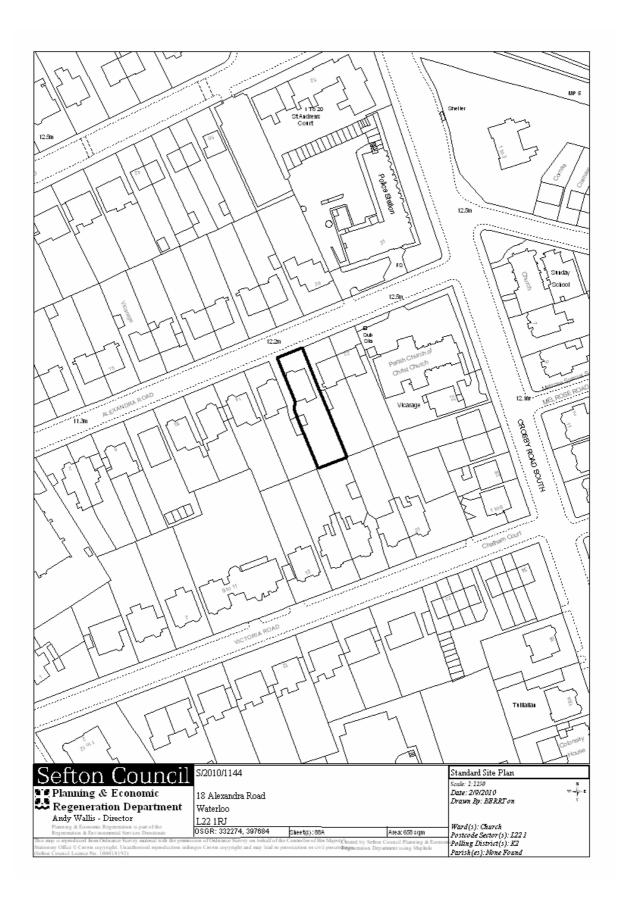
Drawing 01A received 13/08/10

### **Financial Implications**

| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                                | 2006/<br>2007<br>£ | 2007/<br>2008<br>£ | 2008/<br>2009<br>£ | 2009/<br>2010<br>£ |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gross Increase in Capital Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton Capital Resources                           |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Specific Capital Resources                         |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| REVENUE IMPLICATIONS                               |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Gross Increase in Revenue Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton funded Resources                            |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded from External Resources                     |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Does the External Funding have an expiry date? Y/N | When?              | •                  | •                  |                    |
| How will the service be funded post expiry?        |                    |                    |                    |                    |

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

History referred to Policy referred to



S/2010/1144

#### The Site

The application relates to a detached property situated within the Christ Church Conservation area on the south side of Alexandra Road, Waterloo, Liverpool.

#### **Proposal**

Erection of a single storey extension to the rear. (Re-submission of S/2010/0869 withdrawn)

#### **History**

| S/2010/0869 -  | premiseswithdrawn  |
|----------------|--|
| S/2002//1200 – | Change of use of the premises from a residential care home to a day nursery, including the erection of a side entrance porch and formation of a self contained flat. Approved 10/03/2003 |
| S/2004/0833 –  | Change of use of the vacant second floor into day nursery in connection with the existing use at ground and first floor levels. Approved 24/08/2004                                      |

#### **Consultations**

Highways Development Control – no objections.

Children Schools & Families – support the application.

#### **Neighbour Representations**

Last date for replies:- Site notice -13/09/10
Press notice 23/09/10

(In respect of the recent application which was withdrawn, a petition of 40 signatures and 7 individual letters of objection were received on the grounds of :

- Current parking problems and any changes to car parking facilities.
- Any increase to the number of staff/children and noise levels.
- The installation of UPVC windows in a designated conservation area.
- Visual effect on neighbouring properties).

#### **Policy**

The application site is situated in an area allocated as primarily residential on the Council's Adopted Unitary Development Plan.

AD2 Ensuring Choice of Travel CS3 Development Principles

DQ1 Design

H10 Development in Primarily Residential Areas

HC1 Development in Conservation Areas

#### **Comments**

The main points to consider are compliance with policy, the impact on neighbouring residential amenities in terms of the position of the building, the intensity of use and the number of comings and goings to and from the site. The visual impact of the proposals and impact on the Conservation Area also require consideration.

Policy CS3 requires that extensions/buildings should not overshadow or cause loss of privacy to adjoining properties. The proposed wet play room extension will be constructed at the rear of the premises. It is proposed to be built out 2.7m on the driveway side of the premises and 4.275m adjoining 20 Alexandra Road. This property has an existing shed adjacent to the boundary and there will therefore be very little impact from the propose extension. The extension is considered acceptable in this respect

The extension would be constructed using materials to match the existing extension, walls to have a rendered finish with new uPVC Windows and French doors, leading to rear paved garden area. The roof would be a Flat roof structure, featuring 4, 1.5m x 2m proposed skylights. The extension itself would not impact on the street scene nor the character of the Conservation Area.

The proposal as now submitted would have no impact on the current parking situation at the premises. The parking area to the rear would be retained as existing and remain available for staff parking.

The applicant has clearly stated that the proposal is to increase the facilities available to children attending the nursery and would not result in any increase in numbers. This can be ensured by condition.

Contact Officer: Mrs S Tyldesley Telephone 0151 934 3569

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REPORT TO: PLANNING

**CABINET MEMBER - REGENERATION** 

**CABINET** 

DATE: 15 SEPTEMBER 2010

29 SEPTEMBER 2010 30 SEPTEMBER 2010

SUBJECT: Further Fordham Research Advice about Housing Matters in

**Sefton** 

WARDS AFFECTED: ALL

REPORT OF: Andy Wallis, Planning & Economic Development Director

CONTACT OFFICER: Alan Young – Strategic Planning and Information Manager

Tel: 0151 934 3551

Jim Ohren – Principal Manager (Housing Strategy)

Tel: 0151 934 3619

EXEMPT/

CONFIDENTIAL: No

#### PURPOSE/SUMMARY:

To report the findings of further studies undertaken by Fordham Research to:

- clarify and expand on the affordable housing statistics contained in previously completed Sefton Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2008 and published in 2009; and
- (ii) provide an analysis of housing search and expectations in Sefton.

To recommend that the key findings of both of these studies are noted and agreed. In addition, arising from the first of these reports, seek agreement to a change in the current approved negotiating position with regard to affordable housing provided through the S106 process in Bootle.

#### **REASON WHY DECISION REQUIRED:**

To indicate Council support for the key findings of (i) the Strategic Housing Market Assessment Technical Note and (ii) the Housing Search and Expectations Study and changes to the Council's S106 affordable housing negotiating position with regard to Bootle.

#### **RECOMMENDATION(S):**

That:

In terms of the two studies:

- (i) Planning Committee and Cabinet Member Regeneration note the key findings of the Strategic Housing Market Assessment Technical Note and the Housing Search and Expectations Study and recommend that Cabinet endorses them to inform the emerging Core Strategy process;
- (ii) Subject to (iii) below, Planning Committee adopts the key findings of the Strategic Housing Market Assessment Technical Note and the Housing Search and Expectations Study and uses them to inform the emerging Core Strategy Process; and
- (iii) Cabinet approves the key findings of the Strategic Housing Market Assessment Technical Note and the Housing Search and Expectations Study to inform the emerging Core Strategy Process.

In terms of amending the Council's current affordable housing negotiating position:

- (i) Planning Committee and Cabinet Member Regeneration, following the advice in Strategic Housing Market Assessment Technical Note, recommend that Cabinet endorses the relaxation of any S106 affordable housing requirement for Bootle with immediate effect.
- (ii) Cabinet agrees the relaxation of any S106 affordable housing requirement for Bootle with immediate effect.

KEY DECISION: Yes

FORWARD PLAN: Yes

**IMPLEMENTATION DATE:** Following expiry of call in period after Cabinet meeting on

30th September 2010.

| ALTERNA<br>None.  | ATIVE OPTIONS:                 |                   |               |               |               |               |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| IMPLICA   | TIONS:                         | None              |               |               |               |               |
| Budget/F  | Policy Framework:              | None              |               |               |               |               |
| Financia  | <b>:</b>                       |                   |               |               |               |               |
| The total cost of this Strategic Housing Market Assessment Technical Note is £1,000 which has bee met from a small balance of residual unused fees paid to Fordham Research in 2007/08 under a previous and now extinguished retainer relationship.  The total cost of the Housing Research and Expectations Study at £7,000 has been met from the 2010/11 Housing Capital Programme. |                                |                   |               |               |               | under a       |
|   | CAPITAL EXPENDITU              | RE                | 2009/<br>2010 | 2010/<br>2011 | 2011/<br>2012 | 2012/<br>2013 |
|   | Gross Increase in Capital Expe |                   | £             | £             | £             | £             |
|   | Funded by:                     |                   |               |               |               |               |
|   | Sefton Capital Resources       |                   |               |               |               |               |
|   | Specific Capital Resources     |                   |               |               |               |               |
|   | REVENUE IMPLICATION            | ONS               |               |               |               |               |
|   | Gross Increase in Revenue Exp  | penditure         |               |               |               |               |
|   | Funded by:                     |                   |               |               |               |               |
|   | Sefton funded Resources        |                   |               |               |               |               |
|   | Funded from External Resource  | es                |               |               |               |               |
|   | Does the External Funding hav  | e an expiry date? | Y/N           | When?         |               |               |
|   | How will the service be funded | post expiry?      |               |               |               |               |
| Legal:  |                                | No comments       |               |               |               |               |
| Risk Assessment:  |                                | N/A               |               |               |               |               |
| Asset Management: N/A   |                                |                   |               |               |               |               |

CONSULTATION UNDERTAKEN/VIEWS

**FD 502** - The Interim Head of Corporate Finance & Information Services has been consulted and has no comments on this report.

#### **CORPORATE OBJECTIVE MONITORING:**

| Corporate<br>Objective |   | <u>Positive</u> | <u>Neutral</u> | <u>Negative</u> |
|------------------------|---|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Objective              |   | <u>Impact</u>   | <u>Impact</u>  | <u>Impact</u>   |
| 1                      | Creating a Learning Community   |                 | $\sqrt{}$      |                 |
| 2                      | Creating Safe Communities   |                 | √              |                 |
| 3                      | Jobs and Prosperity   |                 |                |                 |
| 4                      | Improving Health and Well-Being   | V               |                |                 |
| 5                      | Environmental Sustainability  |                 |                |                 |
| 6                      | Creating Inclusive Communities  |                 |                |                 |
| 7                      | Improving the Quality of Council Services and Strengthening local Democracy |                 | $\sqrt{}$      |                 |
| 8                      | Children and Young People   |                 |                |                 |

#### LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS RELIED UPON IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS REPORT

Sefton Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2008, July 2009

Housing Needs in Sefton - further details on the figures in the SHMA, a technical note, July 2010 Housing Search and Expectations Study, July 2010

Informed Economic Assessment of Affordable Homes, September 2010

#### Further Fordham Research Advice about Housing Matters in Sefton

#### 1. Background

- 1.1 In order to inform the emerging Core Strategy process with regard to a number of key housing and affordable matters Fordham Research, as a follow on to the work that they have undertaken for the Council in relation to the Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2008 (SHMA 2008), have been commissioned to undertake two limited additional items of research, namely:
  - (i) a further analysis of affordable housing need in Sefton expanding and clarifying some of the results of the Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2008; and
  - (ii) an analysis of housing search and expectations in Sefton
- 1.2 The purpose of this report is to summarise some of the key findings of the further research undertaken by Fordham Research in respect of these matters and to make some policy recommendations arising from them.

#### 2. Further Analysis of Affordable Housing Need in Sefton – Technical Note

- 2.1 Members may recall receiving and agreeing a report on the results of the Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2008 in the August/September 2009 cycle (i.e. Planning Committee on 18<sup>th</sup> August 2009, Cabinet Member on 2<sup>nd</sup> September 2009 and Cabinet on 3<sup>rd</sup> September 2009).
- 2.2 The SHMA 2008, inter alia, identified a net affordable housing need of 2,398 dwellings per year in Sefton, equivalent to a total of 11,990 dwellings (i.e. 2,398 multiplied by 5 years) over the five-year period. The net need for affordable housing varied across the Borough and was broken down by the six sub-areas of the Borough as follows (derived from Table 27.5 of the SHMA 2008) and reproduced in the Technical Note as Table 1.3 below:

| Table 1.3 Net housing need and sub-area (Practice Guidance model) |                         |                           |                               |                    |                        |   |                                   |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
|   | Housing need            |                           |                               |                    |                        |   |                                   |
| Sub-area  | Gross<br>annual<br>need | Gross<br>annual<br>supply | Net annual<br>housing<br>need | % of net shortfall | Supply as<br>% of need | Net need<br>per 1,000<br>household<br>s | Total need over the 5-year period |
| Southport   | 1,610                   | 374                       | 1,236                         | 51.6%              | 23.2%                  | 32.1                                    | 6,180                             |
| Formby  | 169                     | 16                        | 153                           | 6.4%               | 9.3%                   | 16.9                                    | 765                               |
| Maghull / Aintree   | 267                     | 96                        | 171                           | 7.1%               | 35.8%                  | 11.4                                    | 855                               |
| Crosby  | 634                     | 233                       | 401                           | 16.7%              | 36.8%                  | 19.7                                    | 2,005                             |
| Bootle  | 798                     | 521                       | 277                           | 11.6%              | 65.2%                  | 15.7                                    | 1,385                             |
| Netherton   | 584                     | 424                       | 160                           | 6.6%               | 72.7%                  | 10.2                                    | 800                               |
| Total   | 4,062                   | 1,664                     | 2,398                         | 100.0%             | 41.0%                  | 20.6                                    | 11,990                            |

Source: Sefton SHMA 2008 (combination of data sources)

2.3 Notwithstanding the above, at page 329, para 36.11 of the SHMA 2008 it is stated:

'that the actual amount of affordable housing required in Sefton is not the same as the amount of affordable housing need according to the Practice Guidance needs assessment model. The Practice Guidance needs assessment model is geared to an ideal state of affairs, not the current reality'

- 2.4 Specifically the SHMA 2008 figure does not imply that all households in need of affordable housing in Sefton necessarily require a new dwelling. In this regard, the total affordable housing need figure includes a need for two groups of households who currently have housing accommodation but, in respect of which, the CLG 'Practice Guidance' states that they are still in technical affordable housing need. This includes:
  - (i) households who live in the private rented sector on Housing Benefit because they are unable to afford entry level market accommodation; and
  - (ii) households who purchase market accommodation but pay more than the recommended proportion of 25% of their gross household income in housing costs
- 2.5 In respect of (i), Fordham Research acknowledged that whilst it may be very desirable to reduce the numbers of households dependent on Housing Benefit in the private rented sector, this is something which should only be attempted as long term goal and in a carefully phased manner, otherwise it would risk destabilising the wider private rented sector. In respect of (ii) Fordham Research acknowledged that to some extent this must be regarded as a 'life choice' that people make and, in any event, cannot be a high priority for local authorities to address. Notwithstanding these factors, Fordham Research

- concluded that it could be an aspiration of the Council to address both of them by increasing the stock of affordable housing over the longer term.
- 2.6 Consistent with this overall stance, Fordham Research's assessment indicates that a significant proportion of those defined in affordable housing need have no pressing need for a new dwelling. Accordingly, on the basis of their analysis (see para 36.10 of the SHMA 2008) Fordham Research have calculated that there is a pressing or critical need for 1,230 new affordable housing dwellings (i.e. 246 per annum over 5 years) in Sefton from the notional study base date in mid 2008.
- 2.7 Notwithstanding this it was acknowledged at officer level that the Fordham Research's analysis, as set out in the SHMA 2008, could benefit from further work with regard to: (i) providing greater clarity and explanation about what the 'true' or critical level of affordable housing need was in Sefton was and (ii) where in the Borough (i.e. which sub-areas) the 'true' or critical need arose. Accordingly, Fordham Research was commissioned earlier this year to prepare a short Technical Note to assist with a clearer understanding of these matters. This note is available to view online at <a href="www.sefton.gov.uk/planningstudies">www.sefton.gov.uk/planningstudies</a>.

#### (i) Key Findings of the Housing Needs in Sefton Technical Note

#### (a) Adjusted housing need in Sefton

- 2.8 In order to answer the questions raised at para 2.7 above, Fordham Research have adjusted some of the assumptions used within the Practice Guidance model to produce a more realistic estimate of the annual need for affordable housing in Sefton. Firstly, the number of lettings in the private rented sector to households on Housing Benefit are added to the supply of affordable housing. In Sefton this equates to 1,383 homes per year. Secondly, households moving to market housing, that are technically in need of affordable housing but have not indicated that this is a problem, have been excluded from the gross affordable housing need total. This group approximates to 769 households a year.
- 2.9 Table 1.2 below (as taken from the Technical Note) shows how these changing assumptions affect the figures in the Fordham model. The gross annual affordable housing need becomes 3,293 and the gross affordable housing supply becomes 3,047. Given this the need for Sefton is adjusted to 246 units per year (i.e. 3,293 minus 3,047), which equates to 1,230 affordable housing units (i.e. 246 multiplied by 5) over the next five years from the study base date.

| Table 1.2 Adjusted housing need assessment in Sefton  |       |        |       |  |  |  |
|---|-------|--------|-------|--|--|--|
| Element Need according Change due to Resultant to the model altered assumptions adjusted figure |       |        |       |  |  |  |
| Total gross annual need   | 4,062 | -769   | 3,293 |  |  |  |
| Total gross annual supply   | 1,664 | +1,383 | 3,047 |  |  |  |
| Total net annual need   | 2,398 | -      | 246   |  |  |  |

Source: Sefton SHMA 2008 (combination of data sources)

- 2.10 Importantly, Fordham Research emphasise that the lower figure of 246 dwellings per annum or 1,230 units over a five year period is not necessarily the total affordable housing need, because some (an unspecified number) households purchasing homes and on Housing Benefit in rented accommodation may be in genuine affordable housing need. In this regard, Fordham Research estimate that allowance for these factors could take the total affordable housing need to 'a figure of 350 dwellings per year' equivalent to a five year figure of 1,750 (i.e. 350 multiplied by 5) affordable housing units.
- 2.11 Critically, Fordham Research point out that the ability to regard market housing provision supported by Housing Benefit as affordable housing will diminish once the changes in the Housing Benefit system announced by the Coalition Government come into effect. This will have the effect of pushing up the total affordable housing need in Sefton by an unspecified amount and, in this regard, the total affordable housing need figure of 350 per annum could prove to be an understatement of the real need for affordable housing in Sefton.

#### (b) Location of housing need by sub area

2.12 Using the approach adopted above, it is necessary to disaggregate the 'change due to altered assumptions' identified at column 2 of table 1.2 above. This is presented in Table 1.4 from the Technical Report which is reproduced as below.

| Table 1.4 Location of components of adjusted assumptions |   |                                   |  |  |  |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Sub-area   | Households in need where not a problem (annual) | Housing Benefit lettings (annual) |  |  |  |
| Southport  | 476   | 628                               |  |  |  |
| Formby   | 19  | 69                                |  |  |  |
| Maghull / Aintree  | 34  | 123                               |  |  |  |
| Crosby   | 98  | 286                               |  |  |  |
| Bootle   | 76  | 236                               |  |  |  |
| Netherton  | 66  | 41                                |  |  |  |
| Total  | 769   | 1,383                             |  |  |  |

Source: Sefton SHMA 2008 (Combined data sources)

2.13 The figures for households in need where affordability is technically not a problem are then deducted from the gross annual need figures presented in column 1 of Table 1.4 above. The figures for Housing Benefit lettings in column 2 of Table 1.4 are added to the gross annual supply figures presented in column 2 of Table 1.3. These adjustments provide information on the location of gross need, gross supply and net need for sub areas as presented below in Table 1.5.

| Table 1.5 Net housing need and sub-area (adjusted assumptions) |                         |                           |                                  |                    |                           |   |  |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
|  |                         | Housing need              |                                  |                    |                           |   |  |
| Sub-area   | Gross<br>annual<br>need | Gross<br>annual<br>supply | Net<br>annual<br>housing<br>need | % of net shortfall | Supply as<br>% of<br>need | Net need<br>per 1,000<br>househol<br>ds | Total<br>need over<br>the 5-year<br>period |
| Southport  | 1,134                   | 1,002                     | 132                              | 46.9%              | 88.4%                     | 3                                       | 658  |
| Formby   | 150                     | 85                        | 65                               | 23.2%              | 56.6%                     | 7                                       | 326  |
| Maghull/Aintree  | 233                     | 219                       | 14                               | 4.9%               | 94.1%                     | 1                                       | 69   |
| Crosby   | 536                     | 519                       | 17                               | 6.0%               | 96.9%                     | 1                                       | 84   |
| Bootle   | 722                     | 757                       | -35                              | 0.0%               | 104.8%                    | -2                                      | -174                                       |
| Netherton  | 518                     | 465                       | 53                               | 18.9%              | 89.7%                     | 3                                       | 266  |
| Total  | 3,293                   | 3,047                     | 246                              | 100.0%             | 92.5%                     | 2                                       | 1,230                                      |

Source: Sefton SHMA 2008 (combination of data sources)

- 2.14 The table above disaggregates the Borough's net affordable housing need of 1,230 dwellings over five years by the various sub areas (although if it were assumed that any notional overprovision of affordable housing in Bootle could not meet needs in other sub areas of Sefton, then the total net affordable need for the remainder of the Borough would increase from 1,230 to 1,404 dwellings over a five year period). Interestingly, on this revised basis, the largest quantitative affordable housing need is in Southport (658 units), followed by Formby (326 units) and Netherton (266 units), whilst the highest affordable housing need per 1,000 households is in Formby at 326 units, which is equivalent to 7% of all households in the local area, more than twice the rate of the next most pressing locations in Southport and Netherton at 3% each. Bootle, in contrast, has a negative affordable housing need over five years of 174 dwellings, reflecting the position that affordable housing supply exceeds need in this area.
- 2.15 Importantly, Fordham Research note that whilst the Technical Note reports on the affordable housing situation in Sefton in the summer of 2008, the economic downturn that has subsequently occurred has not altered the affordable situation in Sefton 'and the figures remain a valid assessment of affordable housing need in the Borough'.

#### 3. Key Findings of the Housing Search and Expectations Study

#### (i) Study Context

3.1 In order to get a better understanding of how the Borough's resident population views the local housing market and how households move through it, the Council also recently commissioned Fordham Research, as an enhancement of the previous SHMA 2008, to undertake a limited focused study on how the local housing markets operate in Sefton and how they are perceived by local residents, including whether households would consider living outside Sefton.

The Housing Search and Expectations Study is available to view online at <a href="https://www.sefton.gov.uk/planningstudies">www.sefton.gov.uk/planningstudies</a>.

- 3.2 In particular, the study has comprised three key components:
  - (i) a review of the existing relevant literature including:
    - Liverpool City Region Housing Strategy Annual Monitoring Report 2010
    - Sefton Movers Survey Additional Analysis
    - New Heartlands HMRI: Aspirations of Emerging Households
  - (ii) a re-analysis of the existing Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2008 dataset; and
  - (iii) a Search Patterns Survey: 'Housing Search and Expectations Study'
  - (ii) Key Findings of this Work
  - (a) review of the existing relevant literature
- 3.3 Some key findings of this literature review are as follows:

#### Liverpool City Region Housing Strategy Annual Monitoring Report

3.4 Drawing on the Movers' Survey analysis for various local authorities for the previous year, this report suggests that Sefton is the most self contained local authority within the Liverpool City Region with 81% of housing moves being internal, whilst at the opposite extreme only 49% of Liverpool's housing moves are internal. The report also suggests that Sefton has its strongest links with Liverpool and West Lancashire, with less strong links to Knowsley and St Helens. Interestingly, in terms of neighbouring authorities, the pattern of net movement is from Liverpool and Knowsley to Sefton and from Sefton to West Lancashire.

#### Sefton Movers Additional Analysis

3.5 This research, which was completed in February 2010, records some more detailed findings from the Movers' Survey for the various local authorities involved and specifically for Sefton over a two and a half year period. This report finds that most moves occur within the local authority and in Sefton it is estimated that 78.8% of moves are internal. Of those external moves which have taken place, 5% are to Liverpool and 4% to West Lancashire. In reverse, over 8% of Liverpool moves and over 10% of West Lancashire moves are to Sefton. Significantly, the analysis finds that when people move between authorities it is often to the local to postal districts that adjoin the local authority of origin.

#### New Heartlands HMRI: Aspirations of Emerging Households

3.6 This report, which was completed in May 2009, examined the housing aspirations of seven groups of 'emerging' households living in the New Heartlands area which covers part of three local authority areas including South Sefton (also Liverpool and Wirral). The report showed that:

"a significant number of individuals classified as emerging households currently live in private-rented sector accommodation. Though certain groups, particularly young professionals and students, are satisfied with this arrangement, for many it is an inevitable outcome of a limited supply of social housing and the inability to pursue home ownership. In addition, for some groups, private or social rented accommodation solutions are the preferred choice due to the perceived poor quality of private housing available within the area they wished to reside."

## (b) re-analysis of the existing Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2008 dataset

- 3.7 This work took the dataset produced for the SHMA 2008 and re-analysed it to answer new questions relating to the housing preferences and expectations of Sefton residents and, in particular, the relationship of the housing markets in Sefton to the surrounding area. The SHMA 2008 survey gained responses from 2,288 households. The survey data was weighted to represent the estimated 116,328 households living in the Borough at that time.
- 3.8 The survey results suggested that 17,966 households in Sefton intended to move within the next two years at the time of the survey. The re-analysis of these household responses found, inter alia, that:
  - households in Sefton that intend to move in the following two years mostly prefer to remain in Sefton. A total of 82% of movers (about 14,744) would prefer to remain in the Borough. Only 3% (about 502 households) stated that they would prefer to move to Liverpool, with a larger proportion of households (4%, or about 782) seeking to move to West Lancashire.
  - those able to afford market housing without assistance tend to be less likely to want to live in Bootle or Liverpool than average, and more likely to prefer West Lancashire or other parts of the UK. Those unable to afford market housing show the reverse pattern.
  - those most able to afford housing in Sefton, and therefore with the widest range of choices open to them, tend to be more likely to want to move further from the central core of the wider Merseyside urban area. The implication is that those most likely to want to move from south Sefton to Liverpool are those in need of affordable housing and, in particular, social housing,
  - the survey compares the preferred destination of moving households with their expected destination. This ratio of preferences to expectations gives a crude measure of the popularity of an area which households in Sefton which are planning to move. If more people would like to move to an area than expect to be able to, an area will have a strongly positive ratio of preferences to expectations. If, on the other hand, people expect to move to an area despite few preferring it, this area will have a negative ratio of preferences to expectations. Given this, West Lancashire is by far the most

popular area among respondents. Preferences also exceed expectations for Southport and for other parts of Sefton. However, for Liverpool and Bootle expectations exceed preferences, indicating that a significant proportion of the people expecting to move there would ideally prefer to live elsewhere.

- regarding the housing preferences of households expected to move from (or within) Sefton in the next two years, for most parts of Sefton, a small majority of those seeking to move are looking to buy a home and expecting to owner-occupy. The exception is in Bootle where 89% of those seeking to move to (or within) Bootle expect to secure social rented accommodation. In other areas, between 20-40% of movers are seeking social rented housing. Among those seeking to move out of Sefton to other areas of the North West, almost all expect to owner-occupy.
- those commuting to Liverpool were most likely to prefer to live in the 'Sefton other' area, which includes places such as Formby, Crosby and Maghull, and least likely to prefer Bootle.
- the 'Sefton other' area tends to appeal to households with relatively high incomes and savings, while Bootle appeals mostly to low income households.

#### (c) Search Patterns Survey

- 3.9 The information gained from the household survey carried out for the SHMA 2008 provides a broad overview of housing preferences and expectations of the household population. However, in order to gain more detailed information about how local people move within the area and why, a smaller additional household survey has been carried out by Fordham Research earlier this year.
- 3.10 This survey was targeted at households that had recently moved or are looking to move to try and establish further information on their search patterns. The sample for the survey was drawn from the SHMA 2008 dataset, among households (or same addresses if households have moved) with households that indicated that they would be willing to take part in further research and also stated that they had moved home within the last five years (at the time of the SHMA) or that they intended to move home in the next five years (at the time of the SHMA) selected. This provided a total sample of 565 households.
- 3.11 Each of these 565 households were contacted about the possibility of taking part in this research and were invited to complete an online questionnaire covering some basic details on their current home and household composition, information on their previous home, how they have looked for their current home and what their future moving. In total 92 valid responses were obtained, which although a little disappointing, nevertheless provides a sufficient sample to report on general trends and allows some disaggregation of the results. Due to the sampling method used and the lack of secondary data on the size of the total population currently (in 2010) it is not possible to weight the dataset. The analysis therefore records the findings of the respondent households rather

than the household population they represent which the SHMA 2008 is able to do.

3.12 In summary of the key findings of the Search Patterns Survey were:

#### (i) General impressions of Sefton and surrounding local authorities

- households that indicated an intention to move in the next five-years were asked their general opinion of Sefton and other neighbouring local authorities. The responses suggest that West Lancashire is viewed as the 'nicest' area in the local region, followed by Sefton itself. More households in Sefton view the areas of Knowsley and Liverpool as 'poor' than 'good'. Further analysis of this information shows that owner-occupiers with no mortgage had a better impression of Sefton than those with a mortgage, but a worse impression of all other areas, with the largest difference recorded for Liverpool.
- households were also asked to indicate whether there were particular reasons that they described an authority as being 'poor' or 'very poor'. Too much crime was cited as a reason for describing Knowsley as 'poor' by eight households, with three households citing this as the reason that Liverpool is 'poor' and three households using this reason to find Sefton 'poor'. Four households described Liverpool as 'poor' because of a poor choice of housing, with Knowsley (two households), Wirral (one household) and West Lancashire (one household) also being described as poor for this reason. Two households described Sefton as 'poor' because housing is too expensive with this also a reason Wirral is 'poor' for one household. Three households described Knowsley 'poor' because of poor quality of education/schools, with Liverpool (one household) also being described as poor for this reason.
- households were then asked to indicate to which areas they would consider moving to and why. Almost four-fifths of households would consider moving within Sefton and less than 10% definitely would not. The main reasons for moving out of the Borough are particular to the household, but include the cost of housing being too great and friends and family having moved away.
- the overall further survey results suggest that Sefton is a fairly distinct housing market with few households considering moving to a neighbouring authority. Even West Lancashire, which Sefton residents have a good impression of, would only be considered by just over a third of moving households. The number of moving households that will consider moving to Wirral and Liverpool is very small and Knowsley will not be considered outright by any moving households in the sample.

#### (ii) More detail on how sub-markets operate locally

• the survey examines the areas that respondents considered moving to before moving to a property in Sefton, by considering the locations of properties they visited before purchasing or renting their current home. This

gives some impression of the level of mobility of households surveyed, and therefore the extent to which their housing requirements could potentially be met outside the Borough. Responses indicate a notable divide between the north and south of the Borough. Those living in Southport and Formby are particularly unlikely to have considered properties in other parts of the Borough, or indeed in areas outside the Borough to the south such as Liverpool. This also applies to Crosby located in the northern part of south Sefton. In contrast, those living in Bootle and Netherton are more likely to have considered properties in Liverpool. Maghull/Aintree appears to be an area of overlap where movers were more likely to have considered a wider range of areas.

- properties in Southport and Crosby were considered by all household types, with Bootle popular only among single non-pensioners. Pensioner households were the most likely to consider Formby when moving, with more than half of those surveyed viewing a property in this area. In contrast, Formby was not popular among single non-pensioners, who tended to prefer Crosby. Relatively few respondents of all household types had considered properties in other Boroughs to the south, although a significant number of families and multi-adult households had considered properties in West Lancashire.
- it is notable that all respondents who viewed properties in the south of the Borough (Netherton and Bootle) had a household income of less than £30,000. Formby and West Lancashire tended to be favoured by higher income respondents. In the north of the Borough, lower income respondents tended to be more likely to view properties in Southport than Formby or Crosby.

#### (iii) Reasons for moves

- comparing the results for different parts of the Borough, relatively little
  difference is visible in the reasons for moving. Almost all respondents
  considered property size, affordability and the reputation of the area to be
  either important or very important in their choice of home. Educational
  issues, such as school catchment areas, were a concern for only a minority
  of movers, as might be expected given that not all movers have children.
- the proportion for whom care needs were a factor in choice of home did show a geographical pattern, increasing from 12% in the north of the Borough to 40% in the south. Proximity to work also increased in importance toward the south. While only 35% were concerned with this issue in the north of Sefton, this increased to 60% in Bootle and Netherton.
- proximity to family and/or friends was highest in the central part of Sefton (Crosby, Maghull and Aintree).

#### (d) Key Conclusions of the Housing Search and Expectations Study

- 3.13 Taking account of all the evidence gathered the key conclusions of the Housing Search and Expectations Study undertaken by Fordham Research may be summarised as below:
  - the study confirms what the SHMA 2008 previously concluded, namely that Sefton is a distinct housing market area in its own right with a high degree of containment in terms of past householder moves and preferred householder moves. Further, the study confirms that, whilst Sefton is a distinct housing market area, there are two separate housing markets within Sefton, the first in the north and centre of the Borough (including Southport, Formby and Crosby), with the second in the south of the Borough (including Bootle and Netherton).
  - although cross boundary moves are small scale relative to moves within the Borough, the north and central market is closely linked to West Lancashire whilst the south housing market show greater links with Liverpool, albeit net moves seem to be from Liverpool to south Sefton rather than in the other direction.
  - Additionally the report notes that the direction of moves does seem to be
    affected by the financial capacity of households. Those most likely to be able
    to afford housing in Sefton tend to be more likely to move to the north and
    central market within Sefton and also West Lancashire, and those requiring
    affordable housing are more likely to move to south Sefton or Liverpool. The
    implication of this is that Liverpool may be a suitable to meet some of the
    affordable housing needs arising in south Sefton if suitable sites were
    available), although the majority would ideally prefer to remain within Sefton.
- 3.14 To conclude, drawing on all the evidence available, Fordham Research have recommended to Sefton that:

'Whilst some housing moves do take place beyond the [Sefton] Borough boundary to and from neighbouring local authorities, they are relatively minor in number. Accordingly, the presumption must be that the new housing required (both market and affordable) for the population of Sefton should be provided within the Borough unless housing markets are to change radically. Notwithstanding this, in a situation where Sefton were to consider some of the housing needs that would otherwise be unmet could be addressed in neighbouring local authorities, it would need to satisfy itself that suitable housing sites, of the right type and tenure mix and in the right location, were available to meet this need.'

#### 4. Director's Comments

4.1 The further research undertaken by Fordham Research for the Council is timely and firmly supports the key findings of the SHMA 2008. It will assist with the development of key housing and affordable housing policies through the Core Strategy process.

- 4.2 In this regard, the Housing Needs in Sefton Technical Note provides a clear understanding of the scale and distribution of critical affordable housing needs in Sefton and its constituent sub-areas expanding on the findings of the SHMA 2008. It clearly shows that critical affordable housing needs amount to 246 units per annum equivalent to 1,230 units over a five-year period. Additional to this there are potentially an approximate further 100 units per annum unspecified less critical affordable housing needs which equate to a total affordable housing need of 350 per annum or 1,750 units over a five year period, albeit this figure cannot be disaggregated.
- 4.3 As pointed out in para 2.14 above, it is significant to note that that of the 1,230 units of critical affordable housing need identified over a five year period, the largest quantitative affordable housing need is in Southport (658 units) whilst the highest affordable housing need as a proportion of households is in Formby at 326 units, which is equivalent to 7% of all households, more than twice the rate of the next most pressing locations in Southport and Netherton at 3% each.
- 4.4 Equally importantly, the analysis shows that Bootle has a negative affordable housing need 174 units over a five-year period. Critically this does not mean that there is no need for new affordable housing in Bootle, which may be required through, for example, the HMRI process re-housing requirements or to replace outdated social rented stock, but rather that it is not currently possible to justify any new affordable housing being provided through the S106 process. This, points to the clear need to consider an immediate relaxation of affordable housing requirements through the S106 process in Bootle. For the avoidance of doubt, Bootle in this instance is defined as embracing the three wards of Derby, Linacre and Litherland.
- 4.5 Interestingly, and perhaps not totally coincidentally, the results of the Informed Assessment of the Economic Viability of Affordable Housing (the findings of which were reported to Members in the last cycle), suggested that only 10% affordable housing could be expected on viability grounds in Bootle, in any event.
- 4.6 With regard to the key findings of the Housing Search and Expectations Study this study draws together evidence from a number of sources and independently confirms much that which we already anecdotally know about Sefton's housing market and how it operates, both internally and with neighbouring local authorities. In this regard, it will be interesting to see what the ongoing separate Greater Merseyside Overview Study (the findings of which will be reported to Members when completed later in the year), will say about Sefton's housing market and how it links to neighbouring local authority areas. It follows that the key findings from both these studies will need to be taken careful account of as we take forward the housing elements of our Core Strategy.
- 4.7 To conclude, the findings of this further research adds to the portfolio of robust evidence that we have assembled on housing matters in Sefton (including the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment, Strategic Housing Market Assessment and the Informed Assessment of the Economic Viability of

Affordable Housing). All this evidence will be vital to taking forward key housing and affordable housing policies through the Core Strategy process.

#### **RECOMMENDATION(S):**

That:

#### In terms of the two further studies:

- (i) Planning Committee and Cabinet Member Regeneration note the key findings of the Strategic Housing Market Assessment Technical Note and the Housing Search and Expectations Study and recommend that Cabinet endorses them to inform the emerging Core Strategy process;
- (ii) Subject to (iii) below, Planning Committee adopts the key findings of the Strategic Housing Market Assessment Technical Note and the Housing Search and Expectations Study and uses them to inform the emerging Core Strategy Process; and
- (iii) Cabinet approves the key findings of the Strategic Housing Market Assessment Technical Note and the Housing Search and Expectations Study to inform the emerging Core Strategy Process.

#### In terms of amending the Council's current affordable housing negotiating position:

- (i) Planning Committee and Cabinet Member Regeneration, following the advice in Strategic Housing Market Assessment Technical Note, recommend that Cabinet endorses the relaxation of any S106 affordable housing requirement for Bootle with immediate effect.
- (ii) Cabinet agrees the relaxation of any S106 affordable housing requirement for Bootle with immediate effect.

Committee: Planning Committee

Cabinet

Date of Meeting: 15<sup>th</sup> September, 2010

30<sup>th</sup> September, 2010

Title of Report: The Green Belt Study

Report of: Andy Wallis

**Planning and Economic Development Director** 

Contact Officer: Ingrid Berry Telephone 0151 934 3556

| This report contains  | Yes      | No       |
|---|----------|----------|
| Confidential information  |          | <b>√</b> |
| Exempt information by virtue of paragraph(s) of Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act 1972. (If information is marked exempt, the Public Interest Test must be applied and favour the exclusion of the information from the press and public). |          | <b>✓</b> |
| Is the decision on this report DELEGATED?   | <b>✓</b> |          |

#### **Purpose of Report:**

To inform Members about the findings of the draft Green Belt Study, the outcomes of which will be incorporated into the Preferred Options stage of the emerging Core Strategy. The results of the draft Study will be consulted on later this year, at the same time as the Preferred Options stage of the Core Strategy.

#### Recommendation(s):

- 1. That Planning Committee:
- (1) delegates to the Planning and Economic Development Director the authority to make necessary changes to the draft Study resulting from consultation with Counsel and as a result of the draft Study's validation by Envision, the consultants appointed to carry out this role
- (2) notes the contents of the report, including the implications relating to how Sefton's future housing and employment land requirements may be met to 2031; and
- (3) requests Cabinet to adopt the draft Green Belt Study and Detailed Boundary Review for consultation purposes.

#### 2. That Cabinet:

- (1) notes the implications of the Study in relation to potential future development in Sefton. These will be set out in the Preferred Options paper which will be the subject of a further report in the October cycle: and
- (2) adopts the draft Study and Detailed Boundary Review for consultation purposes.

#### **Corporate Objective Monitoring**

| Co | Corporate Objective                         |           | Impact  |          |  |
|----|---|-----------|---------|----------|--|
|    | rporate Objective                           | Positive  | Neutral | Negative |  |
| 1  | Creating A Learning Community               |           | V       |          |  |
| 2  | Creating Safe Communities                   |           |         |          |  |
| 3  | Jobs & Prosperity                           | $\sqrt{}$ |         |          |  |
| 4  | Improving Health & Well Being               |           |         |          |  |
| 5  | Environmental Sustainability                |           |         |          |  |
| 6  | Creating Inclusive Communities              |           | V       |          |  |
| 7  | Improving The Quality Of Council Services & |           | V       |          |  |
|    | Strengthening Local Democracy               |           |         |          |  |
| 8  | Children & Young People                     |           |         |          |  |

#### **Financial Implications**

In December 2009, Members were informed that the estimated costs of carrying out Sefton's share of this study would be in the region of £30,000 (£60,000 including Knowsley Council). The combined cost of carrying out the Study is now expected to be £39,840 of which Sefton's share is £19,920 with the balance being met by Knowsley Council. This does not include any costs which may be incurred should the consultants be required to attend any relevant sessions of the Examination in Public of the Core Strategy in 2012, which would be charged at the current day rates. Sefton's share of the above costs will be met out of the Local Plans Budget held by Planning (£27,400).

| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                                | 2010/<br>2011<br>£ | 2011/<br>2012<br>£ | 2012/<br>2013<br>£ | 2013/<br>2014<br>£ |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gross Increase in Capital Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton Capital Resources                           |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Specific Capital Resources                         |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| REVENUE IMPLICATIONS                               |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Gross Increase in Revenue Expenditure              |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded by:   |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Sefton funded Resources                            |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Funded from External Resources                     |                    |                    |                    |                    |
| Does the External Funding have an expiry date? Y/N | When?              |                    |                    |                    |
| How will the service be funded post expiry?        |                    |                    |                    |                    |

#### **Departments consulted in the preparation of this Report**

The Finance and Information Services Director has been consulted and has no comments on the previous reports relating to this Study. (Ref. No. FD 197, FD 262 & FD 358).

FD 493 - The Interim Head of Corporate Finance & Information Services has been consulted and his comments have been incorporated into this report.

The appointment of consultants to validate the Study was approved by the Vacancy Management Panel on 13<sup>th</sup> January 2010.

## List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

Reports to Planning Committee in October & December 2009 referred to the need to carry out the Green Belt Study & set out the draft methodology, whilst the report to Planning Committee in April 2010 related to the appointment of consultants to validate the Study.

#### 1. Background

- 1.1 In October 2009, Planning Committee considered a report which set out what the Council needed to do in order to meet its future housing and employment needs for the whole of the period to be covered by the Core Strategy. At the time those needs were established by the Regional Strategy which has now been revoked. There is nonetheless a need to build more homes because although the population is forecast to remain roughly the same as now, and may indeed decline in some areas, the underlying trend is for household growth which generates a need for more new homes. Similarly, there is a need to provide additional employment land to allow existing employers to grow, and to cater for changing employment requirements in the future in order to enable the economy of the district to continue to flourish.
- 1.2 Based on the evidence behind our housing requirement set out in the (revoked) Regional Strategy, current projections indicate that we should build on average 500 new homes each year. Over the plan period (to 2027) this would equate to a need for about 9,500 new homes from a base date of 2008). The conclusions of the housing and employment land supply studies were that on this basis the district could only meet about half of our future housing requirements from land in the urban area. Even if the household projection figure is revised in the future, there will still be a requirement for land outside of the urban area, unless household and economic growth were to be constrained.
- 1.3 There was also an identified need for a successor site to the Southport Business Park to be provided after about 2018. Again, it is not anticipated that this site could be accommodated in the built up area due to a lack of suitable undeveloped land of the requisite size.
- 1.4 Members were informed that, having investigated all options in the urban area and those of our neighbouring authorities (by means of the 'Overview' Study which is nearing completion), it was probable that we would need to identify 'broad locations' that indicate where development might occur in the latter part of the period covered by our Core Strategy (to 2027). This is necessary if we are to produce a 'sound' Core Strategy. If the release of Green Belt is proposed, the plan should look even further into the future (to at least 2031).
- 1.5 However, the need to carry out a Study did not mean that land would be necessarily be released from the Green Belt, except if the Core Strategy determined that this was the most appropriate location to meet identified local needs. The Study would identify 'broad locations' where development could take place if required. The Core Strategy would also include a policy which sets out where and when land in the Green Belt could be released to meet locally generated needs.
- 1.6 The only exception to this would be a small number of minor adjustments around the edge of the built-up area, to correct anomalies arising from when the Green Belt was first identified in 1983, or as a result of subsequent development. These are identified in a 'detailed boundary review'. It is

intended that the Review's on detailed boundary changes recommendations would only be capable of being implemented through the LDF process – in this case when the Site Allocations DPD is prepared following the Core Strategy.

- 1.7 A further report in December 2009 outlined the timescale and proposed methodology for carrying out the Study, and the intention to consult on the draft results.
- 1.8 The Green Belt Study was undertaken in house by members of the Planning Department. However, in order to ensure that a robust study was produced that would withstand the inevitable and determined scrutiny by a wide range of interests, Envision (independent consultants) were appointed in March 2010 to validate the Study. Members were informed of this appointment in April.
- 1.9 The December report also noted that Knowsley & West Lancashire would also be carrying out an identical study in the same timescale, but that whilst Knowsley's Study would also be assessed by Envision, Lancashire County Council would be validating West Lancashire's Study. Whilst Knowsley has carried out its Study in parallel to Sefton, progress in West Lancashire has not dovetailed as well. As a result it is possible that there may be inconsistencies both in the way its Study was carried out, the weight given to different factors to reflect local priorities, and in the recommendations emerging from their external assessment. However, the crucial aspect is that it has been carried out using the same methodology.
- 1.10 The Study has now been completed, and has been validated by Envision.
- 1.11 A sample of the areas assessed were visited by Planning Committee on 16<sup>th</sup> August, as part of their regular schedule of visits, to help familiarise Members with some of the issues and the areas of land both where development could be accommodated, and where it should not take place because of constraints or other factors.
- 1.12 A workshop was also held for Planning Committee Members and substitutes on 25<sup>th</sup> August, to explain the methodology and draft results in some detail, as well as how this would link into the preparation of the Core Strategy's Preferred Options, which are due to be considered by Members in October.

#### 2. The Study methodology

2.1 Whilst the Study largely followed the draft methodology reported to Planning Committee in December, a number of changes inevitably arose during the carrying out of the Study. This was because we could not identify any Study that had been carried out that exactly matched our needs, so the methodology was based on an amalgam of several studies, tailored to suit Sefton's, Knowsley's & West Lancashire's specific needs. Some of the changes arose as a result of workshops facilitated by the consultants as part of the validation process, and some were as a result of Envision challenging our assumptions throughout the preparation of each stage of the Study.

- 2.2 However, the most significant changes resulted from the decision of the Coalition Government to revoke the Regional Strategy in July 2010. This has had a major impact on the final stage of the study. This was because the proposals outlined in the methodology for identifying non-strategic Green Belt, which could be released through the Core Strategy & Site Allocations DPD, no longer applied. As this concept did not replicate national planning policy guidance contained in PPG2, there was no longer a need to identify such land in the Study.
- 2.3 Progress on the preparation of the Core Strategy has also not proceeded as quickly as was anticipated. In part this has been determined by the need for more evidence to support the Plans' strategy (and in particular the 'Overview' Study which seeks to determine whether any of our neighbours can meet any of our anticipated unmet needs), but also as a result of having to address changes to the national planning policy approach. Specifically, it has been necessary to decide how the Council should respond to the revocation of the Regional Strategy in July.
- 2.4 Because we were unable to define what impact development in any area might have on future regeneration schemes and initiatives, this has meant that we have not attempted to include any triggers or mechanisms in the Green Belt Study about when and where land in the Green Belt may be required. However this will be included in the Core Strategy.
- 2.5 The delay in preparing the Core Strategy has also meant that the relationship with the Study has also changed. As no decisions have yet been taken about the appropriate amount of development that would be required to meet locally arising needs in both the main and smaller settlements, the location and indicative capacity of the areas not discarded at the end of the Study is unlikely to correlate exactly with where the Core Strategy prescribes that development should take place. For example, considerable capacity has been identified around some of the villages, but the Core Strategy may very well decide that these are not suitable places for growth, or that the scale of development that could be accommodated would be out of proportion to the current size of the village, and would adversely impact on its character.
- 2.6 This has also meant that the Study has had to rely on the results of the other background studies in deciding whether any area should be developed for housing (the over-riding need as identified in the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA)), or employment (to meet post 2020 needs in the north of Sefton identified in the Employment Land & Premises Study (ELPS)). The need for other uses will be dependent on the scale and location of new development so cannot be assessed at this time.
- 2.7 Notwithstanding these changes, it is still considered that the methodology could be used by the other Merseyside authorities if they need to review their Green Belt boundaries in the future, and to inform any sub-regional Study to determine where strategic Green Belt release should take place in the future.

- 2.8 As set out in the draft methodology and the report to December's Planning Committee, the Study was carried out in 4 stages. The overall methodology and the individual stages have each been validated by Envision. The stages were:
  - Stage One –Identification of parcels (small areas) for analysis at the subsequent stages of the Study
  - Stage Two Testing against the 5 purposes of including land in the Green Belt as set out in PPG2 (the Government's guidance on Green Belts)
  - Stage Three Assessment against identified constraints and development opportunities
  - Stage Four Assessment of capacity & establishment of triggers for future release
- 2.8 As set out in the methodology, a number of parcels were discarded at the end of each Stage, and were not assessed at subsequent stages. However, where a parcel was not discarded, this did not necessarily mean that the whole of the parcel would be suitable for development. Decisions on the scope of development that could take place were based on the relationship of the parcel with the urban area, the extent of any constraints such as land subject to higher flood risk or international or national nature conservation designations, or whether there were any natural or strong physical boundaries that would contain the extent of any development within a parcel.
- 2.9 Decisions were not taken on whether the resultant capacity from any parcel, individually or collectively, was appropriate for any adjacent settlement. It is the role of the Core Strategy to determine each settlement's future place in the settlement hierarchy, and hence what would be an appropriate level of growth.

#### 3. The draft results

- 3.1 The Study identified approximately 375 hectares of land in the Green Belt as having potential for meeting future housing and employment needs. This represents about 4.75% of the total Green Belt in Sefton. This could accommodate over 10,000 homes and over 25 hectares of potential employment land. This is more than is required to meet our needs for the plan period (see paragraphs 1.2 1.4 above). After all land in the urban areas identified in the urban areas has been developed, there is an unidentified need for about 6,250 homes and 20 hectares of employment land to be accommodated outside the urban area.
- 3.2 This potential excess is important for three reasons.
- 3.3 Firstly, as no contact has taken place with any landowner, it is not known what the owners' intentions will be, or what impact the proposal will have on farm

viability. We are aware that some landowners have already been contacted by developers, but we also know, through consultation on the SHLAA and other contact, that other landowners have no intention whatsoever of letting their land be developed.

- 3.4 Secondly, no decisions have been taken yet through the Core Strategy process about where development should take place, or indeed, whether the aspiration to meet locally generated needs in the local area is feasible. For example, the potential adjacent to Southport is severely restrained because the town already occupies most of the space between the coast and the boundary with West Lancashire, and most of the undeveloped land in the Green Belt is constrained to various degrees. In Bootle & South Sefton, there is similarly nowhere for future development to take place without compromising one of the 5 purposes of national Green Belt policy that of preventing settlements from merging, which could be the case if Netherton was allowed to expand across the Northern Perimeter Road towards Sefton village and Maghull.
- 3.5 Thirdly, some of the areas identified are in an existing use, or may be affected by physical and other constraints eg land which has a higher risk of flooding. There are also areas in the Green Belt which are in use as parks and other open space, including school playing fields, or as cemeteries or waste water treatment works. Although some of this land is 'developed', the uses they are in are nevertheless appropriate in the Green Belt, as they have little impact on it overall openness. If development were to take place on these areas, then alternative provision would need to be made in the local vicinity. This will not always be possible. If the use cannot be relocated, then it is likely that any development potential will not be able to be realised.
- 3.6 Other land may have been tipped, or could be in Flood Zones 3a or 2 and thus should not be developed unless no land with a lower flood risk is unavailable. Land has also been identified which is classified as being the best & most versatile agricultural land (grades 1 3a) or as a Local Wildlife Site (Site of Local Biodiversity (SLBI)). The Core Strategy will need to determine what importance should be given to these attributes, as they were not identified as prohibitive constraints during the assessment at Stage 3 of the methodology (see paragraph 2.6 above).
- 3.7 If all the areas such as these were excluded, then not only would insufficient land would be identified to meet our future needs, but also there would be no flexibility about where development could take place. This may mean that development would be concentrated in the least constrained parts of the Borough, with less in the more constrained parts. However, such an approach would also mean that locally generated needs could not be met locally, because of the different factors affecting the west and the east of Sefton.
- 3.8 The following table sets out the maximum capacity for each settlement, assuming that many free-standing existing uses can be relocated. In some case, only part of a use is in the Green Belt with the remainder in the urban area (often designated as urban greenspace), it is assumed that re-location is

not an option. These are usually playing fields and recreational uses, both publicly and privately owned.

- 3.9 Residential capacities have been calculated on the following basis:
  - Where the developable area is less than 0.4 hectares, the site could be fully developed;
  - Where the developable area is between 0.4 2 hectares, 10% of the site should not be developed to accommodate other uses including open space and any requirements for buffer planting;
  - Where the developable area is between 2 5 hectares, only 75% of the area should be developed;
  - Where the developable area is over 5 hectares in size, only 50% of the area should be developed.

This allows for other uses such as open space, schools, shops and other services that may be needed to be located within any very large sites.

3.10 For all sites, an average density of 30 homes per hectares has been used, although it is acknowledged that any area could be developed at higher or lower densities.

| Settlement            | Preferred use | Capacity from less constrained sites | Capacity from more constrained sites |
|-----------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Southport             | Housing       | 1219                                 | 696                                  |
|                       | Employment    | 26. 7 hectares                       | 0                                    |
| Formby                | Housing       | 1439                                 | 133                                  |
| Hightown              | Housing       | 522                                  | 154                                  |
| Ince Blundell         | Housing       | 0                                    | 491                                  |
| Crosby                | Housing       | 1006                                 | 305                                  |
| Maghull &<br>Lydiate  | Housing       | 229                                  | 2967                                 |
| Aintree               | Housing       | 381                                  | 0                                    |
| Melling &<br>Waddicar | Housing       | 0                                    | 872                                  |
| Bootle &<br>Netherton | Housing       | 0                                    | 0                                    |
| TOTAL                 |               | 4796                                 | 5618                                 |

- 3.10 The table shows that approximately 4,800 new homes could be built on the less constrained areas on the edge of settlements, with a maximum of an additional 5,600 homes built if some compromises are made in respect of the constraints affecting these areas. This may be different in the various parts of Sefton, depending on the extent of any unmet needs in each area.
- 3.11 The draft SHLAA (reported to Planning Committee last September) identified

a yield of 4,399 homes in the urban area. The SHLAA figure is currently being updated and will be reported to Planning Committee in the near future, but even so there is still likely to be a gap between how much housing can be accommodated in the urban area, and what is required to meet Sefton's needs. This leaves an outstanding unidentified need for a further 6,371 homes if we are to build 500 additional homes a year to meet projected household growth.

#### 4. Next Steps

- 4.1 Consultation on the draft results will take place later in the year, at the same time as consultation on the Core Strategy's Preferred Options. This will mean that people are able to see the results of the Green Belt Study in context, and see how its findings have informed the preparation of the Preferred Options. As well as the Study itself, individual sheets will be provided for each parcel of land showing how they were assessed at each stage of the Study, or at which stage they were discarded, with the reasons why. We will also be consulting on the Detailed Boundary Review (see paragraph 1.4) at the same time, although the recommendations from this Review will not be taken forward till we prepare the Site Allocations DPD, which is where changes to the UDP Proposals Map will be made.
- 4.2 The Green Belt Study, like the other studies that have been completed, will feed into the option development stage of the Core Strategy preparation. This will determine the role of each settlement over the next 15 20 years. It will also include how many homes and how much employment land is required in each part of Sefton to meet our needs. We will consult on the options this later this year.
- 4.3 The Core Strategy will contain a spatial strategy that sets out the settlement hierarchy. This will indicate what the role of each place should be in the future and what level of growth each settlement should accommodate. This will also establish what the appropriate level of growth for the smaller settlements is, if any. Whilst it is anticipated that as much investment as possible will continue to be directed to the urban areas of Southport and the south Sefton area, as indicated in paragraph 3.4 above there is very limited scope to develop in both of these areas once the supply in the urban area has been exhausted.
- 4.4 The Core Strategy will also have to re-consider the role of the smaller settlements and villages. At present only Hightown and Sefton are identified as 'inset' villages in the UDP, which means that the village is considered for limited development or limited expansion. All the other villages are 'washed over' by the Green Belt, which means that no new development should be permitted. We do not have any villages where infill is permitted. Such decisions, which will be subject to public consultation as part of the preparation of the Core Strategy, will determine whether any village should be identified as an area where growth should take place, notwithstanding whether this Green Belt Study has identified any potential for expansion.
- 4.5 The Study identified a number of prohibitive constraints where development

should not take place, and a number of other constraints where decisions would need to be taken as part of the Core Strategy preparation process about the relative weight to be given to each. This may vary across the Borough, depending on the need for land to meet each settlement's requirements.

4.6 The Core Strategy will also need to include a 'trigger' mechanism that will ensure that land in the Green Belt is only released when it is needed, and to meet specific, identified needs. Land in the urban area should be developed first. The 'Overview Study', which is nearing completion, will help to inform what the cross-boundary implications of development will be, and what scope there is for one authority to meet any of a neighbouring authority's needs. This should also be fully explored before any land in the Green Belt is released. The policy will also need to ensure that development in the Green Belt does not have an adverse impact on any regeneration proposals and initiatives that are in place when land is proposed for release.

### 5. Conclusions

5.1 The Green Belt Study has identified areas where development might and should not take place. This will be used to inform the preparation of the Core Strategy Options about where and how our future needs could be met. It does not imply that any land identified in the Study as having potential will ever be developed.

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Committee: Planning Committee

Date Of Meeting: 15<sup>TH</sup> September 2010

Title of Report: Safeguarding Employment Land Supplementary Planning

**Document – Draft for Public and Stakeholder Consultation** 

Report of: Andy Wallis

**Planning and Economic Development Director** 

Contact Officers: Alan Young Telephone 0151 934 3551

| This report contains  | Yes      | No |
|---|----------|----|
| Confidential information  |          | ✓  |
| Exempt information by virtue of paragraph(s) of Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act 1972 |          | ✓  |
| Is the decision on this report DELEGATED?   | <b>✓</b> |    |

### **Purpose of Report:**

To seek Member approval to take the draft 'Safeguarding Employment Land' Supplementary Planning Document out to public and stakeholder consultation. If adopted (following the public and stakeholder consultation), this Document would form the basis for determining relevant planning applications in the Borough.

### Recommendation(s):

It is recommended that Planning Committee:

- (i) Approve the draft document for public and stakeholder consultation, subject to any further comments or amendments that Members may wish to suggest.
- (ii) Agree to receive a further report on the outcome of the public and stakeholder consultation and a suggested way forward to secure its adoption as an SPD.

### **Corporate Objective Monitoring**

| Co | Corporate Objective                         |   | Impact  |          |  |
|----|---|---|---------|----------|--|
|    |   |   | Neutral | Negative |  |
| 1  | Creating A Learning Community               |   | ✓       |          |  |
| 2  | Creating Safe Communities                   |   | ✓       |          |  |
| 3  | Jobs & Prosperity                           | ✓ |         |          |  |
| 4  | Improving Health & Well Being               |   | ✓       |          |  |
| 5  | Environmental Sustainability                | ✓ |         |          |  |
| 6  | Creating Inclusive Communities              |   | ✓       |          |  |
| 7  | Improving The Quality Of Council Services & |   | ✓       |          |  |
|    | Strengthening Local Democracy               |   |         |          |  |

### **Financial Implications**

There are no direct financial implications arising from this report.

### Departments consulted in the preparation of this Report

None.

# List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

'Safeguarding Employment Land Supplementary Planning Document'

'Planning Policy Statement 4: Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth', December 2009

'Joint Employment Land & Premises Study', January 2010

'Sefton Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment', February 2010

### Safeguarding Employment Land Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) – Draft for Public and Stakeholder Consultation

### 1. Background & Introduction

- 1.1 The draft Safeguarding Employment Land SPD has been prepared in order to support the Council's planning policies on the retention of employment land. It is intended to clarify existing policy provided in the Council's Unitary Development Plan (UDP), and also build upon recommendations made in the recent Employment Land & Premises Study.
- 1.2 Planning policy in this area is currently set out in UDP Policy EDT 18. This Policy states:

#### POLICY EDT18 RETENTION OF LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES

- 1. Proposals for non-employment uses which involve the loss of land and/or buildings which are either currently used for or were last used for industrial, business, office or other employment uses, will only be permitted where it can be demonstrated that the proposal:
  - a) would not result in the loss of employment or buildings of a type for which there are insufficient alternatives available locally; or
  - b) would fully compensate for the permanent loss of the site for employment generating uses, or
  - c) would replace an employment use that is seriously detrimental to local amenity and the local environment
- 2. Planning conditions or legal agreements will be used to ensure the above is achieved.
- 1.3 If adopted, the SPD would provide a clear framework for assessing planning applications against this existing policy. The SPD would apply to all proposals for housing and other non-employment development on sites currently or last in employment use.
- 1.4 Importantly, the SPD not apply to the major industrial estates in the Borough, such as those along the Dunnings Bridge Road Corridor, adjacent to the Port, or at Crowland Street in Southport, which are restricted to employment uses by relevant UDP policies. Instead, the SPD would only apply to smaller employment sites outside of formal 'Primarily Industrial Areas' (as identified on the UDP Proposals Map), which are often in predominantly residential areas. The majority of these sites are located in Southport (including the numerous 'backland' sites) although the guidance would also affect sites in South Sefton such as the Sandy Road Industrial Estate in Seaforth, and Musker Street in Crosby.
- 1.5 The SPD would also look to reconcile conflicting messages emerging from recent studies the Council has commissioned relating to housing land and employment land supply. The findings from these studies are explored in paragraphs 3.2 3.5 and 3.10 3.11 below.

### 2. Key Provisions within the Draft SPD

- 2.1 This section of the report provides a summary of the key points contained within the draft SPD. A full version of the draft SPD is appended.
- 2.2 The draft SPD states that the Council's starting point will be to seek to retain all employment sites in continued employment use. There would be a presumption against the redevelopment of these sites to housing and other non-employment uses.
- 2.3 Additionally, 16 criteria are set out that can be used to justify an exception to the Council's position. Where one or more of these criteria can be satisfactorily demonstrated, then non-employment uses will be considered. The criteria are summarised as follows:
  - Lack of demand for employment uses; as demonstrated by a marketing exercise.
  - Long-term vacancy; continuous vacancy for a minimum of 5 years.
  - Overriding residential amenity considerations; substantiated by a history of complaints to the Council's Environmental Protection Team.
  - Overriding highways considerations; applicable to sites that cause unacceptable HGV movements, highways safety issues, localised congestion or parking problems.
  - **Proposals for affordable housing**; proposals for 100% affordable housing will be acceptable in principle. Proposals for a higher level of affordable housing than currently required by policy given additional weight.
  - **Sites below 0.1 hectares**; exempt from the provisions of the SPD. Alternative uses acceptable in principle.
  - Overriding regeneration considerations; sites supported through the HMRI process or other major regeneration schemes.
  - Relocation of businesses within Sefton; businesses looking to expand / modernise will be permitted to dispose of their previous premises for non employment uses.
  - **Proposals for mixed-use development**; schemes that provide a modern employment use alongside other uses potentially acceptable.
  - Frontages that form a functional part of a town or local centre; change of use to appropriate town centre uses (retail etc) permitted.
  - Proposals that involve the preservation / restoration of historic buildings; non-employment uses permitted where this would enable the preservation / restoration of historic buildings.
  - Sites considered unsuitable for employment use in Sefton's Employment Land & Premises Study; this applies to a small number of sites contained at appendix 36 of the Employment Land & Premises Study.

- **Proposals for economic development uses**; proposals for a wider range of employment generating usually acceptable, excluding retail uses.
- Larger sites with very low employment outputs; sites above 0.4 hectares that provide fewer than 10 jobs.
- Re-conversion of former houses; will be allowed to revert to residential use.
- Employment uses that share a significant party wall with an existing dwelling; non-employment uses permitted to ensure residential amenity is preserved.
- 2.4 Additionally, the SPD applies a stronger protection to employment sites in North Sefton to reflect the greater shortage of employment land in Southport and Formby. A greater degree of flexibility will be permitted to proposals in South Sefton.
- 2.5 Overall, the draft SPD aims to be pragmatic and flexible whilst still affording protection to the most important employment sites. The 16 criteria listed above provide a range of exceptions that will allow for suitable redevelopment to take place. The SPD also looks to encourage 'win win' situations where affordable housing or mixed-use schemes can be secured.

### 3. Rationale Behind the SPD

3.1 In addition to the need to clarify established policy, this section of the report sets out the rationale for introducing the planning guidance.

### (i) Findings of the Employment Land & Premises Study

- 3.2 Sefton has recently published an Employment Land & Premises Study, which was carried out jointly with Halton, Knowsley, and West Lancashire Councils. The Study was produced on the Councils' behalf by specialist consultancy BE Group who have a history of working on projects in Sefton, including the Southport Commerce Park Study (published in 2005).
- 3.3 This Study provides a comprehensive assessment of employment land supply in Sefton, including a review of each industrial estate and business park in the Borough. The Study found that Sefton has an overall shortfall of employment land to meet the Borough's long-term economic needs. In this respect, the Study recommended that Sefton should resist any loss of the Borough's Primarily Industrial Areas to other uses. Para 11.67 of the study states:
  - "As a consequence of the limited land availability within the borough, Sefton needs to take a robust stance to the protection of existing employment site and premises, even where individually these may represent small opportunities. Against this background, the assessment of the SHLAA in terms of residential potential associated with employment sites and employment areas is very limited."
- 3.4 Additionally, the Study identified a more acute shortage of employment land / premises in North Sefton than in South Sefton. Para 12.70 of the Study states:

"The North Sefton area is characterised by a shortage of employment land and premises. One feature of existing provision is the 'backland' sites associated with

residential areas in Southport, and particularly East Birkdale. Although individually small, collectively they provide a resource that Sefton Council should through its planning policy, presume be retained."

In light of this shortage, para 12.44 recommends that:

"Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council strongly protect the existing employment land and premises resource, particularly in North Sefton where the shortages are most acute."

3.5 Whilst the shortage of employment land in South Sefton is less severe, the Study recommended that employment land should still be protected in order to support the needs of the local economy.

#### (ii) Contribution to the Local Economy

#### North Sefton

- 3.6 In North Sefton, the 'backland' and other small-scale employment sites make an important contribution to the local economy. Southport clearly lacks the industrial estates and business parks that exist in other nearby towns of comparable size, and only 24% of the industrial areas in Sefton are in Southport and Formby (which account for 41.5% of the Borough's population). Additionally, of the 16.6 hectares (ha) of employment land available for development in Southport, 13.2 ha is located at Southport Business Park and is therefore reserved for high quality B1 uses (offices, research & development, etc) only. There are also no obvious new sites to allocate for employment development in the area. The 'backland' sites therefore perform an important role in the local economy, and are an important resource for local businesses.
- 3.7 According to the 2001 Census, 63.9% of Southport's working population are employed in Southport. Just over a third of Southport residents commute to other areas, with Liverpool, West Lancashire and the rest of Sefton the most prominent destinations. A full breakdown is provided below:

Commuting Patterns in Southport

| Destination              | Number of Residents | Percentage of total |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Southport / Ainsdale     | 24,434              | 63.9%               |
| Rest of Sefton           | 3,347               | 8.8%                |
| Liverpool                | 3,234               | 8.5%                |
| West Lancashire          | 2,301               | 6.0%                |
| Preston                  | 629                 | 1.6%                |
| Other                    | 4,264               | 11.2%               |
| Total working population | 38,209              | 100%                |

Source: 2001 Census

3.8 Given the high proportion of people who live and work in Southport, a reduction in the number of employment sites could potentially increase the rate of out-commuting, leading to higher local congestion and emissions. The 'backland' and other small-scale employment sites therefore help to contribute to sustainable communities in North Sefton. They provide jobs and services to local residents, helping to reduce the need to travel, and also ensure a presence during the daytime when most people are at work, which helps to reduce opportunities for crime.

### South Sefton

- 3.9 The pattern of employment provision in South Sefton is very different to North Sefton, and the majority of employment land is focused in dedicated industrial estates and business parks, such as those located along Dunnings Bridge Road. As stated above this SPD would not apply to these sites, which are within 'Primarily Industrial Areas' in Sefton's UDP. Additionally, the supply of employment land is considerably greater in South Sefton, which accommodates 76% off the Borough's employment areas.
- 3.10 Given the less constrained employment land supply this SPD applies a greater degree of flexibility to proposals in South Sefton. However, in a number of locations fairly substantial industrial estates fall outside of formal 'Primarily Industrial Areas' and would therefore be subject to the provisions of this SPD. These and other sites also provide local employment opportunities to often deprived communities, and in some instances accommodate fairly significant numbers of jobs.

### (iii) Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA)

- 3.11 Sefton has also recently published a Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA) that was undertaken on the Council's behalf by consultants WYG. The SHLAA was carried out to assess how much land is potentially available for housing development in the urban areas of Sefton. This Study provides the basis for our understanding of housing land supply in the Borough.
- 3.12 The SHLAA identified a number of employment sites as being potentially suitable for housing. These sites were located throughout Sefton. This SPD has, in part, been prompted by the need to resolve the apparent tensions between the findings of the Borough's employment land and housing land studies.

#### (iv) Potential Contribution to housing supply

- 3.13 The draft SPD aims to provide a level of protection to small-scale employment sites in order to support the needs of the local economy. However, if the Council were to take a different approach and encourage residential development, then these sites could make a contribution to housing provision in the Borough. Whilst it is emphasised to Members that this is not the recommended approach, the potential housing contribution from these sites is provided below for illustrative purposes.
- 3.14 137 backland and other small-scale employment sites were assessed through the SHLAA, accounting for a significant proportion of these sites (including nearly all of larger sites). The table below indicates how many houses could potentially be delivered, assuming a 'best case scenario' of 50% of identified SHLAA sites coming forward for housing. It should be noted that this high proportion is optimistic (many of the sites suffer from access problems, contamination, multiple ownerships, do not meet interface distances, or accommodate operational businesses etc), and is provided for indicative purposes only:

|              | No. of<br>SHLAA<br>sites | Total area of SHLAA sites | Potential dwellings<br>(50% of sites at 30<br>dwellings per hectare) |
|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| North Sefton | 83                       | 17.00 ha                  | 255  |
| South Sefton | 53                       | 18.35 ha                  | 275  |
| Total        | 136                      | 35.35                     | 530  |

3.15 As can be seen, these sites would contribute only some 530 dwellings to our housing supply, despite assuming a 'best case scenario' level of development. This would account for just over 1 years supply of land when set against the annual housing target of 500 dwellings per annum. Our view is that this would represent a poor return for the loss of an important local economic resource. Additionally, it should be noted that given the flexible and pragmatic nature of the draft SPD, a proportion of these sites will come forward for development in any event.

#### 4. Director's Comments

- 4.1 The draft 'Safeguarding Employment Land' SPD will provide a clear and transparent framework for assessing proposals to redevelop employment sites. If adopted, it would offer a level of protection to employment land that would help to support both local jobs and the local economy. Whilst the general thrust of the guidance is geared towards retaining employment sites, the SPD contains a number of exceptions that would allow a flexible approach to the release less important sites. In this respect, potential 'win win' situations involving affordable housing schemes or mixed-use development are encouraged. In addition, the guidance will not prevent local businesses from expanding or modernising.
- 4.2 Given the overall shortfall of employment land in the Borough, this guidance would help to ensure that local businesses and jobs are retained. This will be particularly important in North Sefton where there is a severe under supply of employment land, with very few formal industrial estates available.
- 4.3 Members are urged to support this policy so that we can proceed to public and stakeholder consultation. Any Member comments or suggested amends would be gratefully received, and will help to inform a final consultation draft.

#### Recommendation(s):

It is recommended that Planning Committee:

- (i) Approve the draft document for public and stakeholder consultation, subject to any further comments or amendments that Members may wish to suggest.
- (ii) Agree to receive a further report on the outcome of the public and stakeholder consultation and a suggested way forward to secure its adoption as an SPD.

Annex 1



**Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council** 

# Safeguarding Employment Land Supplementary Planning Document

**Draft for Public and Stakeholder Consultation** 

### **Safeguarding Employment Land Supplementary Planning Document**

- 1 Background and introduction
- 2 Considerations that will apply to all Proposals
- 3 Additional Criteria Applicable to Proposals in North Sefton
- 4 Additional Criteria Applicable to Proposals in South Sefton
- 5 Marketing criteria
- 6 Background Documents
- 7 Relevant Contacts

Appendix 1 – Sustainability Appraisal

### 1 Background and Introduction

#### Introduction

- 1.1 This Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) is intended to support the Council's planning policies on the retention of employment land. It provides further clarification on Unitary Development Plan 2006 (UDP) Policy EDT18 'Retention of Local Employment Opportunities', and also builds upon the recommendations from the Joint Employment Land & Premises Study (February 2010).
- 1.2 This SPD sets out the criteria that will be applied to planning applications for non-employment development on sites currently or last in employment use. It applies only to sites that are not within Primarily Industrial Areas or other formal employment areas identified on Sefton's adopted Proposals Map<sup>1</sup>.
- 1.3 For the purposes of this guidance, 'employment uses' are considered to be those within use classes B1 office development, B2 General Industrial, B8 Storage and distribution, and relevant Sui Generis uses<sup>2</sup>. Whilst it is recognised that Planning Policy Statement 4 uses the slightly wider definition of 'economic development', Sefton's employment land evidence base relates solely to employment uses as defined in this way<sup>3</sup>. The SPD therefore uses a definition that is consistent with this evidence, whilst allowing flexibility with regards to wider 'economic development uses' (see paragraphs 2.29 2.30 below).

### **Existing Policy**

1.4 This guidance provides clarification on the requirements of UDP Policy EDT 18 'Retention of Local Employment Opportunities'. The policy states that:

### POLICY EDT18 RETENTION OF LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES

- 3. Proposals for non-employment uses which involve the loss of land and/or buildings which are either currently used for or were last used for industrial, business, office or other employment uses, will only be permitted where it can be demonstrated that the proposal:
  - d) would not result in the loss of employment or buildings of a type for which there are insufficient alternatives available locally; or
  - e) would fully compensate for the permanent loss of the site for employment generating uses, or
  - f) would replace an employment use that is seriously detrimental to local amenity and the local environment
- 4. Planning conditions or legal agreements will be used to ensure the above is

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> I.e. sites not within: Primarily Industrial Areas, Development Sites within Primarily Industrial Areas, the Port and Maritime Zone, The Bootle Office Quarter, Strategic Employment Sites, or the Southport Business Park

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As defined in the Use Classes Order 1987

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This is consistent with the definition of 'employment land' contained in the glossary of the revoked Regional Spatial Strategy for the North West

achieved.

- Sefton's UDP is in the process of being replaced by the Borough's emerging Local 1.5 Development Framework, including the Core Strategy<sup>4</sup>. However, UDP Policy EDT18 is unlikely to be formally replaced until 2013-2014 when a Development Management Development Plan Document is expected to be adopted. This is considered an appropriate timeframe to revisit the SPD and incorporate any updates that may be required.
- 1.6 This guidance is consistent with relevant national and regional guidance. These and other relevant background documents are listed in section 6.

### **Joint Employment Land & Premises Study**

- 1.7 Sefton's Employment Land & Premises Study was published in February 2010. The Study was commissioned jointly with Halton, Knowsley, and West Lancashire Councils, and was carried out by independent consultants BE Group. This SPD has taken into account a number of the recommendations made in the Study.
- 1.8 The Employment Land & Premises Study made a series of recommendations regarding Sefton. One of these recommendations was that Sefton should retain all of its allocated employment development sites, and designated employment areas, to meet future land requirements. Para 11.67 of the study states:

"As a consequence of the limited land availability within the borough, Sefton needs to take a robust stance to the protection of existing employment site and premises, even where individually these may represent small opportunities. Against this background, the assessment of the SHLAA in terms of residential potential associated with employment sites and employment areas is very limited."

Additionally, para 12.44 of the study recommends that:

"None of the borough's allocated or existing employment sites should be considered for alternative uses, despite proposals that may have emerged from the SHLAA"

1.9 There is already a robust policy framework in place to resist non-employment development on allocated or designated employment sites. Given these existing protections, allocated / designated employment sites are not subject to the requirements of this SPD. This SPD applies only to sites outside of formal employment designations / allocations, where under certain circumstances, there may be potential to consider other uses.

### Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA)

Sefton's Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA) was published in February 2010. The Study was commissioned with Knowsley and West Lancashire Councils and was undertaken by consultants WYG. The SHLAA explored how much land is potentially available for housing development in each of the 3 local authority areas, and where and when this could be developed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Forecast at the time of writing to be adopted in late 2012

1.11 The SHLAA identified a number of sites in employment use as being potentially suitable for housing. These sites were located throughout Sefton. This SPD has, in part, been prompted by the need to resolve the apparent tensions between the findings of the Borough's employment land and housing land studies.

#### **Differences between North and South Sefton**

1.12 For the purposes of this SPD, North Sefton comprises the settlements of Southport, Birkdale, Ainsdale and Formby. South Sefton comprises the settlements of Bootle, Litherland, Netherton, Aintree, Seaforth, Waterloo, Crosby, Blundellsands, Thornton, Little Crosby, Hightown, Ince Blundell, Sefton Village, Maghull, Lydiate and Melling. This is illustrated on the map below:

(Insert map showing North and South Sefton)

- 1.13 This SPD applies a number of different criteria to proposals in North and South Sefton. This is reflective of the economic realities in Sefton, in that North and South Sefton are distinct local economies with limited movement of businesses between the two. This distinction has been endorsed by the Employment Land & Premises Study, as well as by previous studies, and has been accepted by Planning Inspectors at public inquiry. Additionally, it is the Council's experience that companies who want to locate in Sefton almost invariably want to locate in either South Sefton or North Sefton but not to both.
- 1.14 The Employment Land & Premises Study identified a more acute shortage of employment land / premises in North Sefton than in South Sefton. Para 12.70 of the Study states:

"The North Sefton area is characterised by a shortage of employment land and premises. One feature of existing provision is the 'backland' sites associated with residential areas in Southport, and particularly East Birkdale. Although individually small, collectively they provide a resource that Sefton Council should through its planning policy, presume be retained."

In light of this shortage, para 12.44 recommends that:

"Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council strongly protect the existing employment land and premises resource, particularly in North Sefton where the shortages are most acute."

- 1.15 The Study also recommends that the shortfall of employment land in North Sefton will necessitate the allocation of major new employment areas in the medium to long term.
- 1.16 Whilst the shortage of employment land in South Sefton is less severe, there is still a need to protect employment land in order to support the local economy.
- 1.17 The distinction between North and South Sefton is given further weight by other planning considerations. In North Sefton for example, there is a greater need for affordable housing. Additionally, South Sefton contains more widespread and higher concentrations of deprivation than North Sefton<sup>5</sup>, and has been subject to large-scale and on-going regeneration initiatives and other interventions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> It should be noted that parts of central and eastern Southport also contain pockets of deprivation

- 1.18 The physical characteristics of employment sites in North and South Sefton are also different in a number of important respects. In the North, and in Southport in particular, a large proportion of the employment sites are small-scale, and in 'backland' locations behind residential properties. In certain Victorian areas of Southport such as East Birkdale, small-scale employment uses are located behind the building line in almost every block. Importantly, there are relatively few industrial estates in North Sefton, and a shortage of available development sites for businesses to relocate to.
- 1.19 In South Sefton, the majority of employment land is focussed in industrial estates and office precincts. Backland sites are much less common and the vast majority of land / premises have a direct frontage onto the highway.

#### **Public Consultation**

1.20 This draft SPD will be subject to a 6-week public consultation during Autumn 2010. Any comments received through the consultation will be taken into account in producing a final version of the SPD. The SPD is likely to be adopted in late 2010.

### 2 Considerations Applicable to all Proposals

- 2.1 Subject to proposals meeting other policy requirements, the following section sets out the Council's approach towards proposals involving the loss of employment land / premises to other uses<sup>6</sup>. Whilst all applications will be assessed on their merits, the Council's starting point will be to seek to retain all suitable employment sites in continued employment usage.
- 2.2 This section sets out the criteria that can be used to justify an exception to the Council's position. Where one or more of these criteria can be satisfactorily demonstrated, then non-employment uses may be considered.
- 2.3 The criteria set out in this section are applicable to all proposals in Sefton. Additional criteria relating to proposals in North Sefton can be found at section 3, and additional criteria relating to proposals in South Sefton can be found at section 4.
- 2.4 The criteria contained in this section are set out in detail below, and are listed under the following headings:
  - Lack of demand for employment uses
  - Long-term vacancy
  - Overriding residential amenity considerations
  - Overriding highways considerations
  - Proposals for affordable housing
  - Sites below 0.1 hectares
  - Overriding regeneration considerations
  - Relocation of businesses within Sefton
  - Proposals for mixed-use development
  - Frontages that form a functional part of a town, district or local centre
  - Proposals that involve the preservation / restoration of historic buildings.
  - Sites considered unsuitable for employment use in Sefton's Employment Land & Premises Study
  - Proposals for economic development uses
  - Larger sites with very low employment outputs
  - Re-conversion of former houses
  - Employment uses that share a significant party wall with an existing dwelling

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> As discussed in Section 1, this SPD does not apply to land or premises that are currently allocated / designated for employment purposes.

#### Lack of demand for employment uses

- 2.5 Non-employment uses will be considered where a developer / prospective applicant can clearly demonstrate that there is a lack of demand for continuing employment uses on the site. In order to satisfactorily demonstrate a lack of demand, developers and prospective applicants will need to demonstrate that a period of active and continuous marketing has taken place. The Council's marketing requirements are set out at section 5 of this SPD.
- 2.6 In assessing a lack of demand for a site, factors such as irregular site shape (which is exceptional in the local context) and abnormal practical constraints will be given due consideration. In certain instances, a marketing exercise will not be required where sites are exceptionally constrained.

### Long-term vacancy

- 2.7 Where it is demonstrated that an employment use has ceased for more than 5 years, alternative uses will normally be positively considered. In these circumstances, applicants will not be required to demonstrate a lack of demand for employment uses on the site through active marketing.
- 2.8 In order to demonstrate a long-term vacancy, developers and prospective applicants must provide clear evidence that the employment use has been extinguished for more than 5 years. This could take the form of business rates or other suitable information which should be submitted alongside any planning application.

### Overriding residential amenity considerations

- 2.9 Non-employment uses will be considered on sites that are deemed to have an unacceptable impact on the residential amenity of neighbouring properties. Where sites have been vacant for less than 5 years this provision would apply to the use that was previously in place.
- 2.10 For an overriding amenity consideration to apply it would need to be clearly demonstrated that residential amenity is being negatively affected by the current use. This will need to be substantiated by evidence, usually in the form of complaints made over a number of years to the Council's Environment Protection Department. Less weight will be attached to complaints where they have been made by only one neighbour, or where no follow up action has been considered necessary by the Council's Environmental Protection Team.
- 2.11 It will not be acceptable to argue that overriding residential amenity considerations apply solely on the basis that a site is in proximity to housing. The vast majority of employment sites in the Borough have been in-place for many years and have not harmed the amenity of neighbouring properties.

#### Overriding highways considerations

2.12 Where it can be satisfactorily demonstrated that an existing employment use

### generates:

- significant highways safety issues, or;
- · significant localised congestion, or;
- significant local parking problems, or;
- unacceptable HGV<sup>7</sup> movements through a residential area;

other uses will be considered favourably where the new use would significantly improve these problems. This would need to be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Council's Highways Development Control section.

### **Proposals For Affordable Housing**

- 2.13 Proposals that include a level of affordable housing above the normal policy requirement will be given additional weight as part of this SPD. Any additional weight will be proportionate to the level of provision secured over and above the current policy requirement, but will need to be carefully balanced against the loss of jobs/employment land. Proposals for 100% affordable housing will usually be considered acceptable in principle.
- 2.14 Affordable housing proposals will be given greater weight in settlements that are identified as having significant local affordable housing needs.
- 2.15 Proposals that include affordable housing should comply with Sefton's affordable housing policies and definitions, which can be viewed on the Council's web-pages at http://www.sefton.gov.uk/shma.

#### Sites below 0.1 hectares

2.16 Employment sites below 0.1 hectares in size will be exempt from the provisions of this SPD. Proposals for non-employment uses on these sites will be considered acceptable in principle.

#### Overriding regeneration considerations

- 2.17 There are a number of major regeneration initiatives that operate within Sefton, including the New Heartlands Housing Market Renewal (HMR) Programme. Proposals that form part of a major regeneration programme or initiative but result in the loss of employment land will usually be considered favourably.
- 2.18 In order to meet this criterion the proposed development would have to be guided by a wider, Council approved, framework or strategy which has the explicit aim of delivering regeneration across a broader area.
- 2.19 It will not be acceptable for a developer or prospective applicant to argue that the replacement of an employment use with housing constitutes regeneration.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Heavy Goods Vehicle

#### Relocation of businesses within Sefton

- 2.20 Proposals that involve the relocation of a business within Sefton will be considered favourably where it can be clearly demonstrated that:
  - The relocation is necessary to expand or modernise the business, and;
  - There are no job losses associated with the relocation, and;
  - The relocation is wholly to land / premises within Sefton, or exceptionally, to neighbouring authorities.
- 2.21 In such circumstances, the Council may need to condition the planning approval to ensure that the relocation is achieved.

### Proposals for mixed-use development

- 2.22 Proposals for mixed use development on employment sites may be acceptable where:
  - A higher quality employment development is secured on a significant proportion of the site (usually at least 50%), or
  - The employment element will accommodate at least an equivalent number of jobs as the current use.
- 2.23 Where mixed use schemes are proposed, these should ensure that the new employment element would not cause amenity issues to neighbouring properties.

#### Frontages that form a functional part of a town or local centre

- 2.24 Where an employment use is located within a town centre, and contains frontages that functionally perform as part of that centre, appropriate town centre uses will be considered at ground floor level. This provision applies to all identified Town Centres, District Centres, and Local Centres in Sefton<sup>8</sup>.
- 2.25 Within shopping parades that are outside of an identified centre, conversions at ground floor level from class B1 to other appropriate town centre uses will be considered.
- 2.26 This provision is intended to support the vitality and viability of existing retail centres and shopping parades through facilitating appropriate town centre development.

### Proposals that involve the preservation / restoration of historic buildings

2.27 Alternative uses may be considered for proposals that secure the preservation or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> As identified under UDP Policy R1

restoration of buildings that contribute to the Borough's heritage. Buildings of heritage value include listed buildings and buildings which positively contribute to the character of a Conservation Area.

### Sites considered unsuitable for employment uses in Sefton's Employment Land & Premises Study

2.28 The joint Employment Land & Premises Study made an assessment of all sites submitted through Sefton's 'Call for Sites' exercise that were currently or last in employment use. Where the Study has indicated that the site should not be retained for employment purposes, other uses may be considered. The analysis of sites that were submitted as part of the Call for Sites can be found at appendix 35 of the Study, which can be viewed at http://www.sefton.gov.uk/elps.

### Proposals for economic development uses

- 2.29 Proposals for wider 'economic development' uses on employment land will usually be considered acceptable in principle (with the exception of town centre uses). PPS4 defines 'economic development' as development that:
  - · provides employment opportunities
  - · generates wealth or
  - produces or generates an economic output or product
- 2.30 This definition specifically excludes housing development.

#### Larger sites with very low employment outputs

- 2.31 Where an operational site above 0.4 ha accommodates fewer than 10 jobs, and where a subsequent intensification would give rise to potential residential amenity and/or access issues, the Council may consider that greater planning benefit is secured by allowing the site to be redeveloped for other uses.
- 2.32 Alternatively, where sites are proposed that are partially used for employment purposes, other uses may be permitted where:
  - The employment use occupies a small part of the wider site, typically less than 25%, and;
  - Any loss of jobs would be minimal.

#### Re-conversion of former houses

2.33 Where employment uses take place in converted buildings that were originally used as houses, proposals to re-convert such properties back into housing will usually be considered acceptable in principle.

### Employment uses that share a significant party wall with an existing dwelling

2.34 Where a building in employment use shares a party wall with an existing dwelling, and its reuse for employment purposes could harm residential amenity, conversion to residential use will usually be considered acceptable in principle.

#### **Additional Considerations / Potential Constraints**

### Sites with planning permission for non-employment uses

2.35 Where a site has previously been granted planning permission for a non-employment use, but this permission has subsequently expired, little weight will be attached to the expired permission in determining a new proposal.

#### **Contaminated land**

2.36 Given the historic uses of many of the employment sites in Sefton, contamination could potentially be an issue. The Council's Contaminated Land Team should be consulted on proposals where appropriate.

#### Flood Risk

2.37 Development proposals for some sites could be affected by flood risk. Applicants should refer to Sefton's Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) web-pages (see http://www.sefton.gov.uk/sfra), where flood risk maps are available to download. It is also recommended that developers speak to Council Officers, and where appropriate Officers at the Environment Agency, at an early stage prior to submitting a planning application. In some cases site Flood Risk Assessments will be required. Relevant contact details can be found at chapter 7.

### 3 Additional Criteria Applicable to Proposals in North Sefton

3.1 In addition to the considerations outlined in section 2, the following criteria will be taken into account in considering proposals in North Sefton. These additional criteria reflect the competing land needs that are experienced in the North of the Borough.

(insert map of North Sefton)

### **Shortage of Employment land in North Sefton**

- 3.2 There is a greater shortage of employment land in North Sefton than in the rest of the Borough. Only 24% of the industrial areas in Sefton are in Southport and Formby, which account for 41.5% of the Borough's population. There are also no obvious new sites to allocate for employment development in the area. The number 'backland' and other employment sites therefore perform an important role in the local economy, as is recognised by the Employment Land & Premises Study.
- 3.3 Accordingly, a more cautious approach will be taken to loss of sites currently or last in employment uses in North Sefton. Clear justification against one of the 16 criteria set out above will be required, with limited scope for flexibility beyond this.

### 4 Additional Criteria Applicable to Proposals in South Sefton

4.1 In addition to the considerations outlined in section 2, the following criteria will also be applied to proposals in South Sefton.

(insert map of South Sefton)

4.2 Whilst the joint Employment Land & Premises Study identified a shortfall of employment opportunities across the Borough, the shortage in South Sefton is less severe than in the North. Accordingly, this section sets out the following additional considerations that may justify development for non-employment uses in South Sefton.

### Proposals that secure a regeneration benefit

- 4.3 Significant areas of South Sefton experience high levels of deprivation. The highest concentrations (according to the 2007 Indices of Multiple Deprivation [IMD]) occur in the settlements of Bootle, Litherland, Netherton and Seaforth.
- 4.4 Given the high concentrations of deprivation in these areas, proposals for non-employment uses that demonstrate significant regeneration benefits may be considered acceptable. In order to meet this criterion, proposals will be located in Super Output Areas (SOAs)<sup>9</sup> identified in the most recent IMD as amongst the 20% most deprived nationally.
- 4.5 The regeneration benefits of a scheme may be wide-ranging, and it is the responsibility of the applicant to set out these benefits to support their proposal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> SOAs are small geographical areas used for the gathering of neighbourhood level information.

### 5 Marketing Requirements

- 5.1 This section sets out the marketing requirements that need to be met in order to demonstrate lack of demand for continuing employment uses on a particular site.
- 5.2 Developers / prospective applicants will need to provide evidence that an appropriate marketing exercise has been undertaken. This should take the form of a formal marketing submission, to be undertaken by a qualified professional valuer. As part of this, the site should be marketed at a realistic price / rent for a period of not less than 2 years. For larger sites (over 0.4 ha) marketing should include an exploration of the possibility of sub-division into smaller plots / units. Where a property is marketed for rent, the Council will need to be clear that an apparent lack of demand is not a result of unreasonable terms and / or conditions, etc.
- 5.3 The marketing exercise should include continuous advertisement on the agent's website and the agents own papers and lists of commercial/business premises (if applicable). Additionally, there should be continuous advertisement on site by way of an agent's advertisement board on each frontage to the highway. Where appropriate, marketing should also include advertisements in the relevant professional/technical and local press.
- 5.4 Evidence relating to site marketing should be incorporated as part of any planning application. This should include:
  - Evidence of 2 years of active and continuous marketing. This should include the asking price / rent quoted, as well as the extent of the advertising / marketing that took place. Copies of any adverts placed should also be included in the application.
  - A record of all expressions of interest and offers received. This should include
    the reasons for the rejection of any offers, and the reasons given where an
    initial interest was not followed up. Where appropriate, applicants will be
    permitted to submit commercially sensitive information on a confidential basis.
  - Evidence of engagement with the Council's InvestSefton Team throughout the marketing period. Our InvestSefton Team have extensive links with local businesses and will be happy to assist in finding alternative purchasers / tenants for sites.
- 5.5 Marketing submissions will be referred to the Council's InvestSefton Team for assessment. In assessing the marketing exercise, it will be expected that the extent/appropriateness of any advertising undertaken is proportionate to the size, prominence, and importance of the site.
- 5.6 In all instances, the Council will need to be satisfied that the apparent lack of demand for, or vacancy of, a site has not been wilfully engineered by the applicant. This could be by virtue of the factors mention in para 5.2 (above), or other factors that may artificially inhibit demand.

### **6 Background Documents**

### **National Level**

- Planning Policy Statement Note 4 'Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth' (December 2009)
- Planning Policy Statement 3 'Housing' (June 2010)
- Planning Policy Guidance Note 13 'Transport' (March 2001)

### **Local Level**

- Sefton Unitary Development Plan (June 2006)
- Joint Employment Land & Premises Study (January 2010)
- Sefton Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (February 2010)
- Sefton Strategic Housing Market Assessment (June 2009)

### 7 Relevant Contacts

**Development Management Team: 0151 934 2207**For planning applications and pre-application advice

Strategic Planning & Information Team: 0151 934 3555

For information relating to this policy document

InvestSefton: 0151 934 3444

For information relating to marketing exercises

**Local Planning Team: 0151 934 3560**For information on Flood Risk issues

Contaminated Land Team: 0151 934 4030

For information relating to land contamination and remediation

### Appendix 1 – Sustainability Appraisal

|     | Sustainability Appraisal Framework                        |                                 |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------|----------|--|--|--|--|
|     | cument/Action Appraised: draft 'Sat                       |                                 |                    | j Emp   | loyme    | nt Land' SPD                                       |  |  |  |
|     | Department: Planning & Economic Development               |                                 |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
|     | npleted by: Tom Hatfield                                  |                                 |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
| Dat | e: 25-08-2010   |                                 |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
|     | Sustainability objective                                  |                                 | So                 | ore     |          | Comment  |  |  |  |
|     | More and successful businesses                            | $\odot$                         |                    |         |          | The draft SPD will help to ensure                  |  |  |  |
|     | Will it improve the competitiveness                       | _                               | l pro              | ductiv  | ib, of   | that there are a varied supply of                  |  |  |  |
| 1   | business, help increase the number                        | premises available for local    |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
| -   | businesses and help to safeguard                          |                                 |                    |         |          | businesses, and will not prevent                   |  |  |  |
|     | providing opportunities for future expansion              | future expansion or relocation. |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
|     | Keeping local jobs and less                               |                                 | OI TEIC            | Cation  | 1:       | The draft SPD will help to ensure                  |  |  |  |
|     | unemployment  | $\odot$                         |                    |         |          | the retention of local businesses                  |  |  |  |
| 2   | Will it help maintain high and stable                     | lovol                           | of o               | mnlov   | mont     | and employment.                                    |  |  |  |
| _   | increase employment opportunities                         |                                 |                    |         | -        | and employment.                                    |  |  |  |
|     | unemployment?   | anu i                           | euuce              | : 10110 | y-terrii |  |  |  |  |
|     | Thriving town and local centres                           | <u> </u>                        |                    |         |          | The draft SPD contains a                           |  |  |  |
|     | Thirting town and local centres                           | $\odot$                         |                    |         |          | provision to allow the                             |  |  |  |
| 3   | Will it enhance the vitality and viab                     | ility o                         | f tow              | n and   | l local  | redevelopment of employment                        |  |  |  |
|     | centres?  | sites within town centres for   |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
|     |   |                                 |                    |         |          | appropriate town centre uses                       |  |  |  |
|     | Sefton as a great place to live,                          |                                 |                    | (3)     |          | Some less visually attractive                      |  |  |  |
|     | relax, work, and do business                              |                                 |                    | 0       |          | premises would be retained by                      |  |  |  |
| 4   | Will it help develop and market the ima                   | place                           | virtue of this SPD |         |          |  |  |  |  |
|     | to live, work, visit, enjoy and investigation             | st in,                          | and                | for le  | eisure,  |  |  |  |  |
|     | recreation and tourism?                                   |                                 |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
|     | Better access to services                                 | $\odot$                         |                    |         |          | Retention of local jobs and                        |  |  |  |
| 5   | Will it improve local accessibility of                    | goo                             | ds, pe             | eople,  | jobs,    | services encouraged by the SPD                     |  |  |  |
|     | services and amenities, including pu                      | open                            |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
|     | space?  | ı                               | 1                  | 1       |          |  |  |  |  |
|     | Good, affordable housing                                  | $\odot$                         |                    |         |          | The draft SPD allows for schemes that provide 100% |  |  |  |
|     | Will it provide good quality, affordable                  | e and                           | resou              | rce ef  | ficient  | affordable housing to come                         |  |  |  |
| 6   | housing, and help meet an identifie                       | d loca                          | al hou             | using   | needs    | forward. Proposals for a level of                  |  |  |  |
|     | (including renewal of the existing how                    |                                 |                    |         |          | affordable housing above the                       |  |  |  |
|     | 5   | narket                          | s an               | d pro   | viding   | current policy requirement would                   |  |  |  |
|     | housing choice)?  |                                 |                    |         |          | also be given additional weight.                   |  |  |  |
|     | Quality new development                                   |                                 | <u></u>            |         |          | No major impact                                    |  |  |  |
| 7   |   |                                 |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
| -   | Will it help promote good design in d                     |                                 |                    | , resp  | ecting   |  |  |  |  |
|     | local character and adding local distinct                 | tivene                          | ss?                | 1       |          |  |  |  |  |
|     | Reducing use of natural                                   |                                 | <u></u>            |         |          | No major impact                                    |  |  |  |
|     | resources   |                                 |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
| 8   | Will it ensure energy, water and mine                     |                                 |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
|     | prudently and efficiently and increase renewable sources? | energ                           | y gen              | erated  | ıırom    |  |  |  |  |
|     | Less rubbish and more recycling                           |                                 |                    |         | N1/A     | Not applicable                                     |  |  |  |
|     |   |                                 |                    |         | N/A      |  |  |  |  |
| 9   | Will it minimise the production of was                    | te and                          | d incre            | ease r  | e-use,   |  |  |  |  |
|     | recycling and recovery rates?                             |                                 |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |
|     |   |                                 |                    |         |          |  |  |  |  |

|    | Good water quality  |          |            |          | N/A                             | Not applicable  |  |  |
|----|---|----------|------------|----------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 10 | Will it help protect, improve and where necessary, restore the  |          |            |          |                                 |   |  |  |
|    | quality of groundwater, inland, estuarir  |          |            |          |                                 |   |  |  |
|    | Good air quality  |          | <u>(:)</u> |          |                                 | No major impact   |  |  |
| 11 | Will it protect, and where necessary, in  | nrove    |            | air aı   | ıality2                         |   |  |  |
|    | Restoring and keeping land  | ipiove   | local      | an qu    |                                 | Not applicable  |  |  |
|    | quality   |          |            |          | N/A                             | то оприменения  |  |  |
|    | Will it protect, manage and restore   | land     | and        | soil q   | uality,                         |   |  |  |
| 12 | including best and most versatile agric   |          |            |          |                                 |   |  |  |
|    | reclaim derelict land, and develop  |          |            |          |                                 |   |  |  |
|    | buildings and so minimise developme<br>and urban greenspaces?   | ent or   | n gre      | enrieid  | sites                           |   |  |  |
|    | More walking, cycling and use of  |          |            |          |                                 | Retention of local jobs and                                   |  |  |
| 13 | public transport  | $\odot$  |            |          |                                 | services will help to reduce the                              |  |  |
| 13 | Will it help reduce the need to travel a  | and im   | prove      | choic    | e and                           | need to travel  |  |  |
|    | use of more sustainable transport mod   | es?      |            | T        |                                 |   |  |  |
|    | Improving <i>your</i> environment   |          | $\odot$    |          |                                 | Neutral impact. Where employment premises generate            |  |  |
| 14 | Will it help protect, manage and, where necessary, improve  |          |            |          | amenity issues then alternative |   |  |  |
|    | local environmental quality including   |          | ffiti,     | litter,  | noise                           | uses will be positively                                       |  |  |
|    | issues, and to improve tree cover in Se   | fton?    |            | 1        |                                 | considered.   |  |  |
|    | Dealing with climate change   |          |            |          | N/A                             | Not applicable  |  |  |
| 15 | Will it help to mitigate and adapt to cli   | imata    | chand      | inc      | ludina                          |   |  |  |
|    | flood risk?   | imate    | Criario    | je, iiic | luuliig                         |   |  |  |
|    | Conserving nature - rare and  |          |            |          |                                 | Not applicable  |  |  |
|    | special plants, animals and the   |          |            |          | N/A                             |   |  |  |
| 16 | places where they live  | a bia    | امان ده    | -i       | رياطانده                        |   |  |  |
|    | Will it protect, enhance and manage potential, the viability of endangered  |          |            |          |                                 |   |  |  |
|    | sites of geological importance?   | spec     | .ics, i    | ιαυπατ   | .s and                          |   |  |  |
|    | Caring for Sefton's buildings and   | <b>©</b> |            |          |                                 | The draft SPD contains a                                      |  |  |
|    | heritage  |          |            |          |                                 | provision to allow the  |  |  |
| 17 | Will it protect, enhance, manage  |          |            | _        | e the                           | redevelopment of employment sites where this would involve    |  |  |
|    | adaptation and re-use of Sefton's rich diversity of cultural, built environment and archaeological assets?                                |          |            |          |                                 | the preservation / restoration of a                           |  |  |
|    | built environment and archaeological as   | 33013:   |            |          |                                 | historic building   |  |  |
|    | Caring for the landscape  |          |            |          | N/A                             | Not applicable  |  |  |
| 18 | Will it protect, enhance and manage   | e land   | dscape     | e cha    | racter,                         |   |  |  |
|    | quality and accessibility, including  | its hi   | storic     | , biol   | ogical,                         |   |  |  |
|    | geological and landscape features?  |          |            |          |                                 | The dreft ODD will be a first                                 |  |  |
|    | Reducing inequalities and increasing opportunities for  | $\odot$  |            |          |                                 | The draft SPD will ensure that local employment opportunities |  |  |
|    | everyone opportunities for  |          |            |          |                                 | are retained.   |  |  |
| 19 | Will it help reduce poverty and social  | depri    | vation     | and      | secure                          |   |  |  |
|    | economic inclusion, and improve equity and equality of opportunity in relation to housing, employment, community facilities and services? |          |            | rtunity  |                                 |   |  |  |
|    |   |          |            | s and    |                                 |   |  |  |
| 20 | A safer Sefton, with less crime   |          | <u></u>    |          |                                 | Neutral impact  |  |  |
| 20 | 11 031 01 001 001111  |          |            |          |                                 |   |  |  |

|    | Will it help improve safety and reduce crime, disorder and fear of crime?                                     |        |         |         |                |                |
|----|---|--------|---------|---------|----------------|----------------|
| 21 | Better health for everyone  |        | <u></u> |         |                | Neutral impact |
|    | Will it help improve health and reduce  | health | inequ   | alities | ?              |                |
|    | Better education and training   |        |         |         | Neutral impact |                |
| 22 | Will help improve educational attainment, training and opportunities for lifelong learning and employability? |        |         |         | and            |                |
|    | Community involvement & a fair and robust society   |        |         |         | N/A            | Not applicable |
| 23 |   |        |         |         | -              |                |

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Committee: Planning

Date of Meeting: 15 September 2010

Title of Report: Works in default within Linacre One HMRI area.

Report of: Andy Wallis

Planning and Economic Regeneration Director

Contact Officer: Mr J E Alford Telephone 0151 934 3544
Case Officer: Mr A Lynch Telephone 0151 934 3571

| This report contains  | Yes      | No       |
|---|----------|----------|
| Confidential information  |          | <b>✓</b> |
| Exempt information by virtue of paragraph(s) of Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act 1972 |          | ✓        |
| Is the decision on this report DELEGATED?   | <b>✓</b> |          |

Purpose of Report: To seek authority to carry out works in default in respect of non compliance with a notice under the terms of Section 215 of the Town & Country Planning Act 1990 to the following property within the Linacre One HMRI area: 86-90 Linacre Road, Litherland.

Recommendation(s): That the Planning and Economic Regeneration Director be authorised to execute the works required by the Section 215 notices in respect of the property at 39 Ursula Street, Bootle, pursuant to Section 219 of the Town & Country Planning Act 1990, subject to the necessary funding being provided by Neighbourhood Initiative Funding.

### **Corporate Objective Monitoring**

| Co | Corporate Objective                         |   | Impact  |          |  |
|----|---|---|---------|----------|--|
|    |   |   | Neutral | Negative |  |
| 1  | Creating A Learning Community               |   | ✓       |          |  |
| 2  | Creating Safe Communities                   |   | ✓       |          |  |
| 3  | Jobs & Prosperity                           |   | ✓       |          |  |
| 4  | Improving Health & Well Being               | ✓ |         |          |  |
| 5  | Environmental Sustainability                | ✓ |         |          |  |
| 6  | Creating Inclusive Communities              |   | ✓       |          |  |
| 7  | Improving The Quality Of Council Services & |   | ✓       |          |  |
|    | Strengthening Local Democracy               |   |         |          |  |
| 8  | Children & Young People                     |   | ✓       |          |  |

### **Financial Implications**

**Officer Time** 

Departments consulted in the preparation of this Report

None

List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

The notice referred to.

### Introduction.

The approval of the committee is required for action to be taken under Section 219 of the Town & Country Planning Act 1990 by way of works in default to be undertaken by the council.

#### **Current situation.**

86-90 Linacre Road are vacant mid-terraced commercial units with residential accommodation above situated within a primarily residential area and also within the Linacre One HMRI area. The properties have remained long term vacant and derelict. Their appearance and condition is having an adverse and detrimental impact on visual amenities of nearby residents.

It has not been possible to identify the owner(s) as the details provided to Land Registry do not exist. Owing to this it has not been possible to request work to be carried out to improve the appearance of the property by carrying out remedial works. As a result Section 215 Notices was issued on 28th July 2010 and served on the property the same day. The compliance period ends on 9th September 2010.

The requirements of Section 215 Notice are: Clear rear yard(s) of all waste materials and overgrowth. Secure door to rear yard. All insecure openings to the rear of the property at ground floor level to be made secure with galvanised sheeting. Repair/replace rainwater goods to front and rear elevations. Remove all vegetation growing on front elevation and rear elevation. Board over all front elevation first & second floor windows with exterior grade boarding. Paint boarding to windows at front elevation first & second floors with one coat of exterior grade under coat and two coats of exterior grade cream coloured gloss paint. Replace weathered facia panels at front elevation in like for like design with exterior grade timber. Paint boarding to facia panels at front elevation with one coat of exterior grade under coat and two coats of exterior grade dark blue coloured gloss paint. Shutters to front elevation to be cleaned and prepared, then painted with one coat of exterior grade under coat and two coats of exterior grade dark blue coloured gloss paint. Concrete lintels to all windows at front elevation to be cleaned and prepared, then painted with one coat of exterior grade under coat and two coats of exterior grade dark blue coloured gloss paint. Redundant advert panel fixed to the front elevation first & second floors to be cleaned and prepared, then painted with one coat of exterior grade under coat and two coats of exterior grade dark blue coloured gloss paint. Leave the land in a clean and tidy condition. Leave the property secure.

A site inspection is due to take place on 9th September 2010 when it is expected to reveal that no remedial works have been undertaken to comply with the requirements of the Section 215 Notice by the owner(s) of the property, namely, 86-90 Linacre Road, Litherland property continues to deteriorate.

#### Comments.

In the absence of any communication whatsoever with the owner it is reasonable to conclude that it is not possible to undertake any legal proceedings that would bring about a satisfactory conclusion to the matter. None the less, the HMRI includes a commitment to ensuring that improvements are carried out to buildings and land within the Linacre One area.

The council are empowered by virtue of Section 219 of the Planning Act to carry out works in de-fault and recover the costs of doing so from the owners.

Financial funding to carry out remedial works is available and can be provided by Neighbourhood funding. Estimates have been sought from authorised contractors and the cost for the remedial works will be in the region of £5,865.00

Furthermore, it is considered expedient and pragmatic to make use of the set aside funding, which is available to be used to undertake outstanding remedial works as specified in the requirements of the section 215 notices to the above property as a matter of urgency.

The funding, which I understand is only available for the current financial year, has been set aside as a contingency for such matters.

It is important, in the short term to ensure that any long-term vacant properties such as the above are effectively secured and refurbished in such a manner that will provide a more aesthetically pleasing appearance.

Consequently, it is considered appropriate that resources and funding provided can be used to remedy the above breach of planning control.

### Recommendation.

That the Planning and Economic Regeneration Director be authorised to execute the works required by the Section 215 Notice in respect of the property at 86-90 Linacre Road, Litherland pursuant to Section 219 of the Town & Country Planning Act 1990, subject to the necessary funding being provided by the HMRI Fund.

Committee: **PLANNING** 

15<sup>th</sup> September 2010 **Date Of Meeting:** 

**TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990 APPEALS** Title of Report:

Report of: A Wallis Planning and Economic Regeneration Director

Case Officer: Telephone 0151 934 4616

| This report contains  | Yes      | No       |
|---|----------|----------|
| Confidential information  |          | ✓        |
| Exempt information by virtue of paragraph(s) of Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act 1972 |          | <b>✓</b> |
| Is the decision on this report DELEGATED?   | <b>✓</b> |          |

### **Purpose of Report:**

To advise Members of the current situation with regard to appeals. Attached is a list of new appeals, enforcement appeals, developments on existing appeals and copies of appeal decisions received from the Planning Inspectorate.

### Recommendation(s):

That the contents of this report be noted.

### **Corporate Objective Monitoring**

|    | Corporate Objective                         |  | Impact |        |  |
|----|---|--|--------|--------|--|
| Co |   |  | Neutra | Negati |  |
|    |   |  | 1      | ve     |  |
| 1  | Creating A Learning Community               |  | ✓      |        |  |
| 2  | Creating Safe Communities                   |  | ✓      |        |  |
| 3  | Jobs & Prosperity                           |  | ✓      |        |  |
| 4  | Improving Health & Well Being               |  | ✓      |        |  |
| 5  | Environmental Sustainability                |  | ✓      |        |  |
| 6  | Creating Inclusive Communities              |  | ✓      |        |  |
| 7  | Improving The Quality Of Council Services & |  | ✓      |        |  |
|    | Strengthening Local Democracy               |  |        |        |  |

### **Financial Implications**

None.

Departments consulted in the preparation of this Report

List of Background Papers relied upon in the preparation of this report

Correspondence received from the Planning Inspectorate.

## Agenda Itempetats Received and Decisions Made

From 05 August 2010 to 01 September 2010

### **Decisions**

17 Silver Birch Way, Lydiate

S/2010/0536 - APP/M4320/D/10/2131328

Alterations to the roof to form a gable to the side and erection of dormer extensions to the front and rear of the dwellinghouse

Appeal Type:

Written

Lodged Date:

02/07/2010

Decision:

Allowed

**Decision Date:** 

09/08/2010

### **New Appeals**

The Walnut Tree 19 Orrell Road, Bootle

S/2010/0464 - APP/M4320/A/10/2133574/NWF

conversion of the existing public house into 1 dwelling on the ground floor and 2 self-contained apartments to the first floor, including storage and parking of commercial vehicles in the car park area to the side and new boundary walls and access gates to the front/side

Appeal Type:

Written

**Lodged Date:** 

09/08/2010

Decision:

PENDING

**Decision Date:** 

09/08/2010

### **New Appeals (Enforcement Appeals)**

2 Johnson Street, Southport

2133513 - CLB/ENF0379

Domestic - balcony

Appeal Type:

Written

**Lodged Date:** 

20/08/2010

**Decision:** 

**Decision Date:** 

### <del>Agenda Item </del>10



### **Appeal Decision**

Site visit made on 27 July 2010

by D A Hainsworth LL.B(Hons) FRSA Solicitor

an Inspector appointed by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government

The Planning Inspectorate 4/11 Eagle Wing Temple Quay House 2 The Square Temple Quay Bristol BS1 6PN

☎ 0117 372 6372 email:enquiries@pins.gsi.

Decision date: 9 August 2010

### Appeal Ref: APP/M4320/D/10/2131328 17 Silver Birch Way, Lydiate, Merseyside L31 4DT

- The appeal is made by Anthony Johnson under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 against a refusal by Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council to grant planning permission.
- The application Ref S/2010/0536, dated 27 April 2010, was refused by notice dated 1 June 2010.
- The development proposed is a loft conversion with front and rear dormers and alterations to the roof to form a side gable.

#### **Decision**

- I allow the appeal and grant planning permission for a loft conversion with front and rear dormers and alterations to the roof to form a side gable at 17 Silver Birch Way, Lydiate, Merseyside L31 4DT in accordance with the application Ref S/2010/0536 dated 27 April 2010 and the plans submitted therewith, subject to the following conditions: -
  - 1. The development shall begin not later than 3 years from the date of this decision.
  - 2. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plans, Nos GD 01, GD 02, Roof Plan and Site Plan.
  - 3. The materials used in the construction of the external surfaces of the development shall match those used in the existing building.

### Reasons for the decision

- 2. The main issue is the effect the development would have on the appearance of the bungalow and its surroundings.
- 3. The bungalow has a hipped main roof, a single-storey rear extension with a flat roof and a hipped-roofed conservatory beyond the extension. The proposed development involves the construction of a hip-to-gable extension to the main roof, a flat-roofed rear dormer and a front dormer with a pitched roof.
- 4. Policy MD1 of the Sefton Unitary Development Plan deals generally with all house extensions. Pages 13 to 14 of the Council's House Extensions guidance contain specific advice about dormer extensions.
- 5. The bullet points on page 13 set out seven specific guidelines applicable to the rear dormer. It would comply with the first, third, fifth and last of these. The second indicates that it should be set back 1m behind the main rear wall; the fourth is an observation that two dormers may be better than one large one

- and the sixth indicates that the dormer's windows should complement existing windows. These three guidelines have little application to the situation here, where the original rear wall has been removed and the extension and the conservatory have been added with their own patterns of roof and fenestration.
- 6. The seven guidelines also apply to the front dormer. In addition, there is a specific section dealing with front dormers, accompanied by illustrations. This indicates that their scale and design should not harm the appearance of the property or the street scene and that generally they should not normally take up more than one third of the roof area. The 'Main Aims' section indicates that the existence of other front dormers in the street and area will be significant.
- 7. The front dormer would comply with the first, second, third, fifth and last of the guidelines. As to the fourth, the effect on the appearance of the house and its surroundings would be little different if two smaller front dormers were built. Compliance with the sixth is not practicable, since the existing fenestration at the front consists of a bay window on one side and a small window next to the door on the other side.
- 8. There are other front dormers in Silver Birch Way and in the wider area. At my visit, I saw front dormers at 3, 5, 21, 35 & 62 Silver Birch Way, 12 Birchfield Way and 12, 20, 22, 24 & 26 Pilling Lane. They vary in size and style. Most of them appeared to be additions to the original properties.
- 9. The front dormer proposed in this appeal would take up only slightly more than one third of the roof area and its size and design would be in keeping with others I saw. It would meet the guidelines' overall objective of minimising the effect on the appearance of the property and the street scene.
- 10. Criteria (a) and (b) of Policy MD1 of the Unitary Development Plan set exacting standards for house extensions, by requiring them to be of a minor size, scale and mass and to have a design and appearance that harmonises with the existing dwelling. However, the Plan states that the House Extensions guidance provides advice about these matters and that Policy MD1 will be implemented with particular reference to the guidance. The development proposed would be in conformity with the salient parts of the guidance and it is reasonable to conclude therefore that it would not conflict with the policy.
- 11. For the reasons given, I conclude that the impact of the development on the appearance of the bungalow and its surroundings would be acceptable. I have therefore allowed the appeal and granted planning permission. The reasons for the conditions I have imposed are 1. standard condition, 2. in the interest of efficient development control and 3. to ensure that the development has a satisfactory appearance.

D.A.Hainsworth

**INSPECTOR**